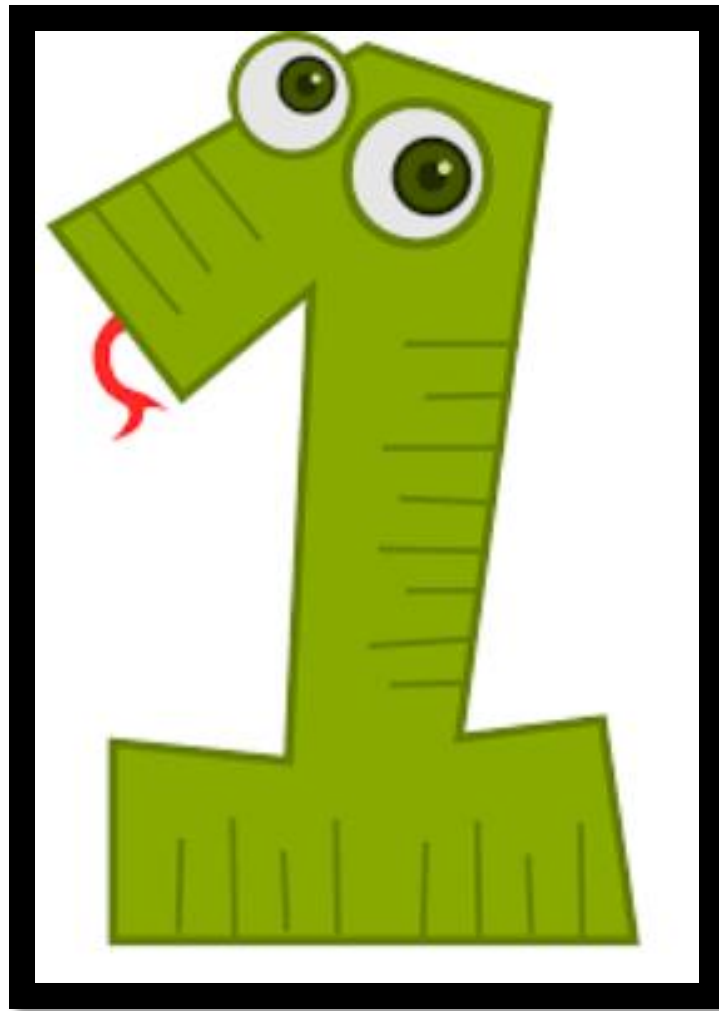


A YEAR OF GRADE 1 Math ASSESSMENTS

Based on Expectations in the Ontario Curriculum



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NUMBER SENSE

&

NUMERATION



1) Place Value

2) Counting Mini Assessments:

- a) 1-1 correspondence
- b) counting by 1's to 100
- c) counting by 2's to 100
- d) counting by 5's to 100
- e) counting by 10's to 100
- f) counting backwards from 20 by 1's, 2's, 5's

3) Money

4) Addition & Subtraction to 10

Grade 1 Place Value Test

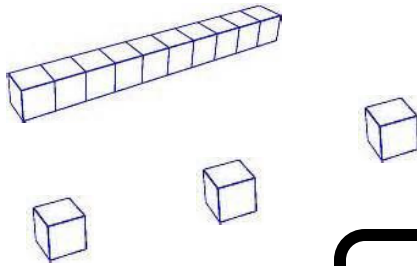
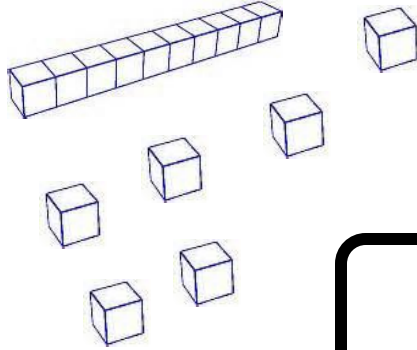
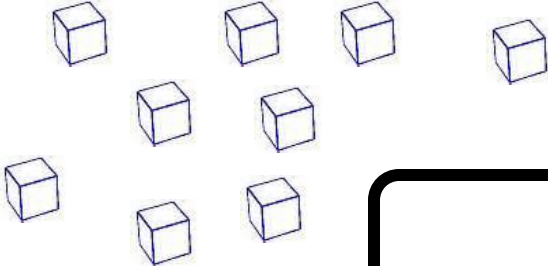
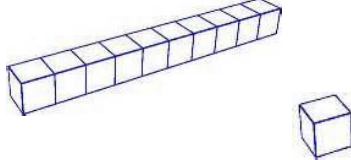
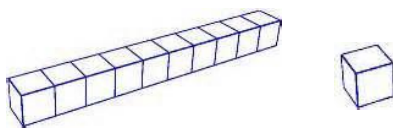
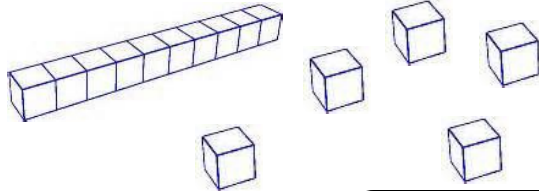
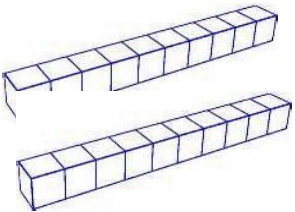
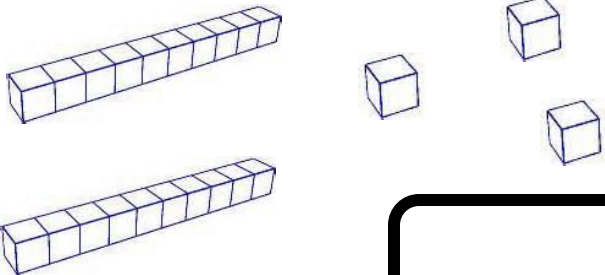
Name: _____



Success Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding -I can count base 10 blocks to see what 2 digit number is represented. -I can draw base 10 blocks to represent a 2-digit number. -I can compare numbers (< > =)	Demonstrates a limited understanding of concepts. Major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts. Few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts. No errors.
Part B Problem Solving -I can represent 2-digit numbers in different ways.	Demonstrates limited problem solving skills – major errors.	Demonstrates some problem solving skills but has several errors.	Demonstrates problem-solving skills – Few errors/some information missing.	Demonstrates effective problem-solving skills. No error.
Part C Communication -I can use math language correctly.	Student has difficulty explaining their mathematical thinking.	Student can describe their mathematical thinking. Some information may be missing or unclear.	Student can effectively describe their mathematical thinking using some math terms correctly.	Student can effectively describe their mathematical thinking using math terms.
Part D Application -I can apply what I have learned to a new context.	Applies knowledge & skills learned with major errors.	Applies knowledge & skills learned with several errors.	Applies knowledge & skills learned with few errors.	Applies knowledge & skills learned with no error.

Part A – Understanding

1. Count to find each number.

 <p>A ten-block (a row of 10 small cubes) and three individual cubes are shown. Below them is a large empty rounded rectangle for the answer.</p>	 <p>A ten-block (a row of 10 small cubes) and seven individual cubes are shown. Below them is a large empty rounded rectangle for the answer.</p>
 <p>Eight individual cubes are scattered. Below them is a large empty rounded rectangle for the answer.</p>	 <p>A ten-block (a row of 10 small cubes) and one individual cube are shown. Below them is a large empty rounded rectangle for the answer.</p>
 <p>A ten-block (a row of 10 small cubes) and one individual cube are shown. Below them is a large empty rounded rectangle for the answer.</p>	 <p>A ten-block (a row of 10 small cubes) and five individual cubes are shown. Below them is a large empty rounded rectangle for the answer.</p>
 <p>Two ten-blocks (two rows of 10 small cubes) are shown. Below them is a large empty rounded rectangle for the answer.</p>	 <p>Two ten-blocks (two rows of 10 small cubes) and three individual cubes are shown. Below them is a large empty rounded rectangle for the answer.</p>

2. Draw to represent each number using base ten blocks.

19	15
7	13
25	32

3. Use $>$, $<$ or $=$ to make each statement true.

a) 14 _____ 18

b) 12 _____ 12

c) 19 _____ 13

d) 23 _____ 13

e) 11 _____ 15

f) $2 + 2$ _____ 4

4. Order the numbers in the box from **least** to **greatest**.

10 17 15 13

5. Order the numbers in the box from **greatest** to **least**.

13 19 16 22

6. What is the value of each underlined digit?

tens ones

a) 17

b) 14

c) 8

Part B – Thinking

1. Draw each number 2 different ways.

16

<p>1st way</p> <p>_____ tens + _____ ones _____ + _____</p>	<p>2nd way</p> <p>_____ tens + _____ ones _____ + _____</p>
---	---

12

<p>1st way</p> <p>_____ tens + _____ ones _____ + _____</p>	<p>2nd way</p> <p>_____ tens + _____ ones _____ + _____</p>
---	---

23

<p>1st way</p> <p>_____ tens + _____ ones _____ + _____</p>	<p>2nd way</p> <p>_____ tens + _____ ones _____ + _____</p>
---	---

2. Use the number chart to help you solve.

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20

a) I am less than 14 but greater than 12. What number am I?

b) I am greater than 3 but less than 6. What numbers am I?

_____, _____

c) I have a 6 in the ones place. What numbers am I?

_____, _____

d) I have 2 tens. What number am I? _____

Part C – Communication

1. Complete each number sentence using the correct symbol. Then explain your thinking.

	<	>	=	
is less than		is greater than		is equal to

a) 15 _____ 12

15 _____ 12

How do you know?

b) 13 _____ 13

13 _____ 13

How do you know?

c) 12 _____ 16

12 _____ 16

How do you know?

art D – Application

1. Fill in the blanks to make each true.

a) _____ > 16

b) 13 > _____

c) 14 < _____

d) 17 = _____

e) _____ < 16

f) 2 + 2 < _____

2. Fill in the blanks to make each true. You may use your hundreds chart.

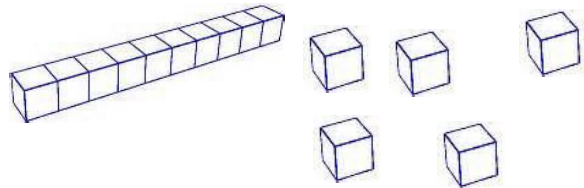
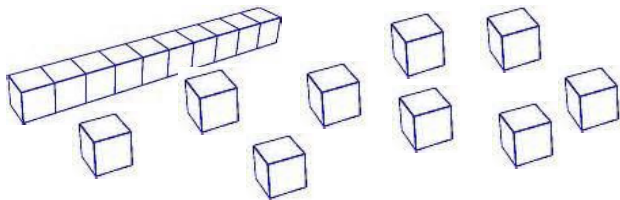
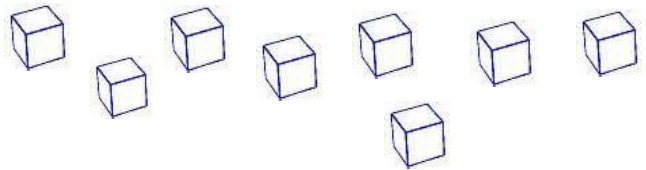
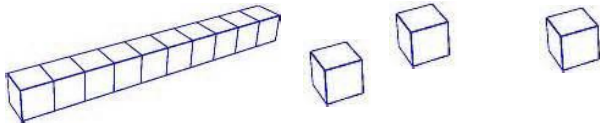
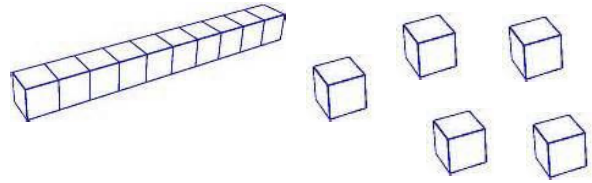
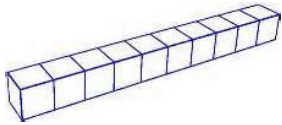
a) 13 < 14 < _____ < 16

b) 17 > 15 > 12 > _____

c) 14 < _____ < 18 < 19

d) 19 > 17 > _____ > 12

3. Find 2 names for each set and glue down. (see next page)



Cut out & glue for question #3. There are 2 labels that match each picture.

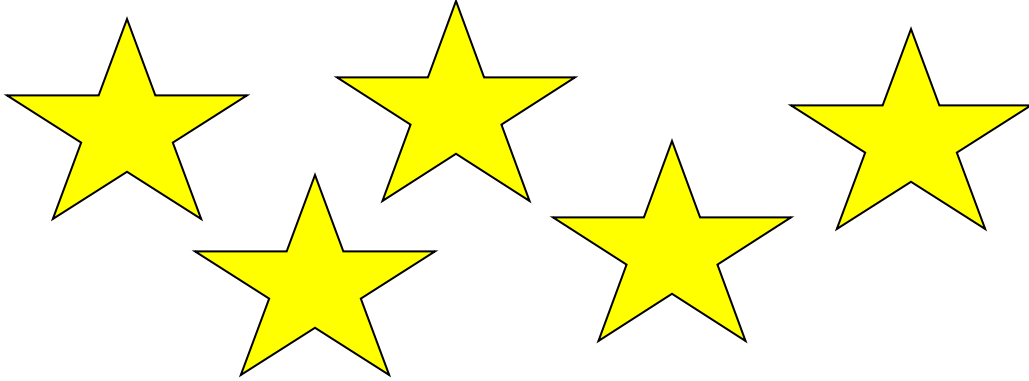
1 ten + 3 ones	0 tens + 8 ones	10 + 9
2 tens + 2 ones	22	1 ten + 0 ones
1 ten + 5 ones	fifteen	10 + 3
10	1 ten + 9 ones	0 + 8

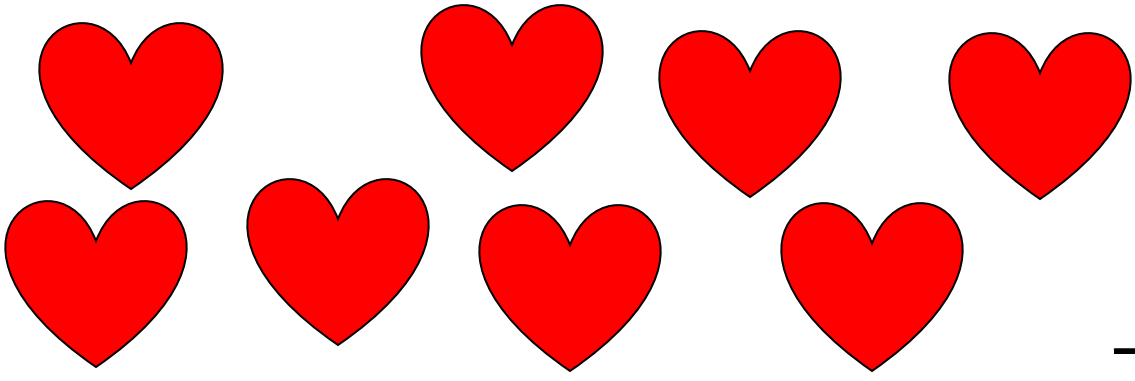
Name: _____

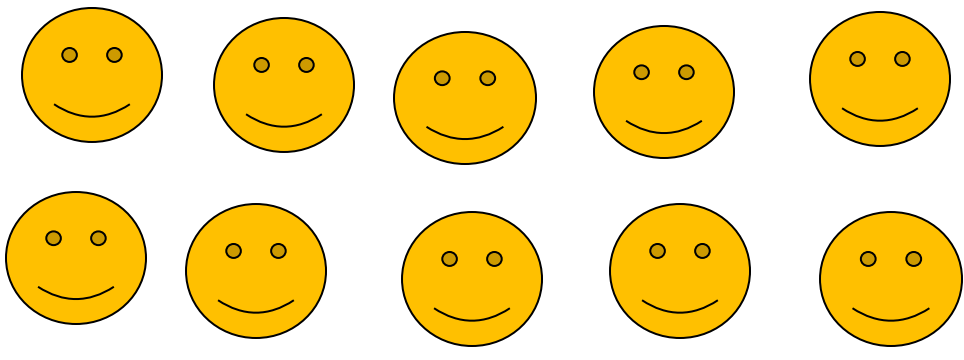
Counting Using 1-1 Correspondence Mini Assessment

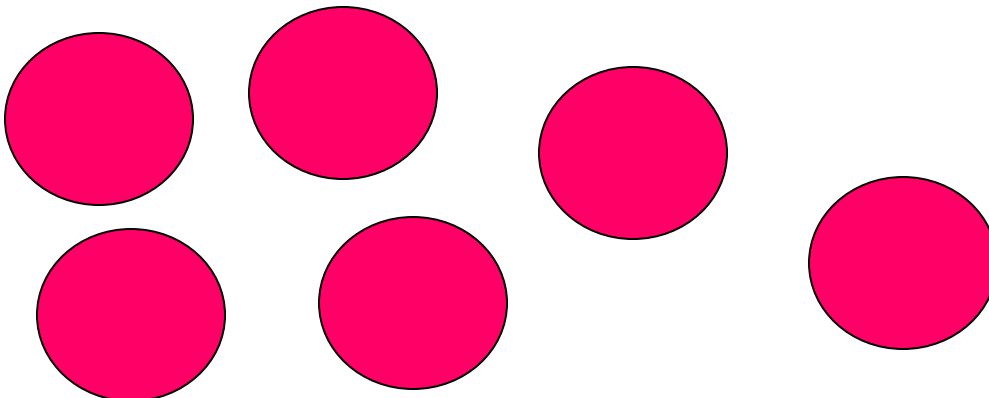
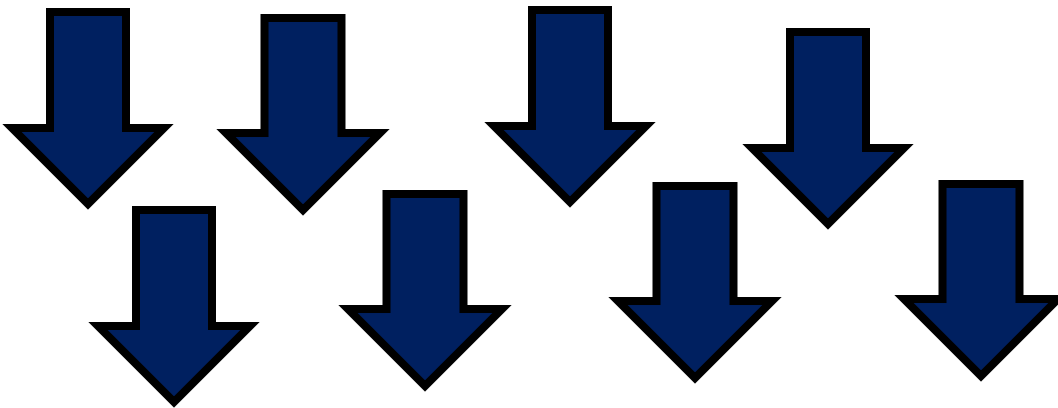
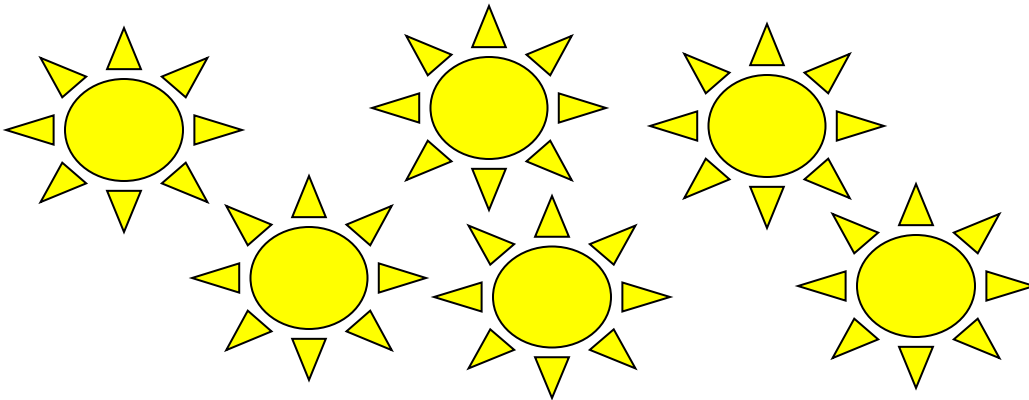
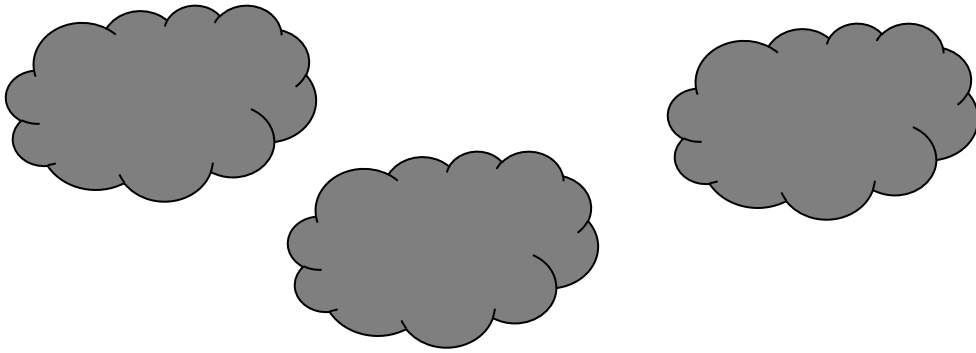
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
objects using 1-1 correspondence with major errors.	objects using 1-1 correspondence with several errors.	objects using 1-1 correspondence with few errors.	Student counts objects using 1-1 correspondence with no errors.

1. Count the objects in each box and print the number on the line.

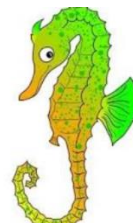
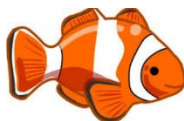
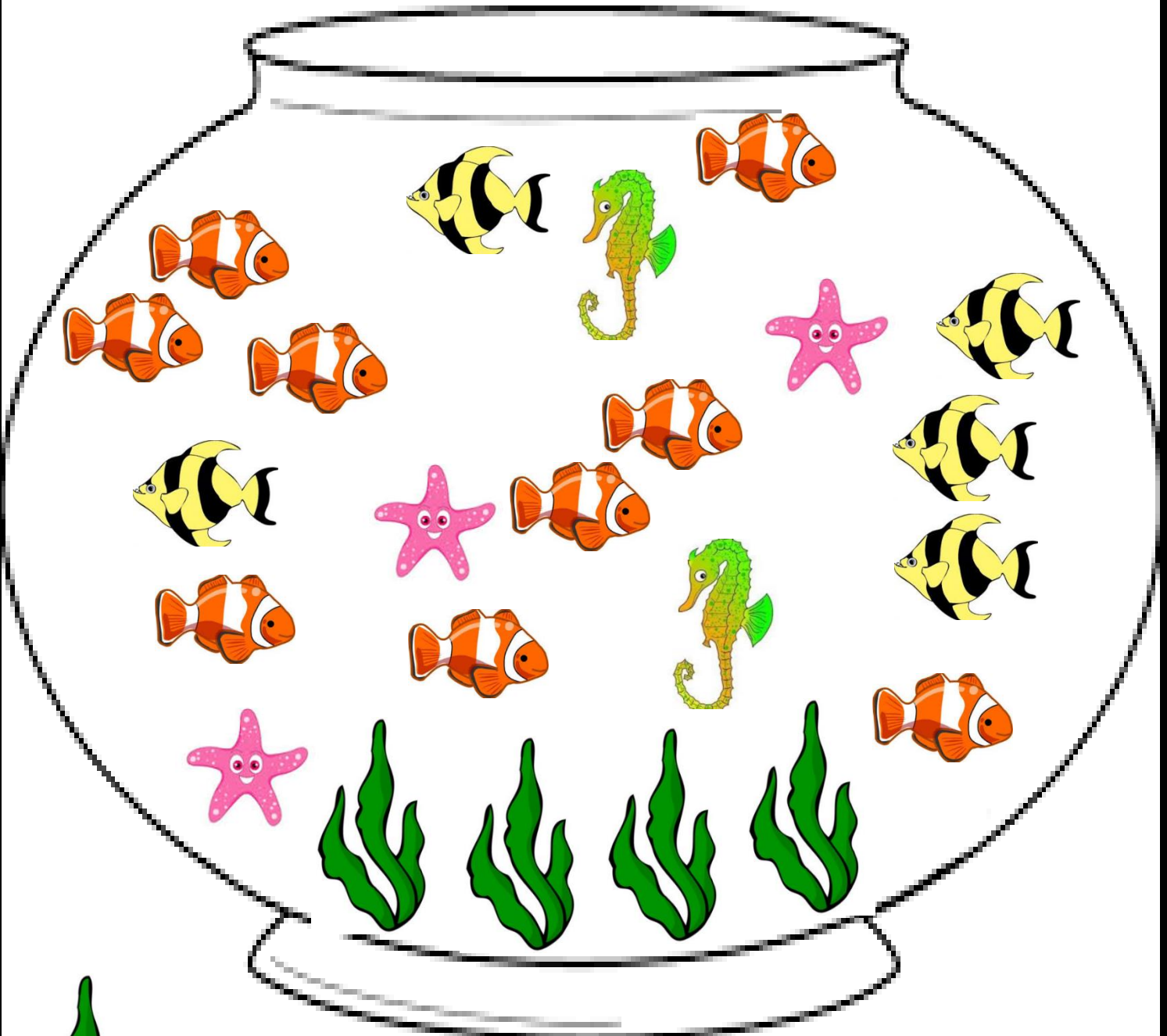








2. Look at the picture and tell how many of each object there is.



3. Draw objects to show each number.

5

7

10

3

8

12

15

4

Counting by 1's to 100

Name: _____

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Student counts by 1's to 100 with major errors.	Student counts by 1's to 100 with several errors.	Student counts by 1's to 100 with few errors.	Student counts by 1's to 100 with no errors.

Student was able to use the hundred's chart when counting. Errors made are indicated on the chart below.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Comments:

Counting by 2's to 100

Name: _____

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Student counts by 2's to 100 with major errors.	Student counts by 2's to 100 with several errors.	Student counts by 2's to 100 with few errors.	Student counts by 2's to 100 with no errors.

Student was able to use the hundred's chart when counting. Errors made are indicated on the chart below.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Comments:

Counting by 5's & 10's to 100

Name: _____

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Student counts by 5's & 10's to 100 with major errors.	Student counts by 5's & 10's to 100 with several errors.	Student counts by 5's & 10's to 100 with few errors.	Student counts by 5's & 10's to 100 with no errors.

Student was able to use the hundred's chart when counting. Errors made are indicated on the chart below.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Comments:

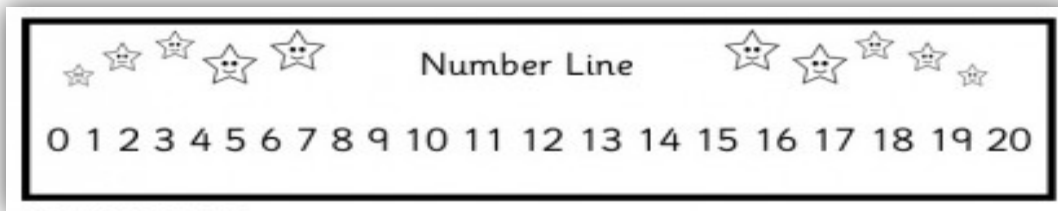
Counting Back from 20 by 1's, 2's, and 5's – With a Number Line

Name: _____

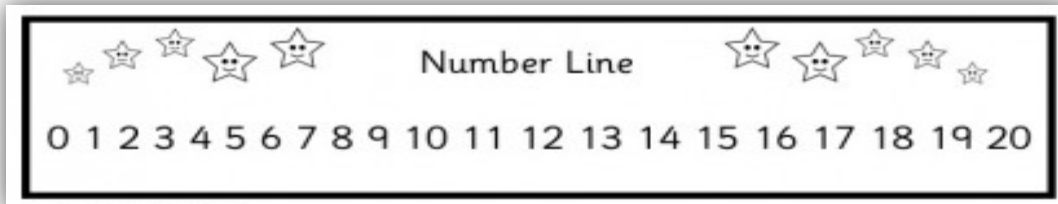
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Counting back by 1's	Counts back from 20 by 1's with a number line – major errors.	Counts back from 20 by 1's with a number line – several errors.	Counts back from 20 by 1's with a number line – few errors.	Counts back from 20 by 1's with a number line – no errors.
Counting back by 2's	Counts back from 20 by 2's with a number line – major errors.	Counts back from 20 by 2's with a number line – several errors.	Counts back from 20 by 2's with a number line – few errors.	Counts back from 20 by 2's with a number line – no errors.
Counting back by 5's	Counts back from 20 by 5's with a number line – major errors.	Counts back from 20 by 5's with a number line – several errors.	Counts back from 20 by 5's with a number line – few errors.	Counts back from 20 by 5's with a number line – no errors.

Errors made indicated on the number lines below:

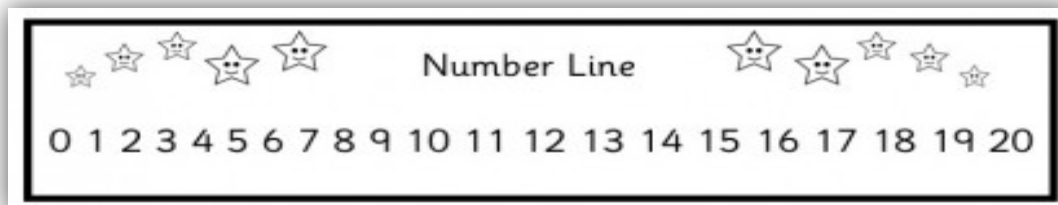
Counting back by 1's



Counting back by 2's



Counting back by 5's



Comments:

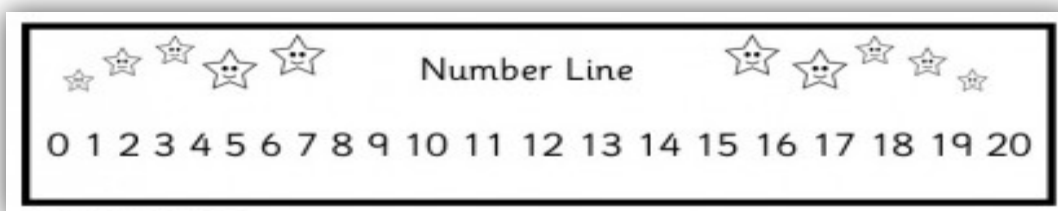
Counting Back from 20 by 1's, 2's, and 5's – Without a Number Line

Name: _____

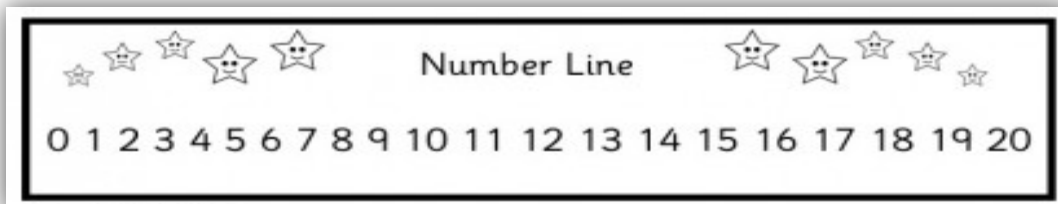
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Counting back by 1's	Counts back from 20 by 1's without a number line – major errors.	Counts back from 20 by 1's without a number line – several errors.	Counts back from 20 by 1's without a number line – few errors.	Counts back from 20 by 1's without a number line – no errors.
Counting back by 2's	Counts back from 20 by 2's without a number line – major errors.	Counts back from 20 by 2's without a number line – several errors.	Counts back from 20 by 2's without a number line – few errors.	Counts back from 20 by 2's without a number line – no errors.
Counting back by 5's	Counts back from 20 by 5's without a number line – major errors.	Counts back from 20 by 5's without a number line – several errors.	Counts back from 20 by 5's without a number line – few errors.	Counts back from 20 by 5's without a number line – no errors.

Errors made indicated on the number lines below:

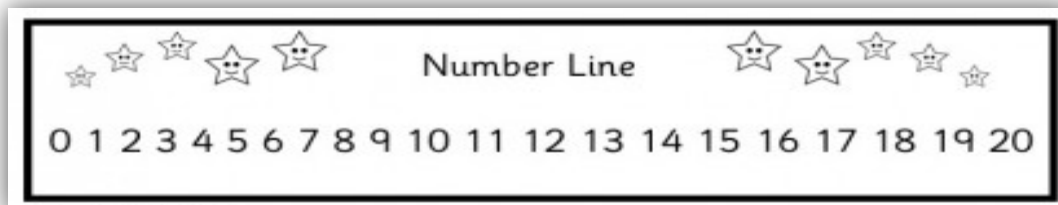
Counting back by 1's



Counting back by 2's



Counting back by 5's



Comments:

Grade 1 Money Assessment

























Name: _____



	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding	Demonstrates limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
Part B Problem Solving	Demonstrates limited problem solving skills – major errors. Student has difficulty showing work.	Demonstrates some problem solving skills. Several errors / information missing.	Demonstrates problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. Few errors / information missing.	Demonstrates effective problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. No error.
Part C Communication	Student is rarely able to explain his/her mathematical thinking.	Student has some difficulty explaining mathematical thinking.	Student explains mathematical thinking. Some information may be missing or unclear.	Student effectively explains mathematical thinking.
Part D Application	Applies knowledge and skills learned with major errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with several errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with few errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with no error.

Part A – Understanding

1. Count on to find the total. Show your counting.

				<div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 80px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">_____ ¢</div>	
_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢		
					<div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 80px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">_____ ¢</div>
_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	
					<div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 80px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">_____ ¢</div>
_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	
					<div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 80px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">_____ ¢</div>
_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	
					<div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 80px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">_____ ¢</div>
_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	_____ ¢	

2. Count the money in each piggy bank.

a)



_____ ¢

b)



_____ ¢

c)



_____ ¢

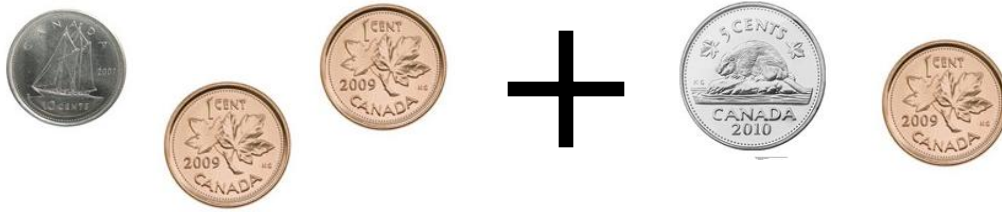
d)



_____ ¢

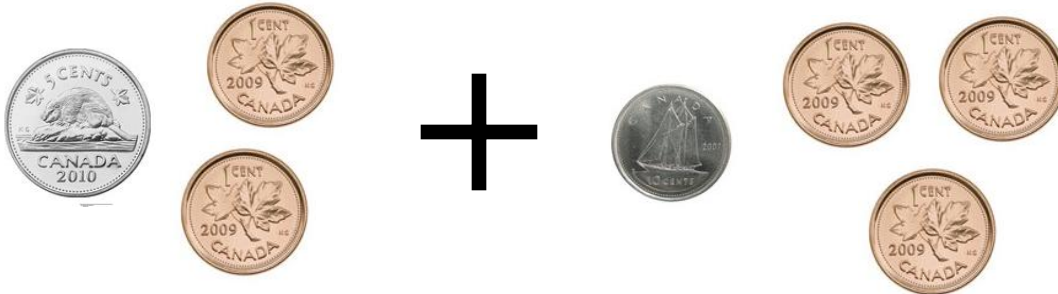
3. Add or subtract the money amounts. Show your work.

a)



$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢}$$

b)



$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢}$$

c)



$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢}$$

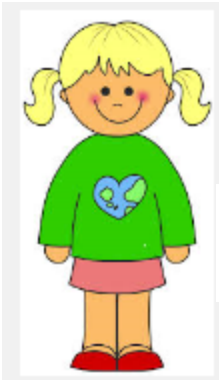
d)



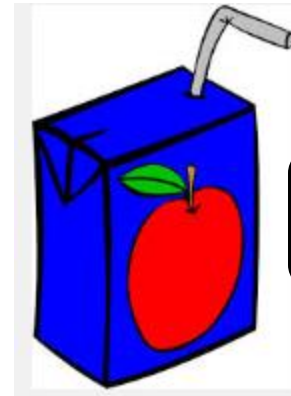
$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{¢}$$

Part B – Problem Solving

1. Match the children with the treats they bought.



14¢



16¢



17¢



9¢

2. Matthew has 1 dime, 3 pennies, and 1 nickel. How much money does Matthew have? Draw a picture and show your work.

Matthew has _____ cents.

3. Ethan had the coins below. He bought a gum for 7¢. How much money did he **have left**?



Ethan has _____ cents left.

4. Emma had 1 dime and 3 pennies. She found a nickel. How much money does she have **altogether**?

Emma has _____ cents altogether.

5. Look at the coins each student has. Answer the questions.

Mike



Sue



Lisa



Nathan

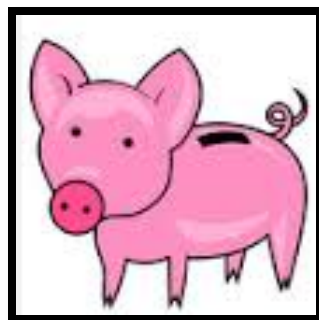


Who has the **most** money? _____

Who has the **least** money? _____

Who has the **same** amount of money?

_____ and _____



Part C – Communication

1. Print the **name** and the **value** of each coin.

loonie toonie dime quarter penny nickel



_____ = _____ ¢



_____ = _____ ¢



_____ = _____ ¢



_____ = _____ ¢



_____ = _____ ¢



_____ = _____ ¢

2. Fill in the blanks.



= _____



How many nickels make up a dime?



= _____



How many pennies make up a dime?



= _____



How many pennies make up a nickel?

3. Billy and Sally were arguing over who had more money.

I have one dime.
I have more money.



I have seven pennies.
I have more money.



Who has more money? _____

How do you know? _____

4. Name 2 places you have seen people using money.

Part D- Application

1. Draw/glue coins to make each money amount.

17¢

12¢

9¢

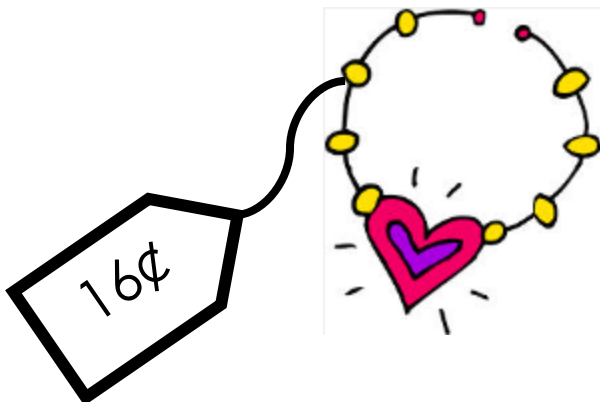
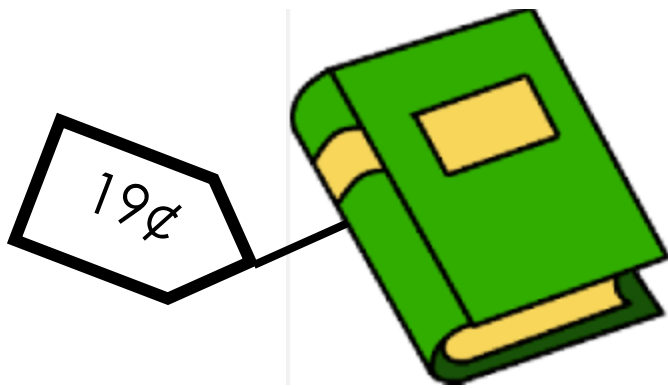
2. Draw/glue coins to make 15¢ 2 different ways (using different coins).

15¢

First Way

Second Way

3. Circle the coins needed to buy each item.



Grade 1
Number Sense & Numeration : Adding & Subtracting to 10

Name: _____

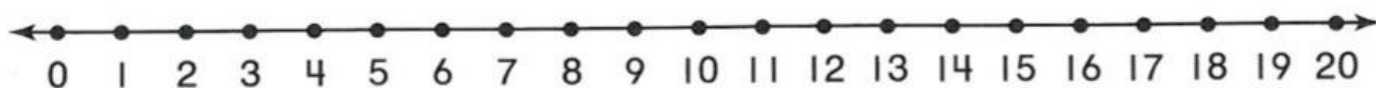


Learning Goal: Students will use a variety of strategies (pictures, number lines) to solve addition & subtraction problems to 10. Students will communicate strategies used and math terminology learned (counting on, counting back, sum, difference, equation).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Knowledge & Understanding	Student adds & subtracts numbers to 10 with major errors.	Student adds & subtracts numbers to 10 with several errors.	Student adds & subtracts numbers to 10 with few errors.	Student adds & subtracts numbers to 10 with no error.
Part B Problem Solving	Student attempts to solve problems but with major errors.	Student solves problems with several errors.	Student solves problems with a few minor errors.	Student accurately solves all problems.
Part C Communication	Student communicates mathematical steps & terminology with limited effectiveness.	Student communicates mathematical steps & terminology with some effectiveness.	Student communicates mathematical steps & terminology with considerable effectiveness.	Student communicates mathematical steps & terminology with a high degree of effectiveness.
Part D Application	Applies knowledge & skills learned with major errors.	Applies knowledge & skills learned with several errors.	Applies knowledge & skills learned with few errors.	Applies knowledge & skills learned with no error.

Part A – Knowledge and Understanding

1. Add or subtract. Use your number line (ruler) or hundreds chart.



$4 + 6 =$	$10 - 6 =$	$4 + 4 =$
$2 + 7 =$	$10 - 7 =$	$10 - 9 =$
$3 + 6 =$	$10 - 4 =$	$9 - 5 =$
$8 - 5 =$	$4 + 2 =$	$7 - 4 =$
$8 - 2 =$	$6 + 3 =$	$8 + 2 =$
$9 - 4 =$	$7 + 3 =$	$8 - 6 =$
$5 + 5 =$	$2 + 7 =$	$10 - 2 =$
$10 - 8 =$	$5 + 4 =$	$6 - 3 =$
$5 - 4 =$	$1 + 8 =$	$10 - 5 =$

Part B – Problem Solving

Read each word problem carefully. Circle the numbers you will use. Put a box around the key words that tell you whether to add or subtract.

1. There were 3 girls at the birthday party. There were 5 boys at the party. How many children were at the party **altogether**?

Picture	Number	Words There were _____ children at the party altogether.
---------	--------	---

2. Mom planted 10 plants in the garden. A rabbit came and ate 5 of the plants. How many plants did mom **have left**?

Picture	Number	Words Mom had _____ Plants left.
---------	--------	--

3. In a box of Smarties there were 8 red Smarties and 2 green Smarties. How many Smarties were there **altogether**?

Picture	Number	Words There were _____ Smarties altogether.
---------	--------	---



4. Eric had 9 hockey cards. He gave 7 hockey cards to his friend Joe. How many hockey cards did Eric **have left**?

Picture	Number	Words He had _____ cards left.
---------	--------	-----------------------------------



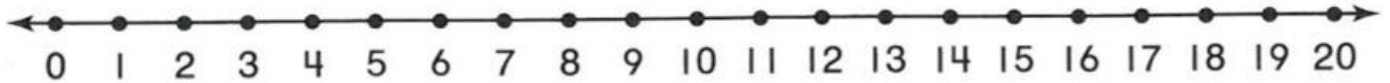
5. John scored 9 goals. Stan scored 5 goals. **How many more** goals did John score than Stan?

Picture	Number	Words John scored _____ more goals.
---------	--------	--



Part B - Communication

1. Write the steps to solve the addition equation. Show what you did on the number line.



$$5 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

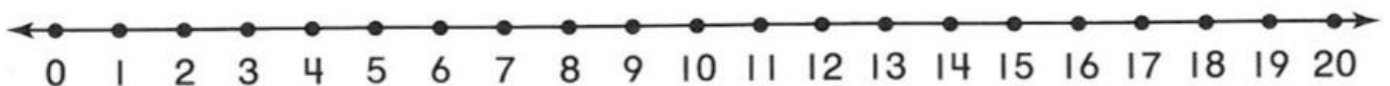
How did you do it?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

When you use a number line to add it is called counting _____.

The answer in an addition equation is called the _____.

2. Write the steps to solve the subtraction equation. Show what you did on the number line.



$$8 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

How did you do it?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

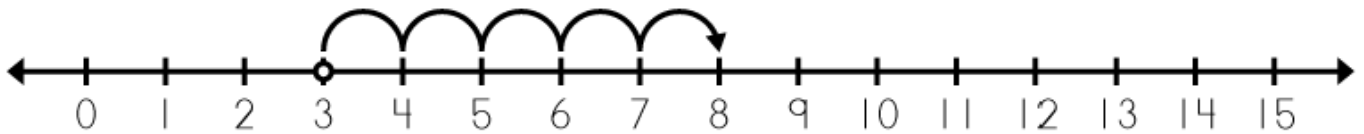
When you use a number line to subtract it is called counting _____.

The answer in a subtraction equation is called the _____.

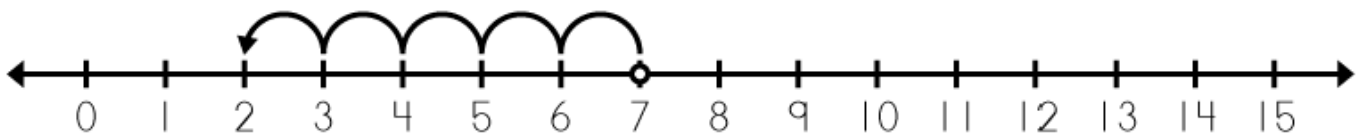
Part D – Application

Write the addition or subtraction equation below each number line.











2. Fill in each question with an addition (+) or a subtraction (-) sign. You can check your work with a number line.

$10 \bigcirc 7 = 3$

$9 \bigcirc 3 = 6$

$6 \bigcirc 4 = 10$

$8 \bigcirc 5 = 3$

$7 \bigcirc 3 = 4$

$6 \bigcirc 3 = 9$

$8 \bigcirc 3 = 5$

$4 \bigcirc 4 = 8$



Be sure to check over all your work before handing in!

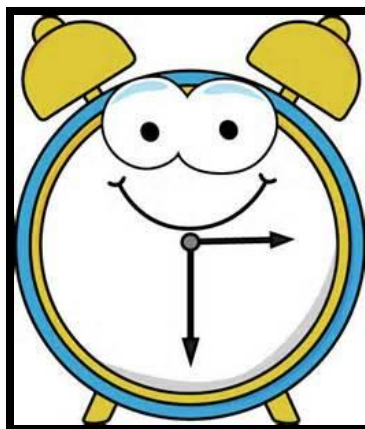
MEASUREMENT



- 1) Time Quiz
- 2) Time, Temperature & Calendar
- 3) Linear Measurement & Area
- 4) Mass & Capacity Quiz

Time Quiz – Grade 1

Name: _____

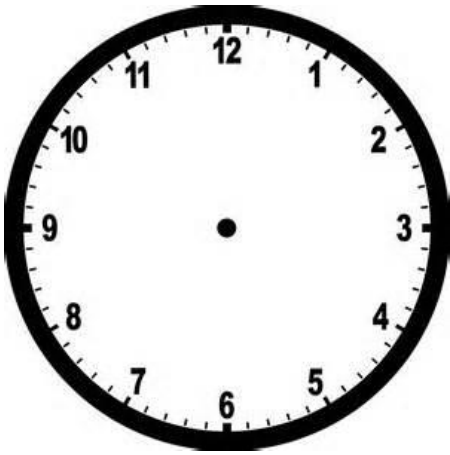


This quiz assesses student's knowledge & understanding only of time. It will highlight areas that individual students may need additional support in preparation for the end of unit test.

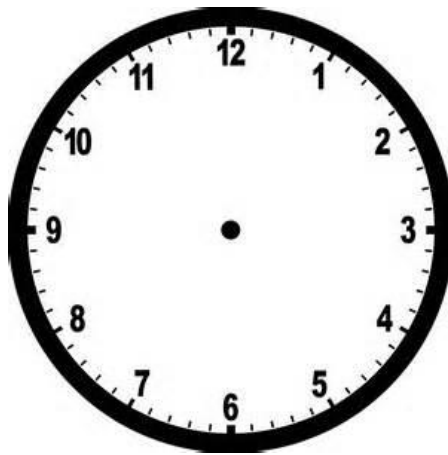
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Drawing times when given the digital time.	Major errors.	Several errors.	Few minor errors.	No errors.
Part B Writing the digital time represented on an analogue clock.	Major errors.	Several errors.	Few minor errors.	No errors.
Part C Drawing times when given the time in words.	Major errors.	Several errors.	Few minor errors.	No errors.
Part D Writing the time in words.	Major errors.	Several errors.	Few minor errors.	No errors.

Descriptive Feedback:

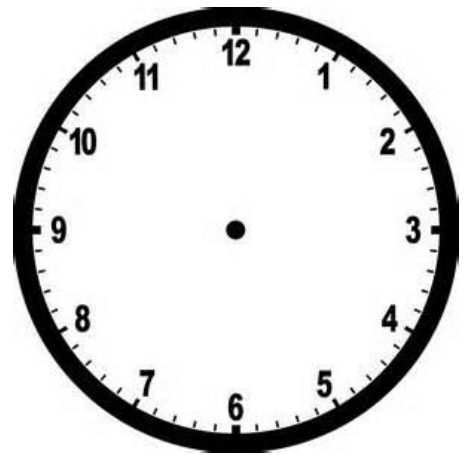
PART A – Draw the times when given the digital time.



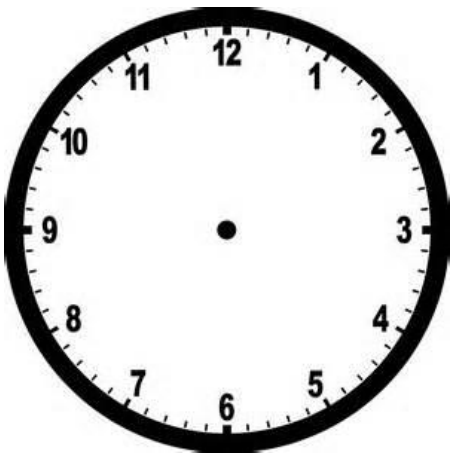
1:00



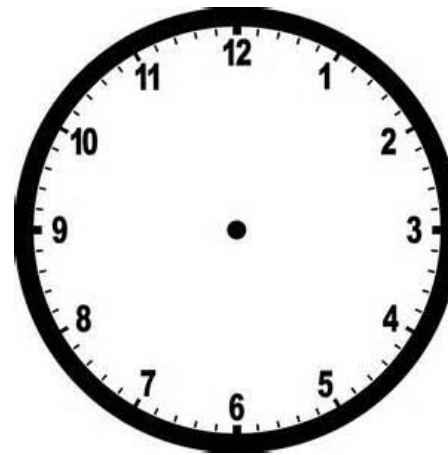
5:00



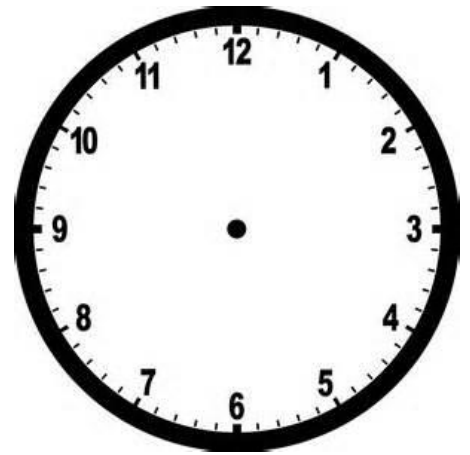
4:30



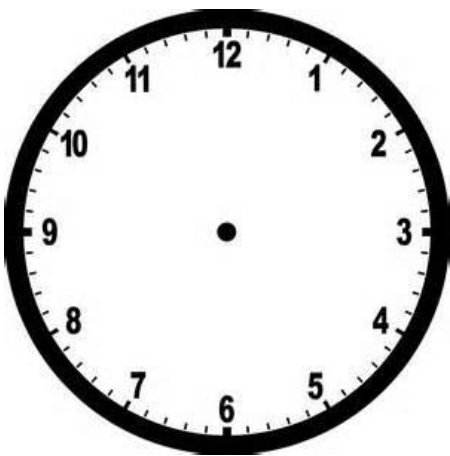
9:30



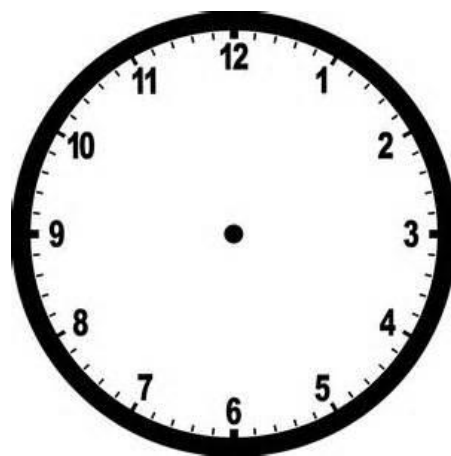
6:00



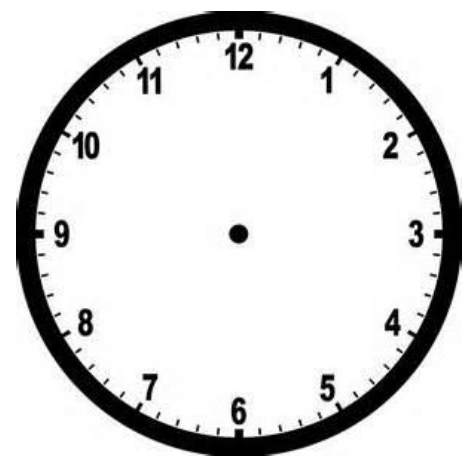
7:30



10:00

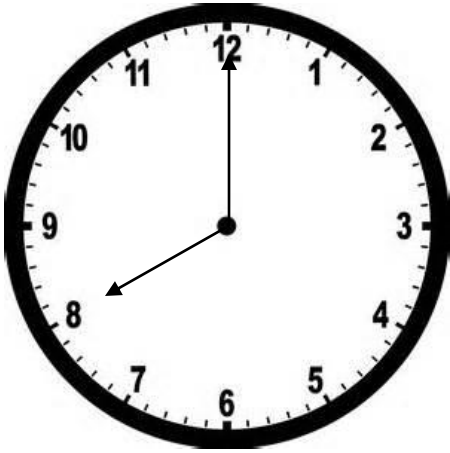


3:30

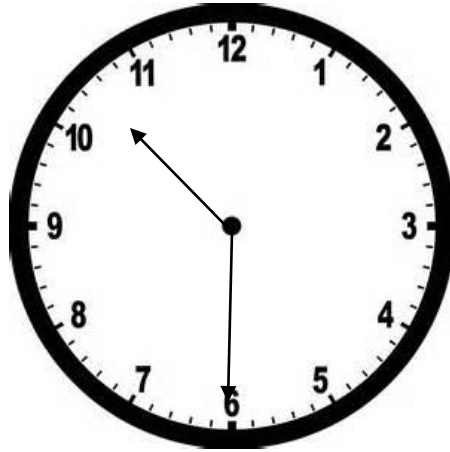


12:30

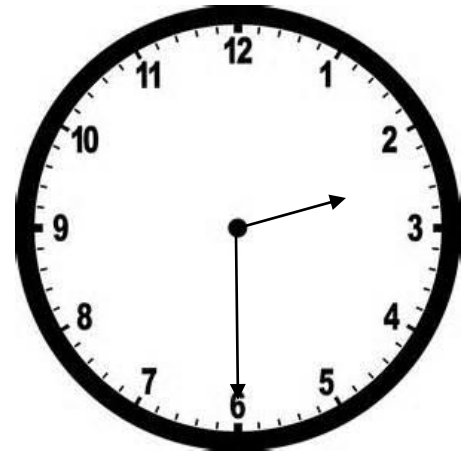
PART B – Write the digital time.



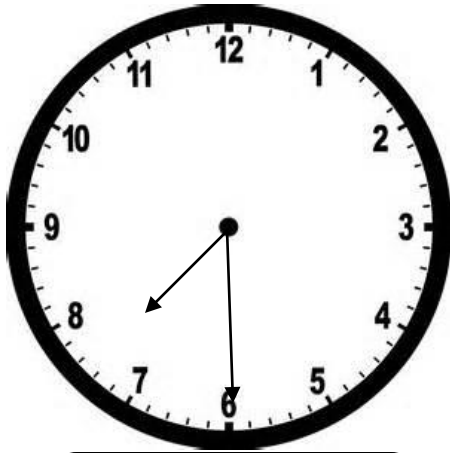
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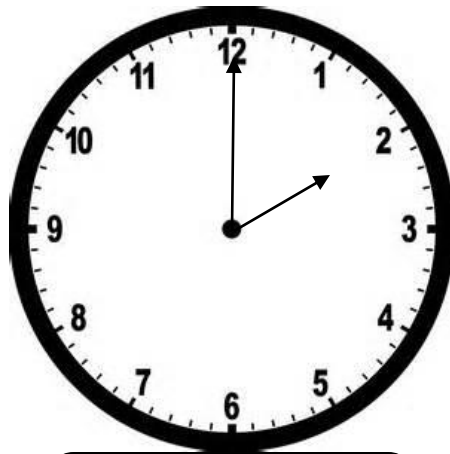
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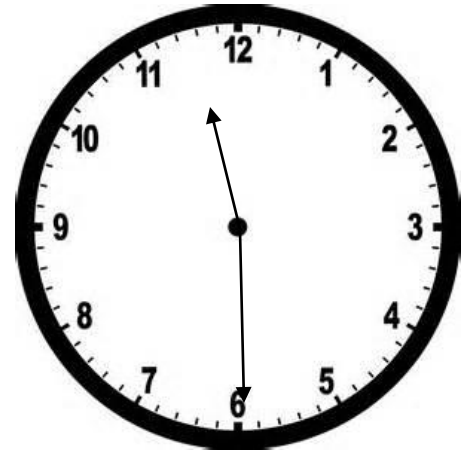
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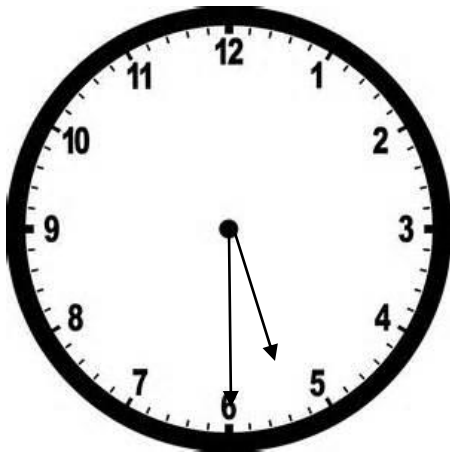
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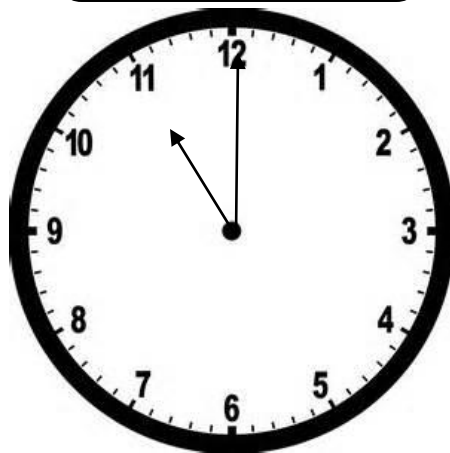
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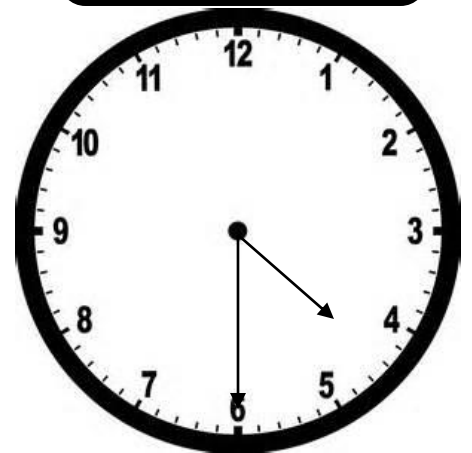
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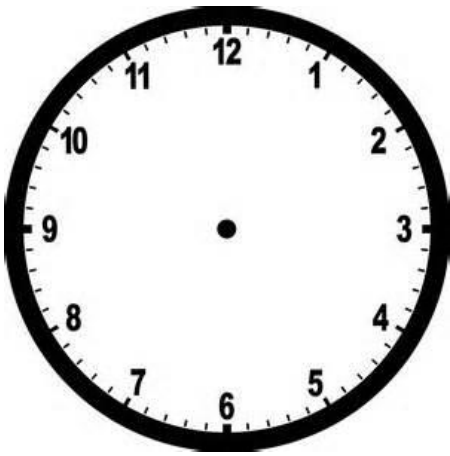


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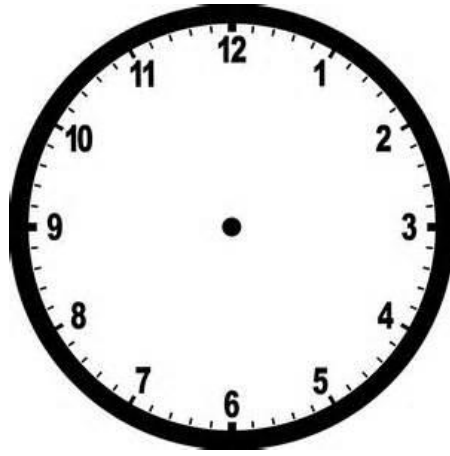


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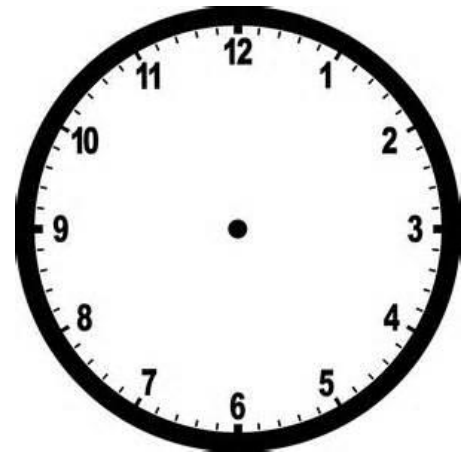
PART C – Draw the time when given the words.



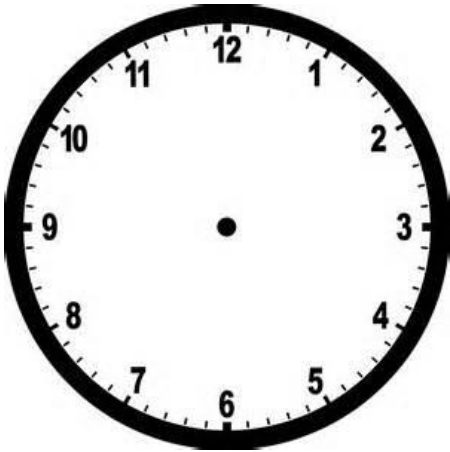
half past 5



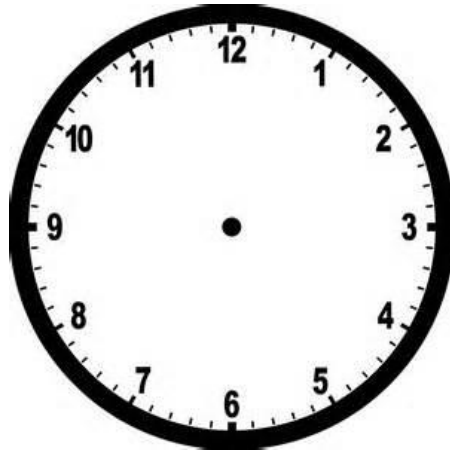
6 o'clock



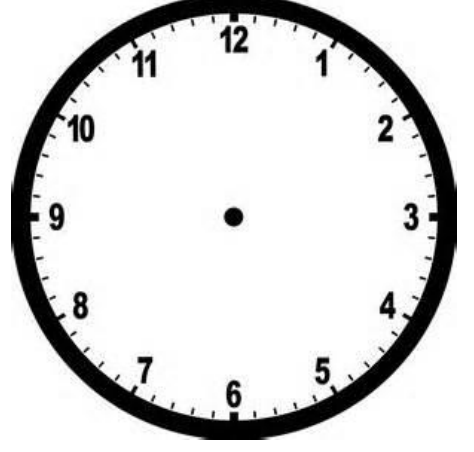
7 o'clock



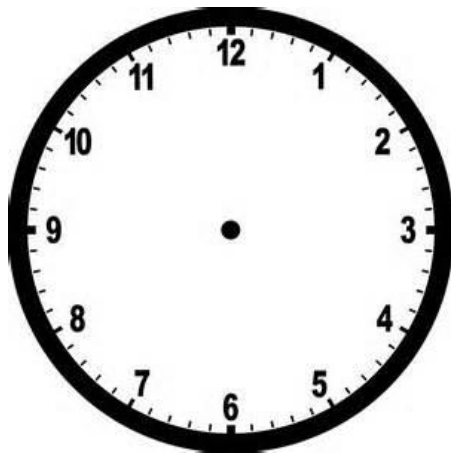
half past 3



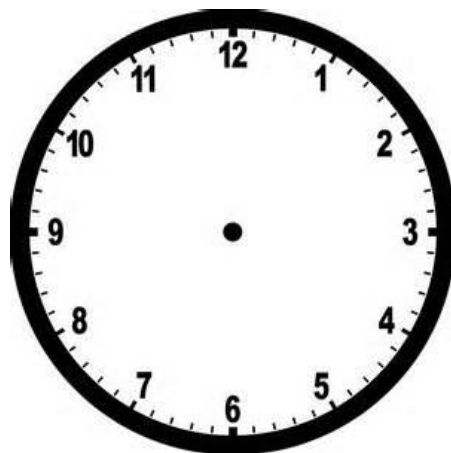
half past 9



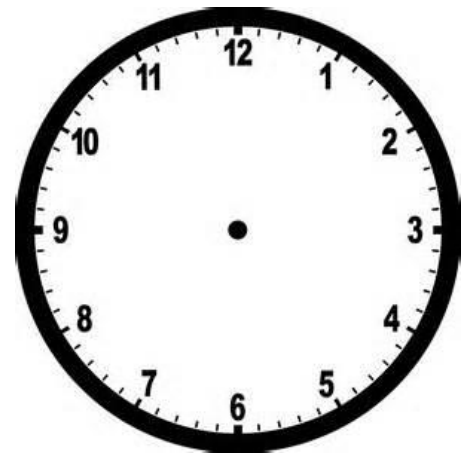
12 o'clock



half past 11



8 o'clock

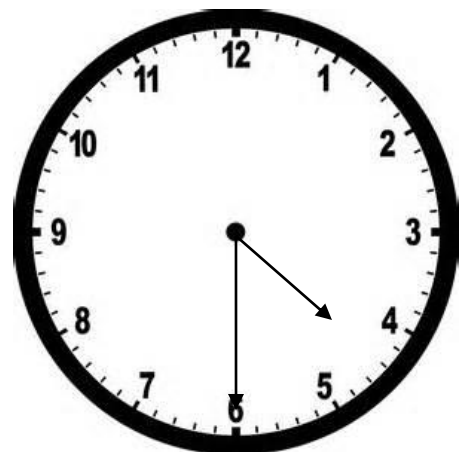
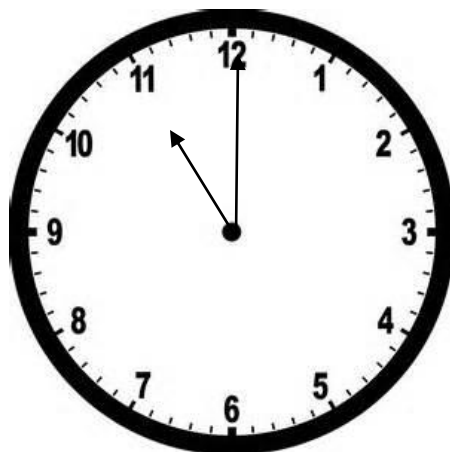
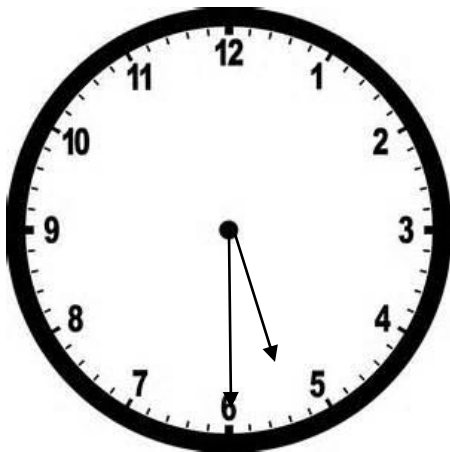
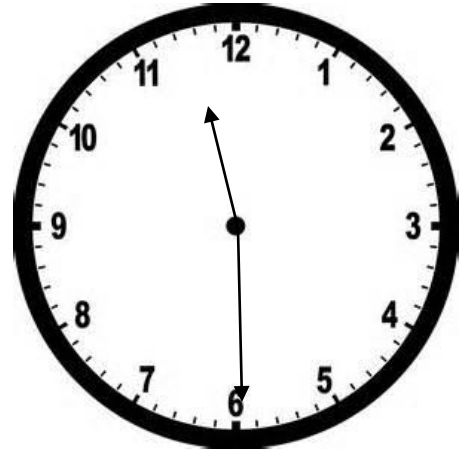
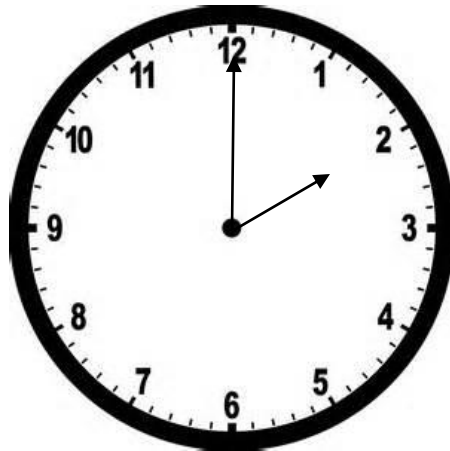
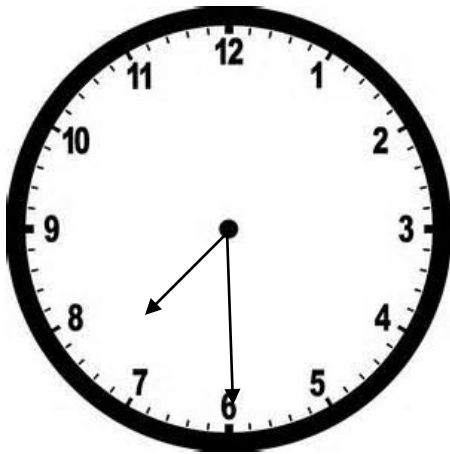
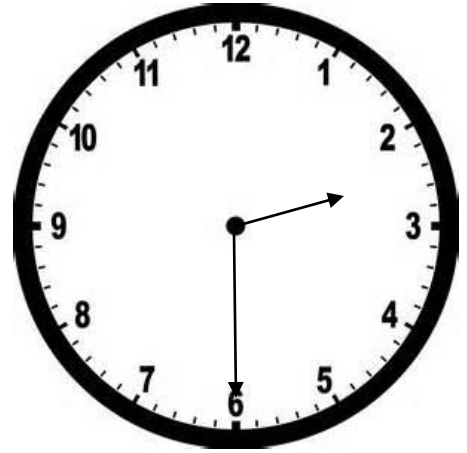
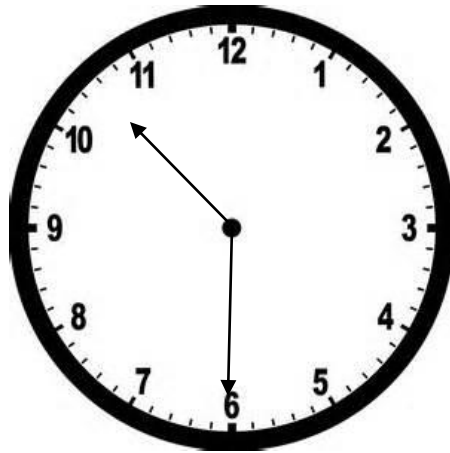
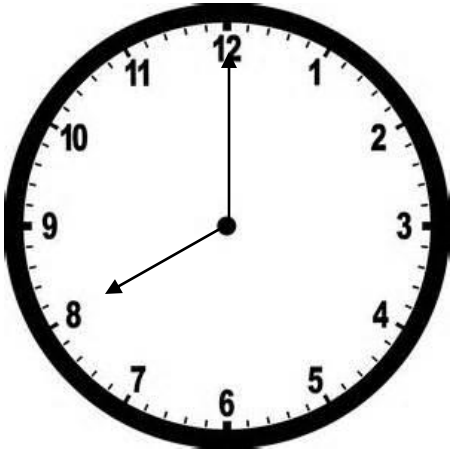


half past 1

Part D – Write the time in words.

o'clock

half past



Grade 1

Time, Temperature & Calendar Assessment

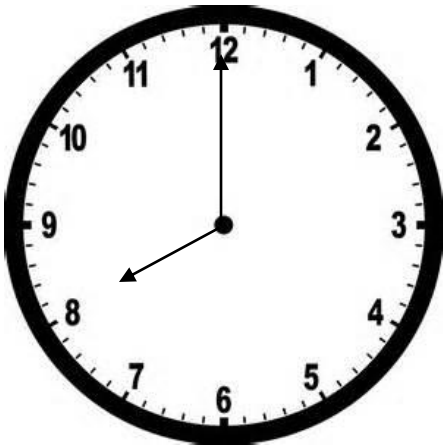
Name: _____



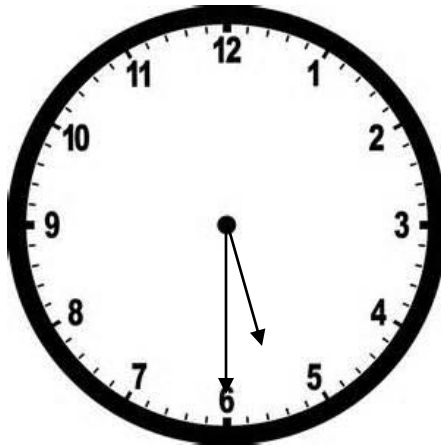
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding	Demonstrates limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
Part B Problem Solving	Demonstrates limited problem solving skills – major errors. Student has difficulty showing work.	Demonstrates some problem solving skills. Several errors / information missing.	Demonstrates problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. Few errors / information missing.	Demonstrates effective problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. No error.
Part C Communication	Student is rarely able to explain his/her mathematical thinking.	Student has some difficulty explaining mathematical thinking.	Student explains mathematical thinking. Some information may be missing or unclear.	Student effectively explains mathematical thinking.
Part D Application	Applies knowledge and skills learned with major errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with several errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with few errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with no error.

PART A

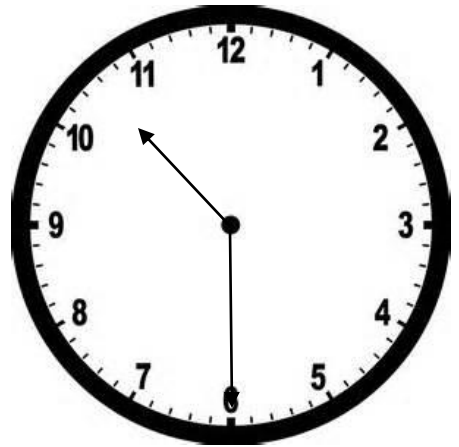
1. Write the digital time.



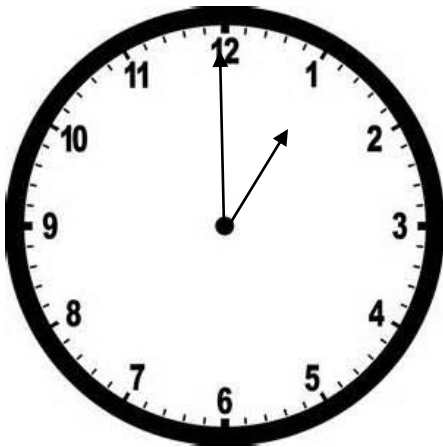
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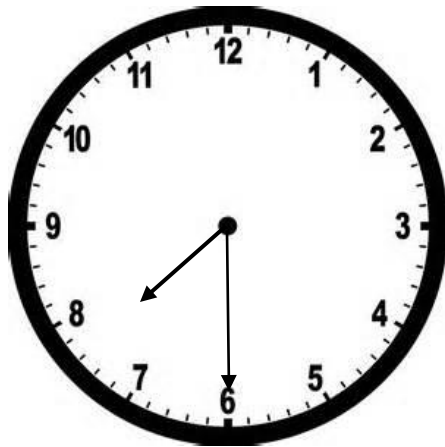
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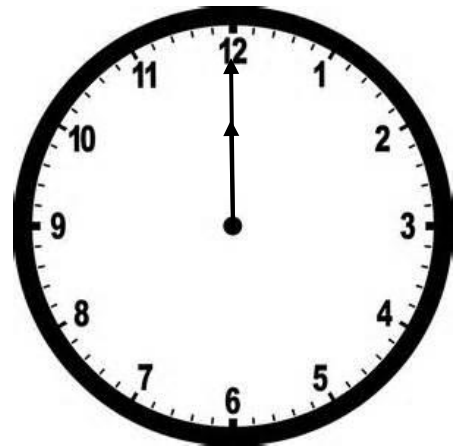
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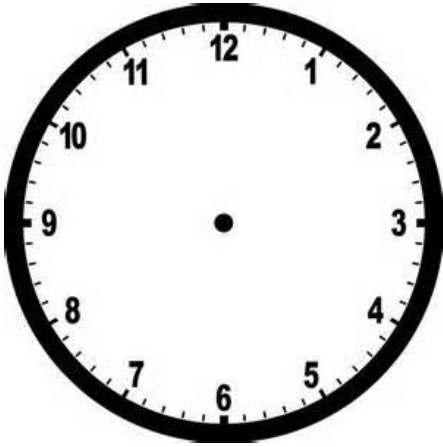
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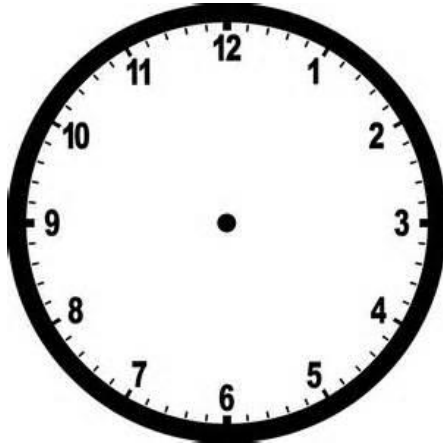
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2. Draw the times.

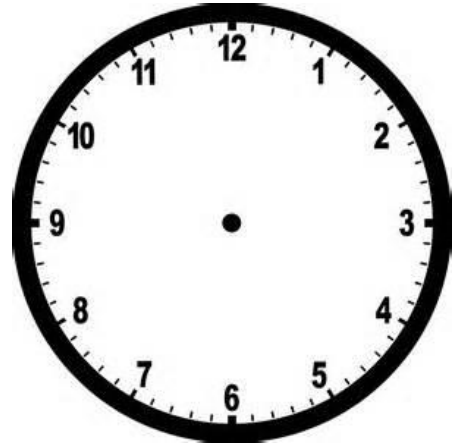
4:00



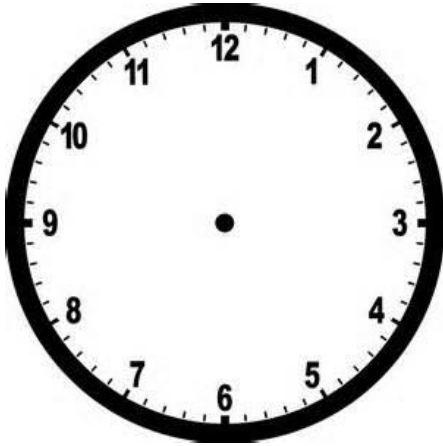
2:30



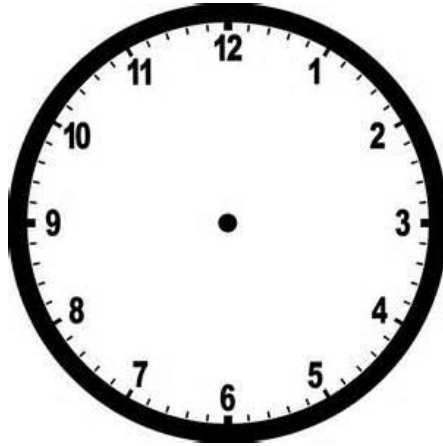
Half past 3



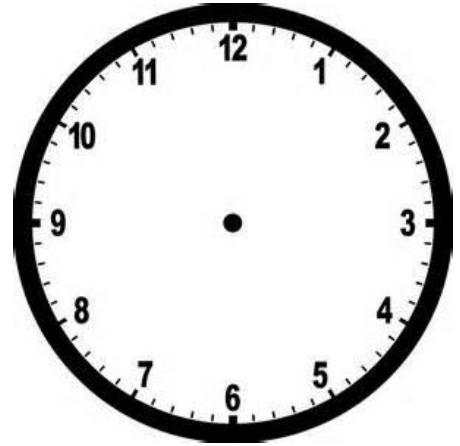
7 o'clock



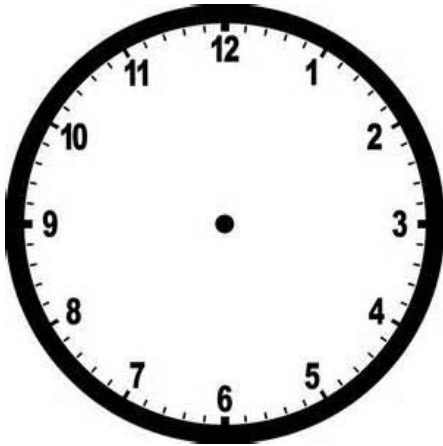
8:30



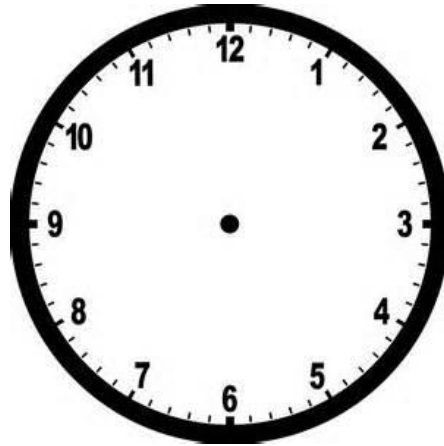
Half past 4



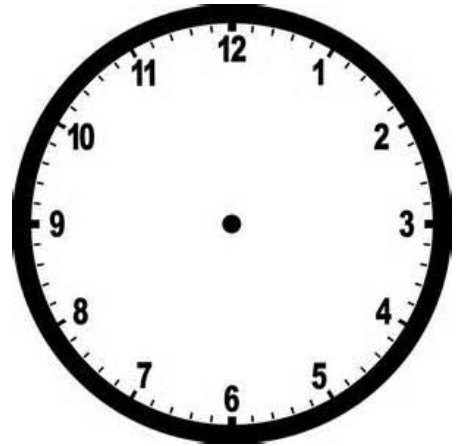
6:00



Half past 12



9:30



3. Use the calendar to answer the questions

February 2015

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1	2 Groundhog Day	3	4	5	6 100 th Day of School	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14 Valentine's Day 
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28

- a) How many days are in February? _____
- b) What day of the week is Groundhog Day? _____
- c) What day of the week is the 100th day of school?

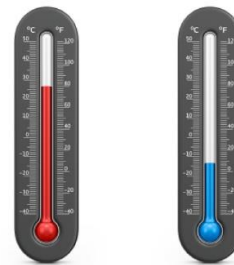
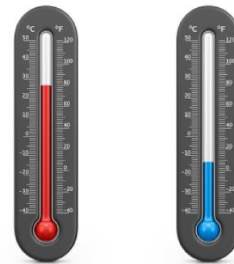
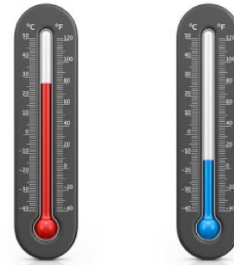
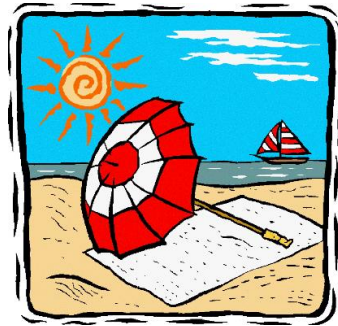
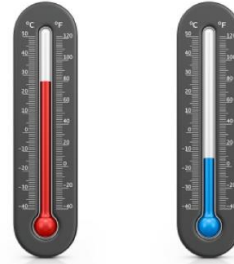
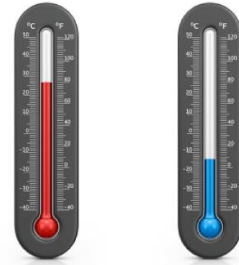
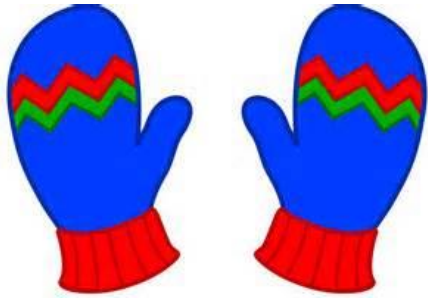
- d) What day of the week does February start on?

- e) What day of the week does February end on?

- f) What day of the week is Valentine's Day?

- g) What day of the week is February 17th? _____

4. Circle the thermometer that matches each picture.



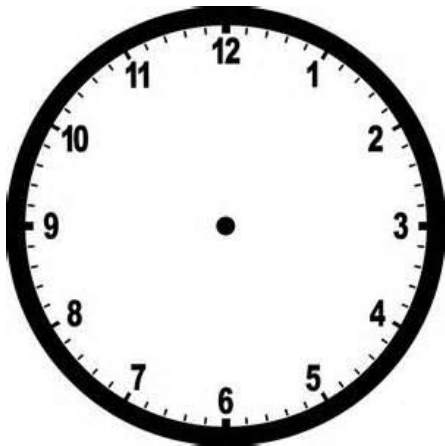
Part B – Problem Solving

MARCH

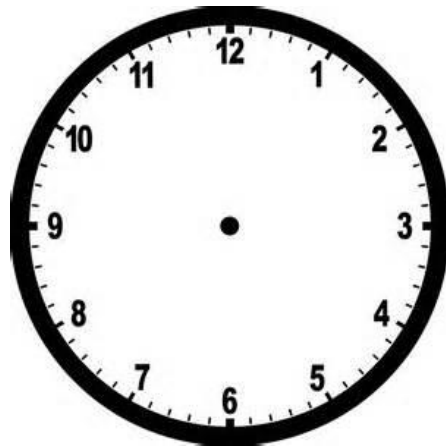
Sunday		Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday		Saturday
1	2	3	4		6	7
	9	10	11	12		14
15 Leave on Trip	16	17	18	19 Come home	20	21
22		24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

- a) Fill in the missing information on the calendar.
- b) How many Saturdays are there in March? _____
- c) How many days was the family away on a trip? _____
- d) Ethan has hockey on Tuesday nights. How many nights does he have hockey in March? _____
- e) What is the name of the month that comes after March? _____
- f) What day of the week will the next month start on?

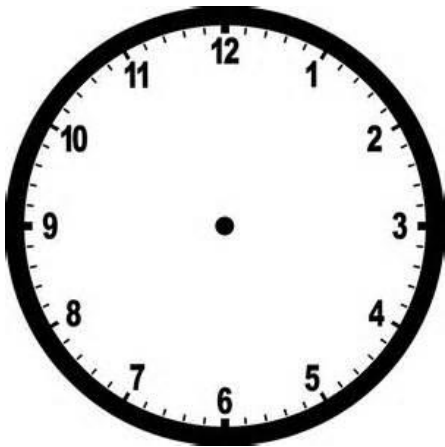
2. Billy was having a birthday party. Draw the times that each friend came to the party.



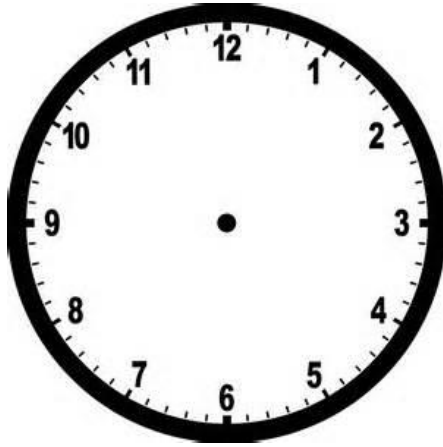
Sam came at 5:00



Beth came at half past 4



Sue came at 6 o'clock



Tom came at 5:30

a) Who came to the party **first**? _____

b) Who got to the party **last**? _____

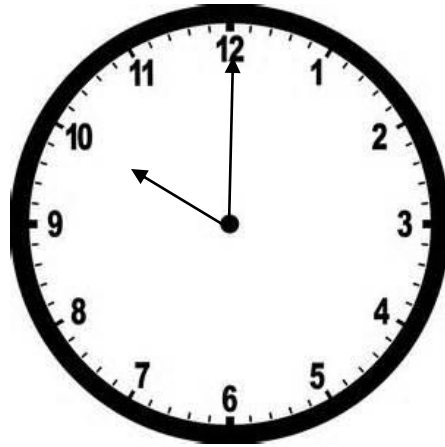
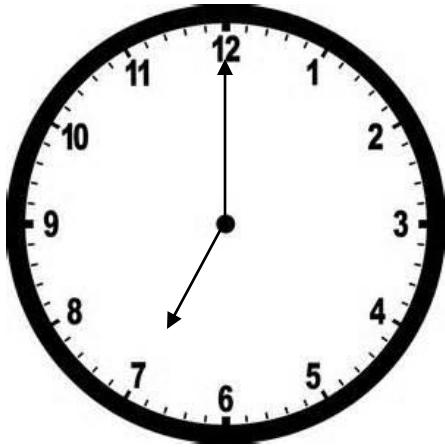
c) If the party started at **5:00** who was late?

_____ and _____

Part C – Communication

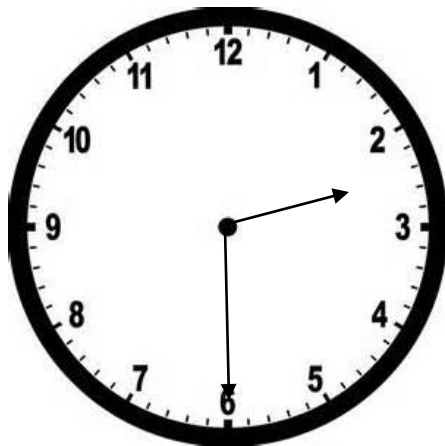
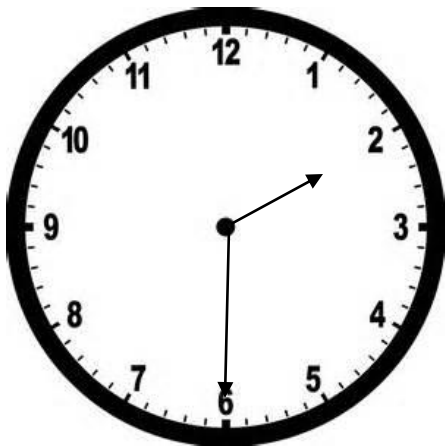
1. For each time, circle the correct clock. Tell why.

7:00



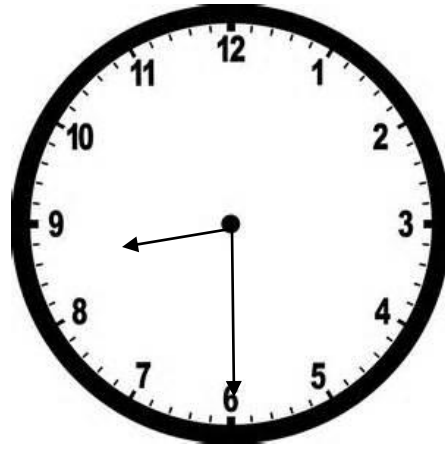
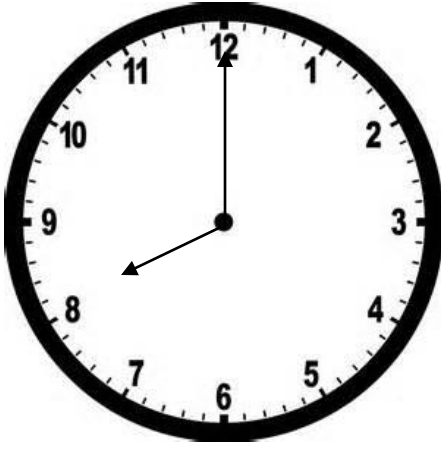
This is the correct clock because _____

2:30



This is the correct clock because _____

8:30



This is the correct clock because _____

2. How can you tell the difference between an analogue and a digital clock?



The analogue clock _____

The digital clock _____

Part D – Application

1. OH NO! Your teacher dropped all the months of the year flashcards and now they are out of order! Can you write the months in order again?

April

March

June

November

May

January

July

October

December

September

February

August

2. Make the following times for your teacher using the clock provided.

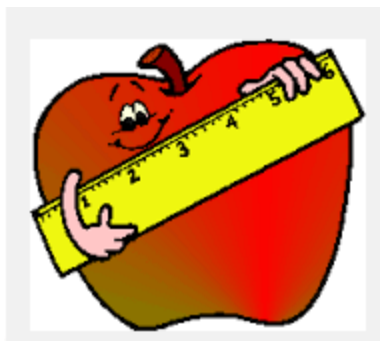
Times	✓	✗
5 o'clock		
Half past 7		
2:30		
9:00		
Half past 10		
11:00		
9:30		
1:00		
Half past 12		
12 o'clock		



Grade 1

Linear Measurement & Area Assessment

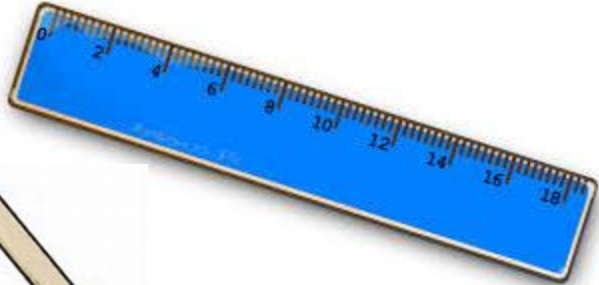
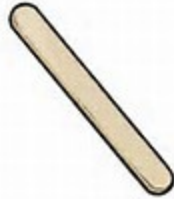
Name: _____



	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding	Demonstrates limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
Part B Problem Solving	Demonstrates limited problem solving skills – major errors. Student has difficulty showing work.	Demonstrates some problem solving skills. Several errors / information missing.	Demonstrates problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. Few errors / information missing.	Demonstrates effective problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. No error.
Part C Communication	Student is rarely able to explain his/her mathematical thinking.	Student has some difficulty explaining mathematical thinking.	Student explains mathematical thinking. Some information may be missing or unclear.	Student effectively explains mathematical thinking.
Part D Application	Applies knowledge and skills learned with major errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with several errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with few errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with no error.

Part A – Understanding

1. **Circle** the **standard** tools for measurement. Put an **X** over the **non-standard** tools.



2. Measure each line to the nearest cm.



_____ cm



_____ cm

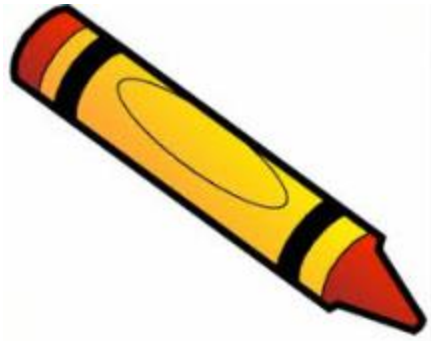


_____ cm



_____ cm

3. Measure each picture with paper clips and then with your ruler. Remember to go to the nearest paper clip and nearest cm.



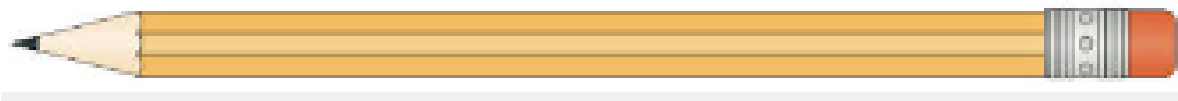
It is about ____ paper clips.

It is about ____ cm.



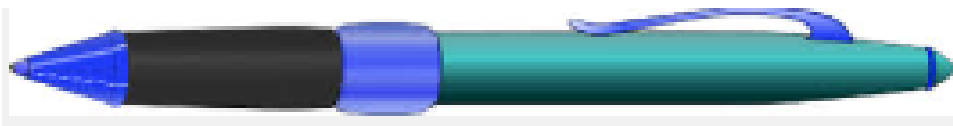
It is about ____ paper clips.

It is about ____ cm.



It is about ____ paper clips.

It is about ____ cm.



It is about ____ paper clips.

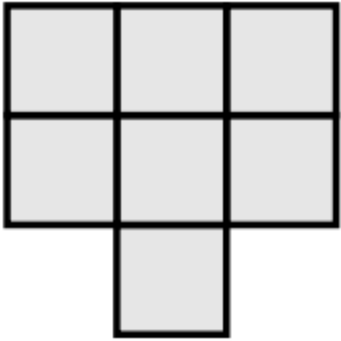
It is about ____ cm.



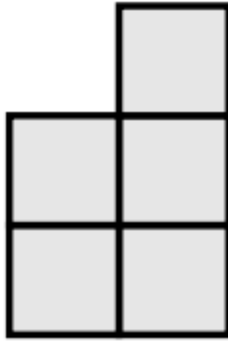
It is about ____ paper clips.

It is about ____ cm.

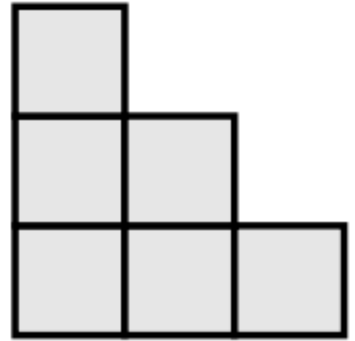
4. Find the **area** of each shape.



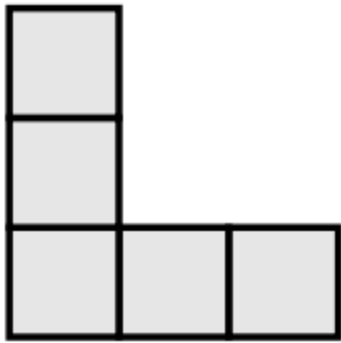
_____ square units



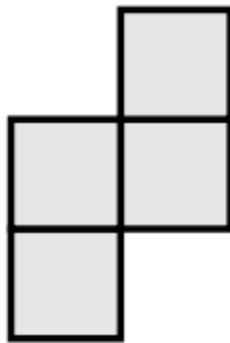
_____ square units



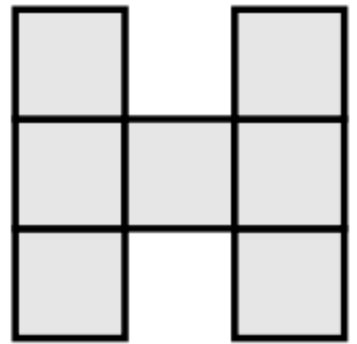
_____ square units



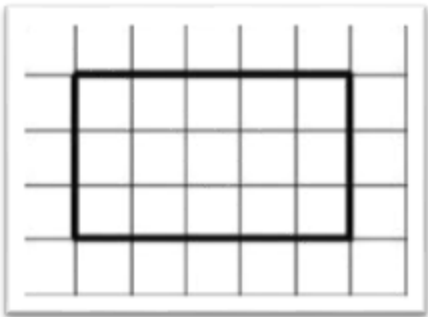
_____ square units



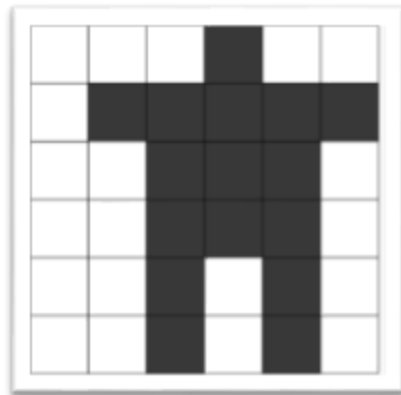
_____ square units



_____ square units



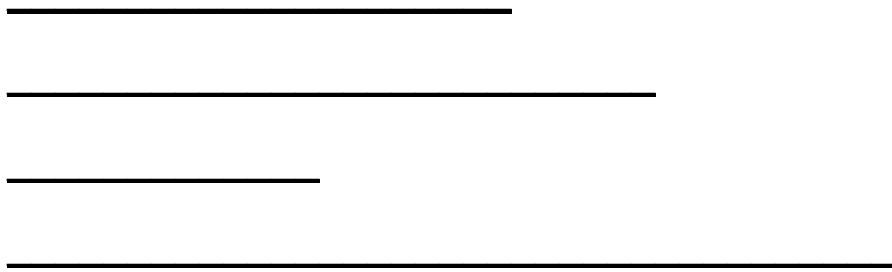
_____ square units



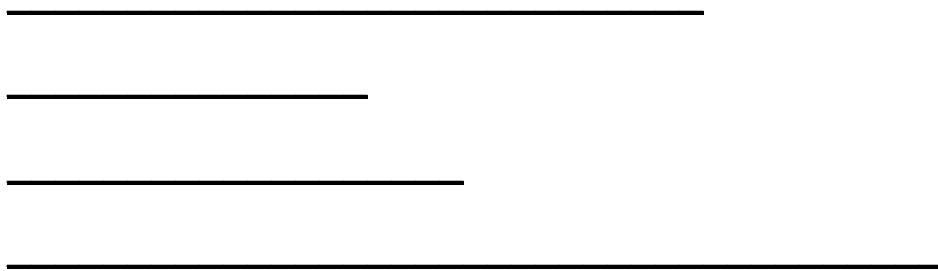
_____ square units

Part B – Problem Solving

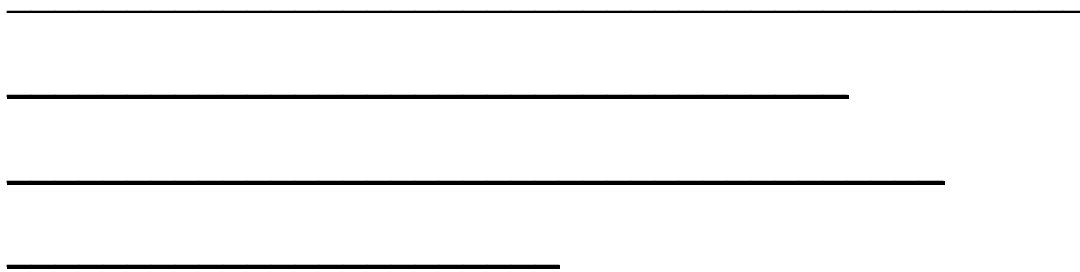
1. Circle the 2nd longest line.



2. Circle the 3rd shortest line.



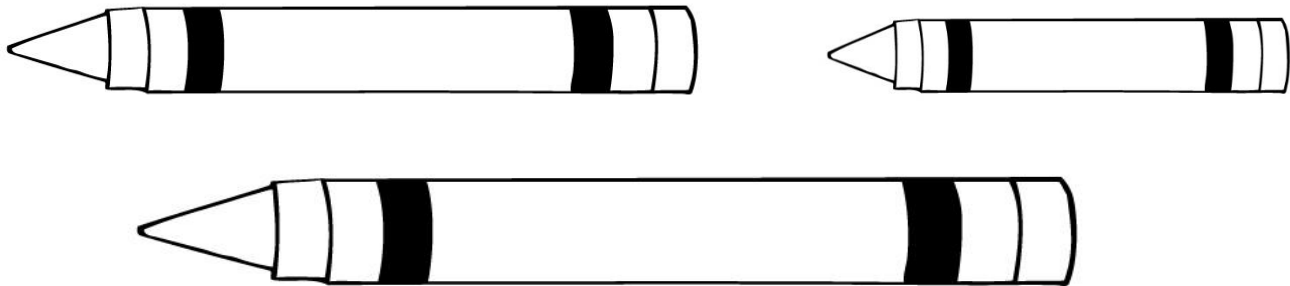
3. Circle the 2nd shortest line.



4. Circle the 2nd longest line.



5. The red crayon is the longest. The blue crayon is longer than the yellow crayon. Colour the crayons.



6. Which has a larger area? Circle it.

a) The top of your desk or the top of a book.



b) A computer screen or your classroom floor.



Part C – Communication

1. If you were going to measure the length of your desk, what object below would you need more of? Tell why.



paper clip



popsicle stick

I would need more _____ because _____

2. Tell what unit you would use to measure each object below. (paper clip or popsicle stick)

The length of an eraser.



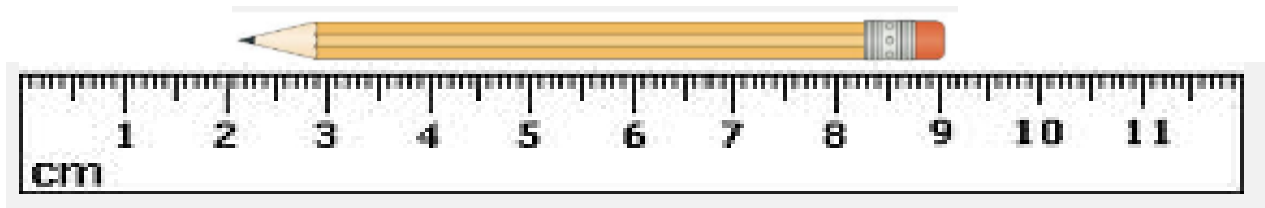
I would use a _____ because _____


The height of the door.



I would use a _____ because _____

3. Glen said the length of this pencil is 9cm. Is he correct? Tell why or why not.



4. Draw/name 2 objects that you would use a paper clip to measure. 

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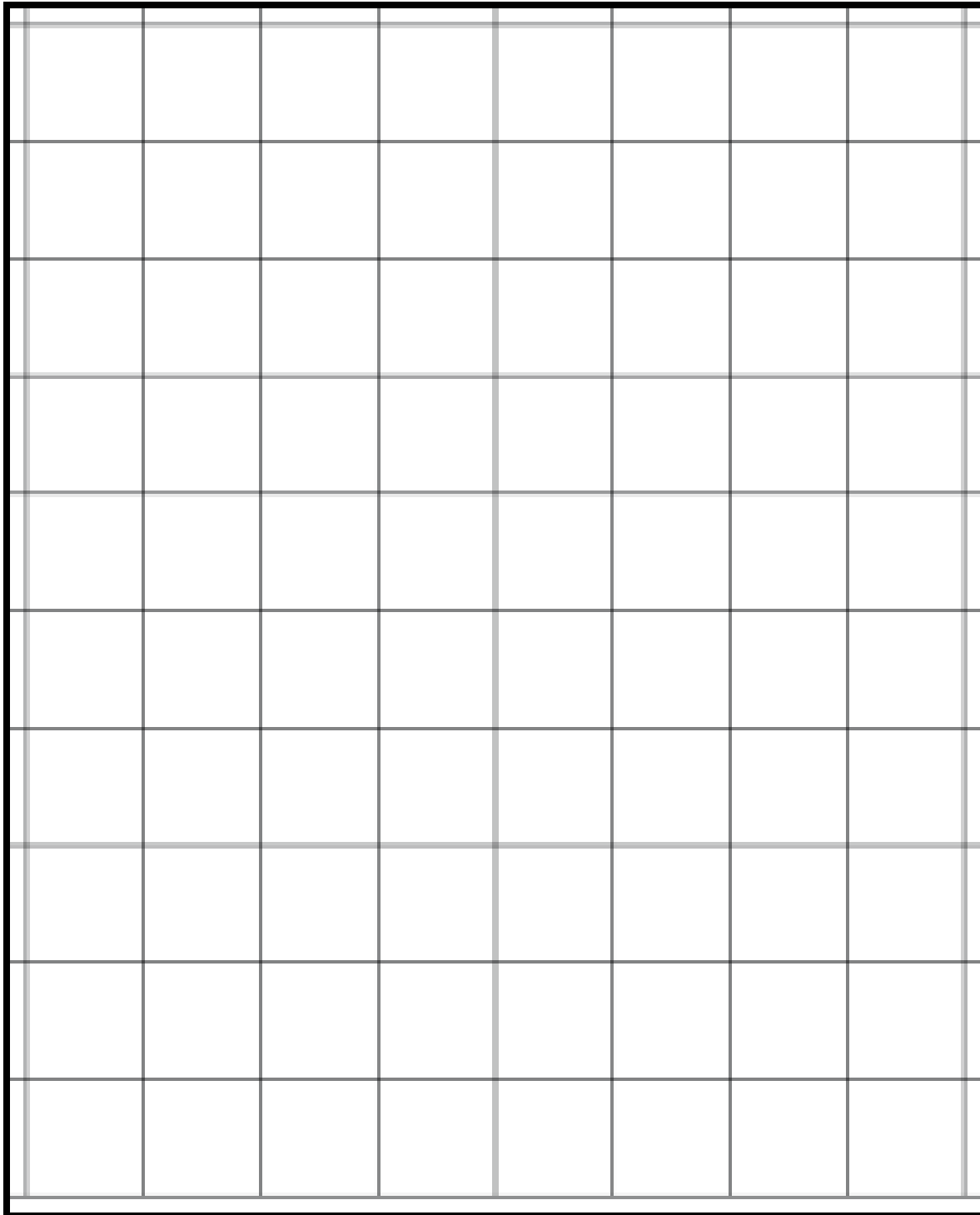
5. Draw/name 2 objects that you would use a popsicle stick to measure. 

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Part D – Application

1. Draw and colour shapes with the following areas.

- a) 7 square units (**blue**)
- b) 10 square units (**red**)
- c) 4 square units (**yellow**)



2. Draw.

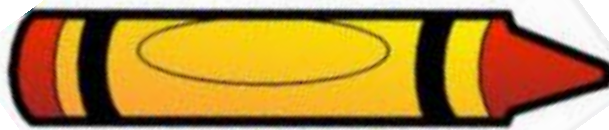
a) Draw a snake that is **longer** than the pencil.



b) Draw a flower that is **taller** than the lollipop.



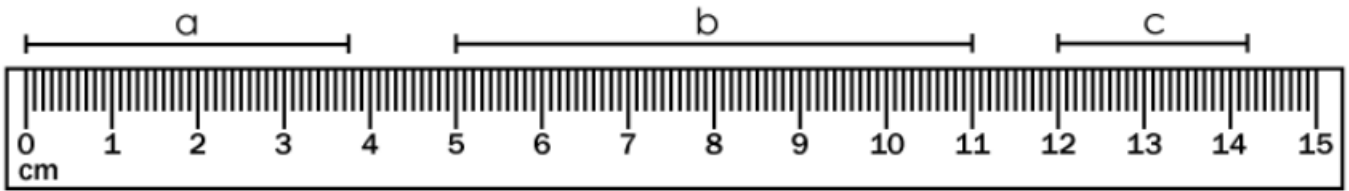
c) Draw a line that is **shorter** than the crayon.



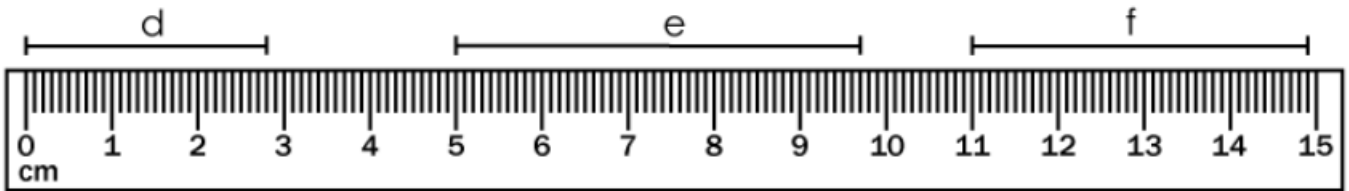
d) Draw a flower that is shorter than the door.



3. Measure each line below using the rulers.



a = _____ b = _____ c = _____



d = _____ e = _____ f = _____

4. Use a meter stick.

a) Find 2 objects in the classroom that are **longer** than a meter stick.

--	--

b) Find 2 objects in the classroom that are **shorter** than a meter stick.

--	--

Grade 1

Mass & Capacity Quiz

Name: _____



	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A MASS	Student demonstrates limited understanding of mass – major errors.	Student demonstrates some understanding of mass – several errors.	Student demonstrates an understanding of mass – few errors.	Student demonstrates a thorough understanding of mass – no errors.
Part B CAPACITY	Student demonstrates limited understanding of capacity – major errors.	Student demonstrates some understanding of capacity – several errors.	Student demonstrates an understanding of capacity – few errors.	Student demonstrates a thorough understanding of capacity – no errors.

Part A – Mass

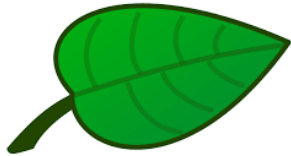
1. Circle the objects that you would measure using mass.



2. Tell whether each object would be **heavy** or **light**.



3. Circle the **heavy** object in each set.



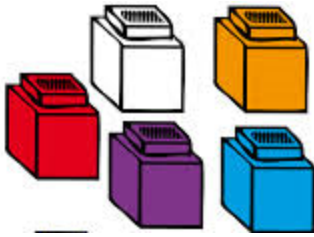
4. Use a balance scale. Circle the heavier object in each set.



a) 5 cubes

OR

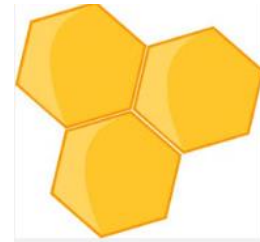
20 paper clips



b) 7 square blocks

OR

5 hexagon blocks



c) 10 popsicle sticks

OR

1 eraser



d) 2 glue sticks

OR

8 dice

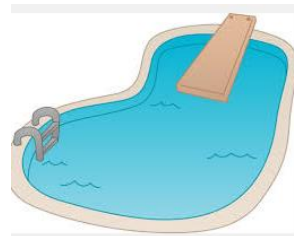
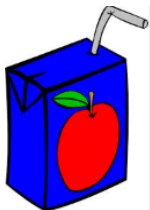


Part B – CAPACITY

1. Circle the objects that you would measure using capacity.



2. Tell whether each object has a **large** or **small** capacity.



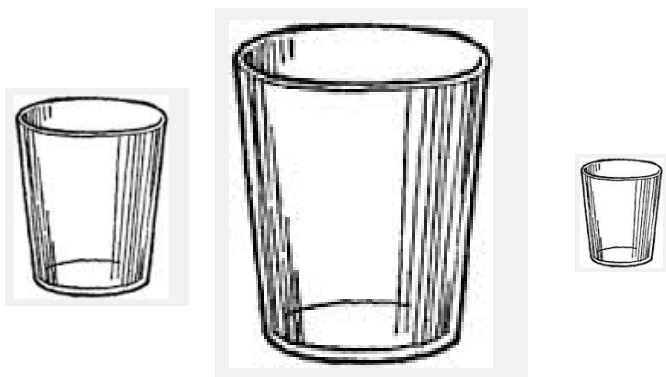
3. Circle the glass that would fill **first** in each group.



a)

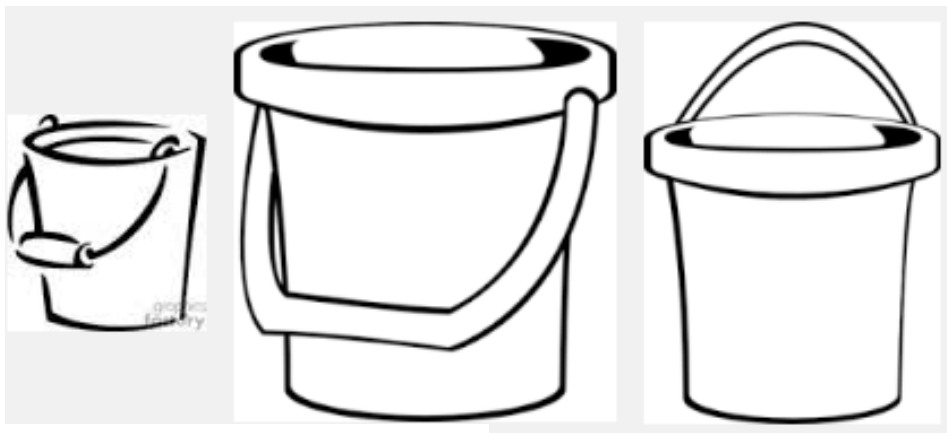


b)



4. Circle the container that would fill **last** in each group.

a)

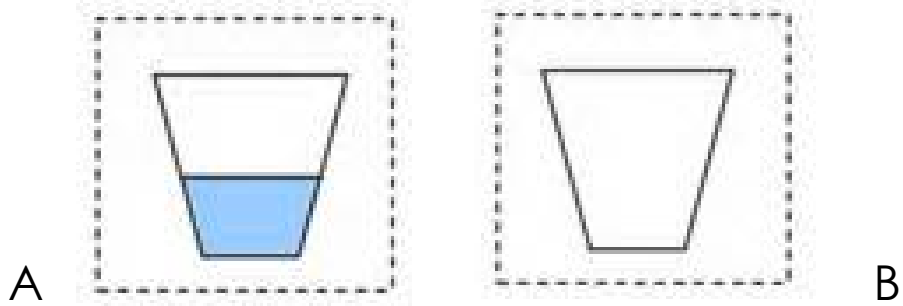


b)

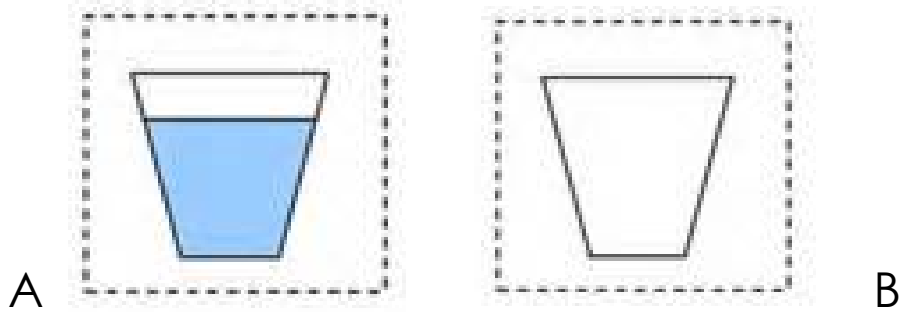


5. Colour.

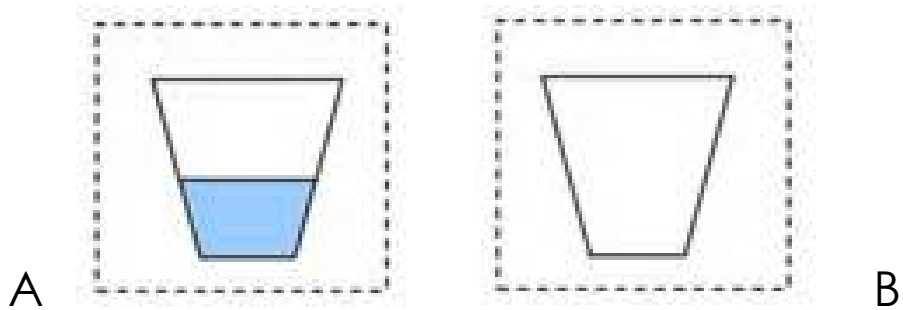
a) Shade B to show **more** liquid than in A.



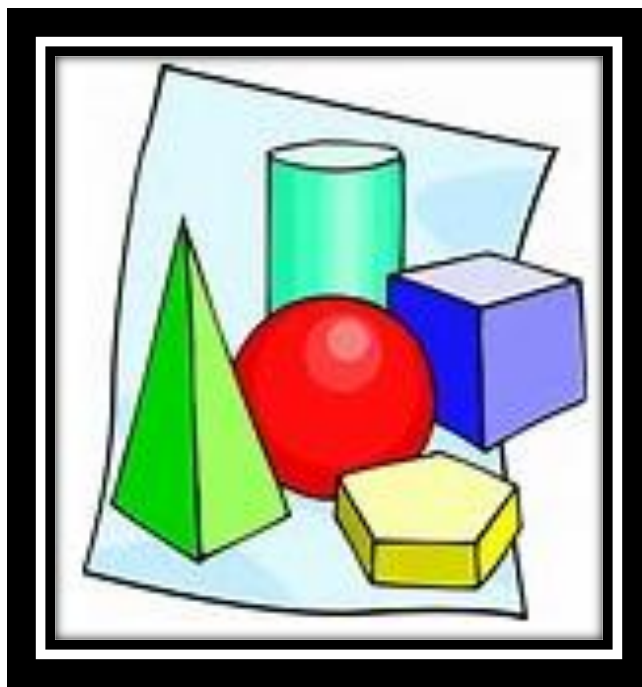
b) Shade B to show **less** liquid than in A.



c) Shade B to show **the same** liquid as in A.



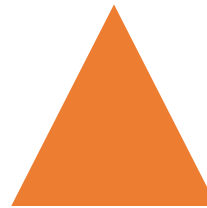
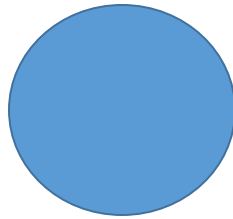
Geometry & Spatial Sense



- 1) 2D Geometry & Symmetry
- 2) 3D Geometry
- 3) Location & Movement

Grade 1 Assessment – 2D Geometry & Symmetry

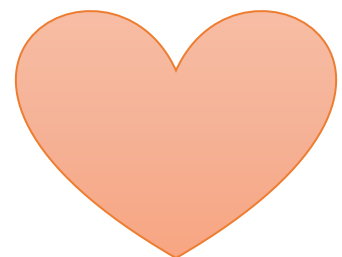
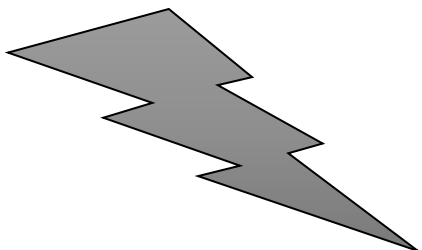
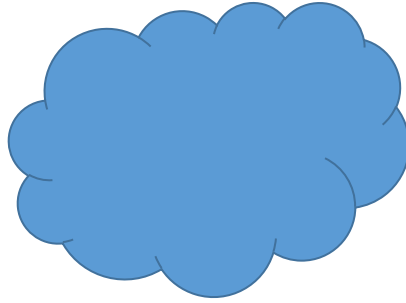
Name: _____



	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding	Demonstrates limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
Part B Problem Solving	Demonstrates limited problem solving skills – major errors. Student has difficulty showing work.	Demonstrates some problem solving skills. Several errors / information missing.	Demonstrates problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. Few errors / information missing.	Demonstrates effective problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. No error.
Part C Communication	Student is rarely able to explain his/her mathematical thinking.	Student has some difficulty explaining mathematical thinking.	Student explains mathematical thinking. Some information may be missing or unclear.	Student effectively explains mathematical thinking.
Part D Application	Applies knowledge and skills learned with major errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with several errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with few errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with no error.

Part A – Understanding

1. Circle all the pictures that have symmetry. Cross out all the shapes that do not.



2. Colour the following shapes:

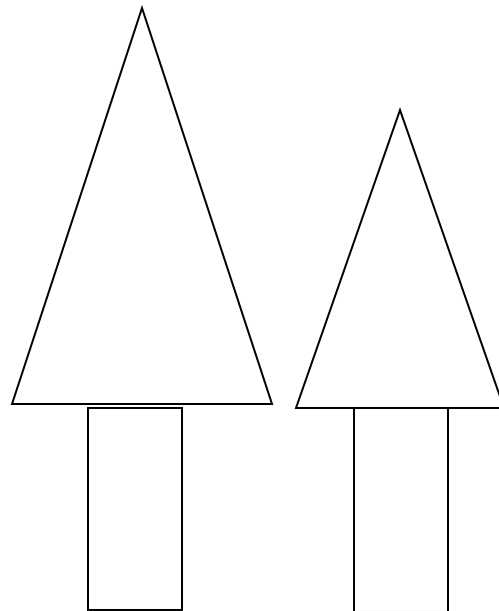
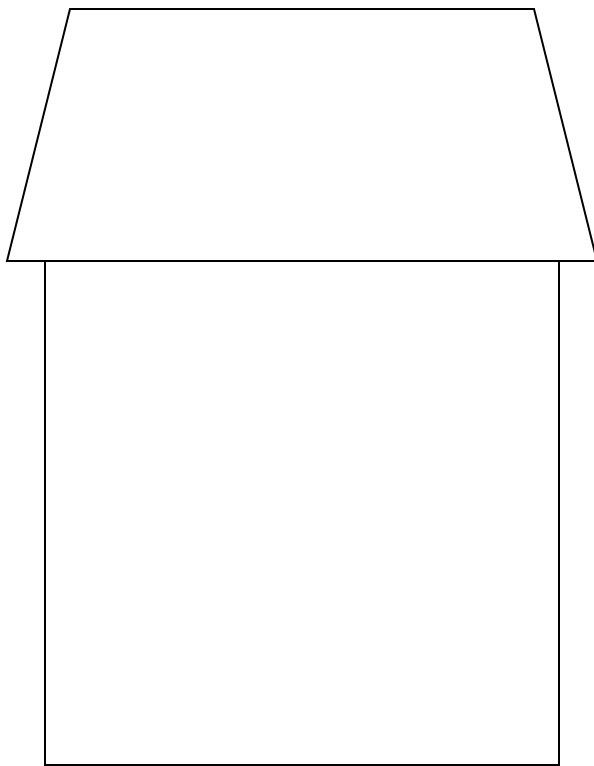
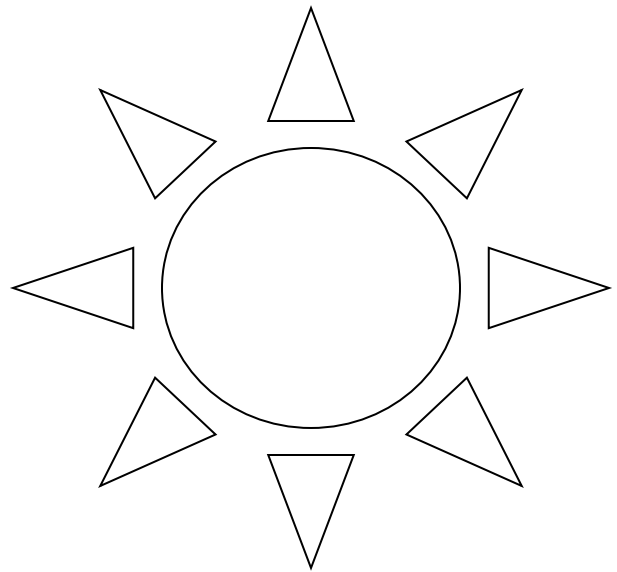
Square – orange

Triangle – green

Rectangle – brown

Circle – yellow

Trapezoid - red

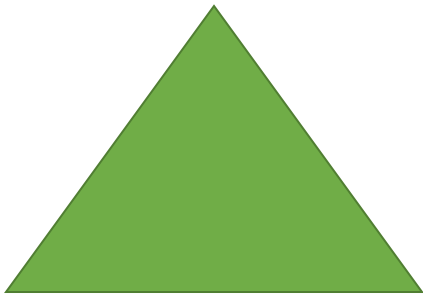


3. For each shape below, tell how many sides and how many vertices (corners) there are.



_____ sides

_____ vertices (corners)



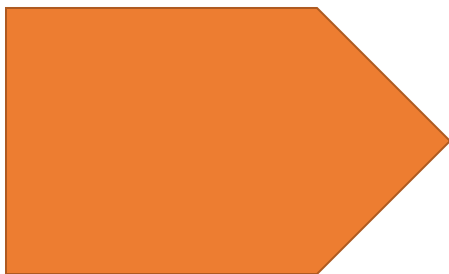
_____ sides

_____ vertices (corners)



_____ sides

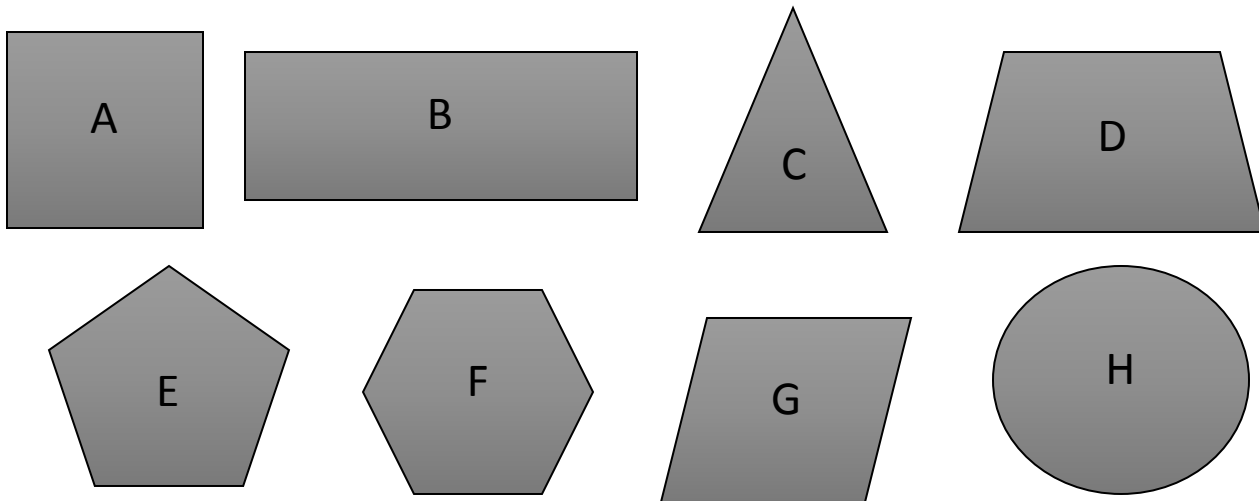
_____ vertices (corners)



_____ sides

_____ vertices (corners)

Part B – Problem Solving



a) Which shapes have all equal sides?

Shapes: _____

b) Which shape has no vertices (corners): _____

c) Which shapes have 4 sides?

Shapes: _____

d) Which shape has 6 vertices/corners? _____

e) Name 2 shapes that have 8 vertices/corners altogether.

Shapes: _____ and _____

f) Name 2 shapes that have 8 sides altogether.

Shapes: _____ and _____

g) Which shape does not have a line of symmetry?

Shape: _____

h) Tell one shape that has more than one line of symmetry.

Shape: _____

2. Use the shapes your teacher gives you. Cut the shapes out carefully. Fold to find the lines of symmetry. Draw the lines of symmetry in and glue them below. Use a ruler!

3. Many letters in the alphabet have symmetry. Which word below has the most lines of symmetry? The least?

C A T

= _____ lines of symmetry

F I S H

= _____ lines of symmetry

S N A K E

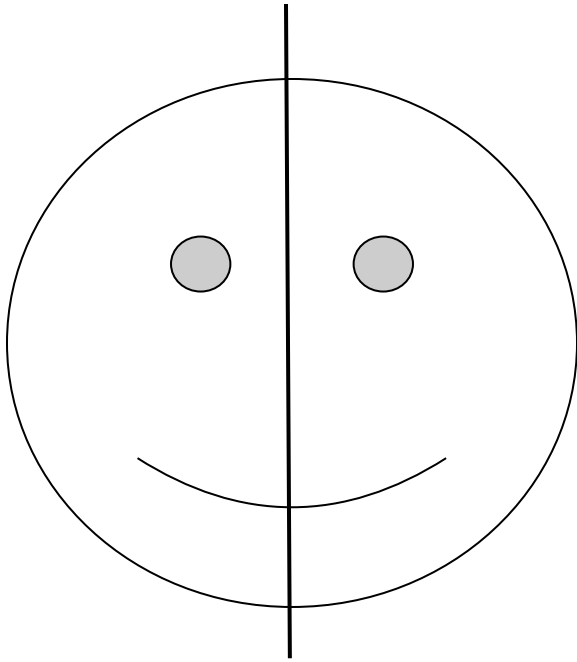
= _____ lines of symmetry

_____ has the most lines of symmetry.

_____ has the least lines of symmetry.

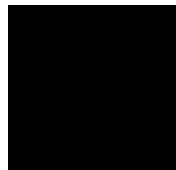
Part C – Communication

1. Mary drew the line of symmetry on the picture below. Did she draw it in the right place? How do you know?



Yes or No

2. Circle one of the shapes below. Write 3 sentences to tell about the shape. Include: the name of the shape, the number of sides, the number of vertices/corners.

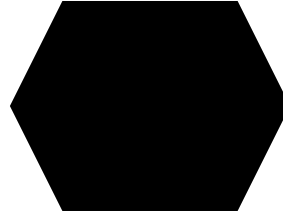
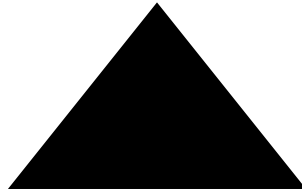
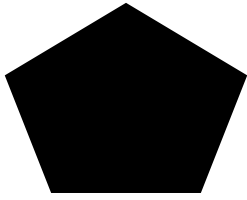


1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. Circle one of the shapes below. Write 3 sentences to tell about the shape. Include: the name of the shape, the number of sides, the number of vertices/corners.

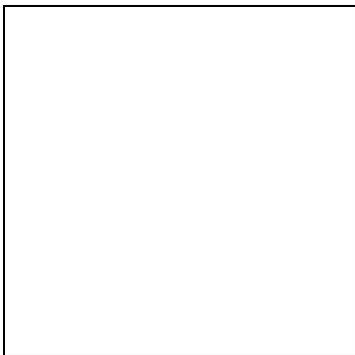


1. _____

2. _____

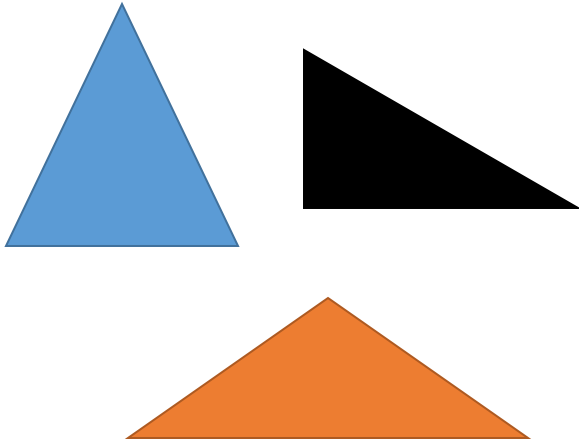
3. _____

4. Tell why a square is also called a quadrilateral.



Can you name another quadrilateral? _____

5. Look at the shapes in each set. Write to tell the sorting rule. What is the same about each shape?



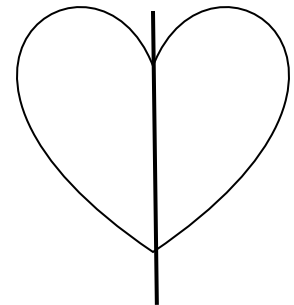
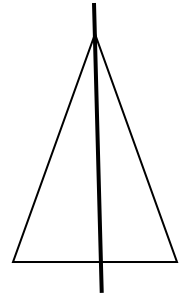
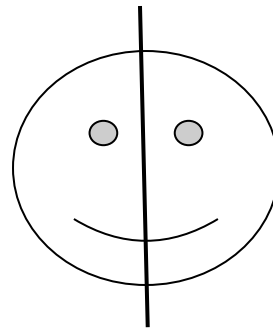
Sorting Rule: _____



Sorting Rule: _____



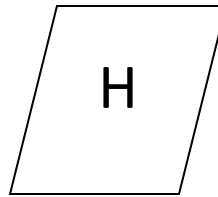
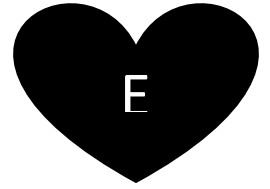
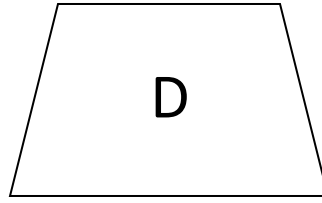
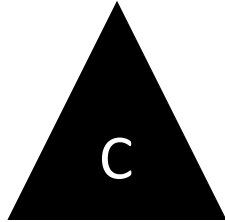
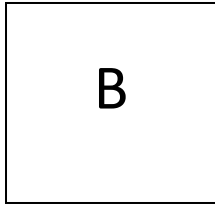
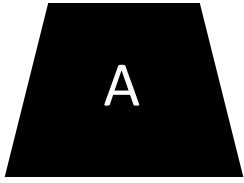
Sorting Rule: _____



Sorting Rule: _____

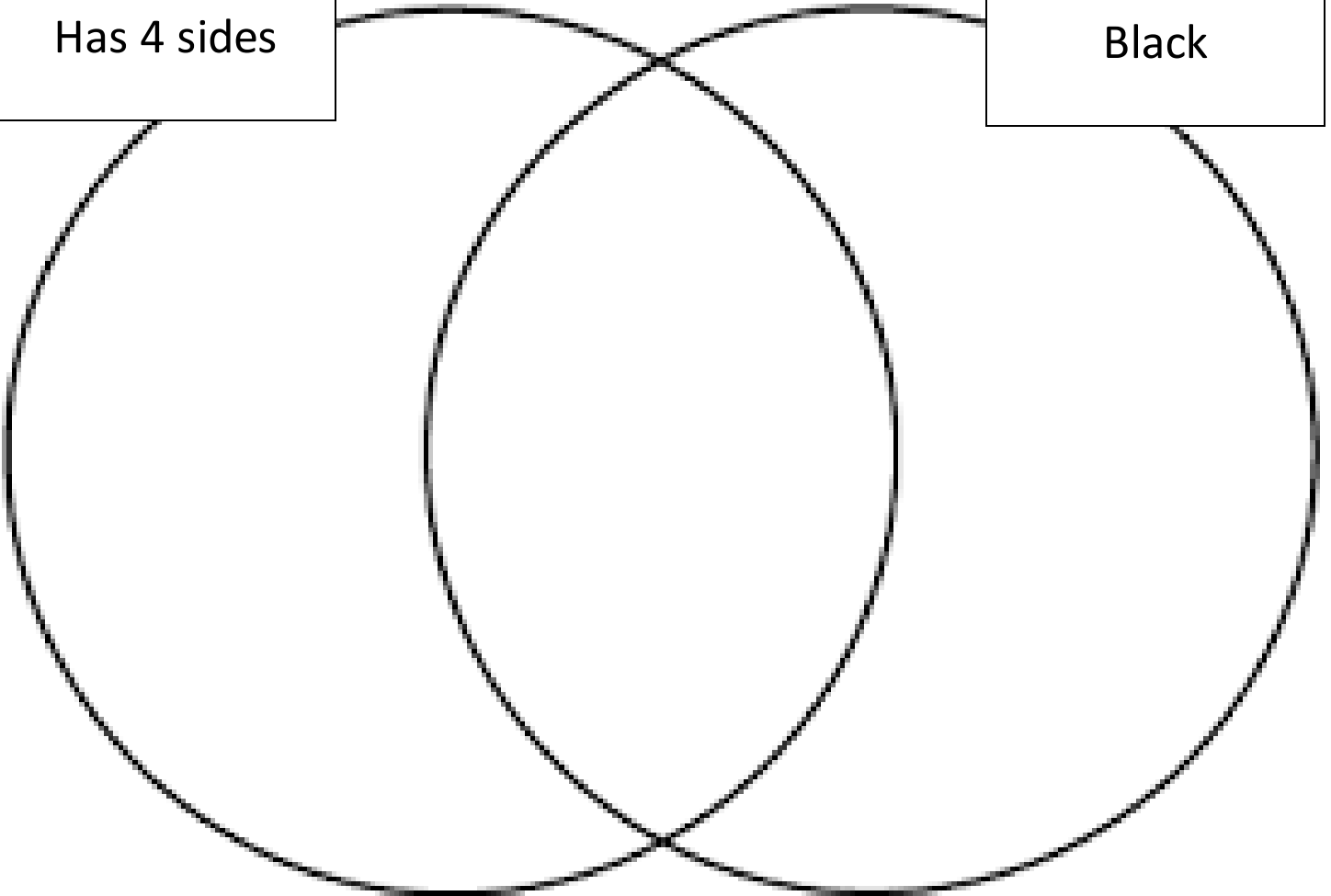
Part D – Application

1. Sort the shapes below in the venn diagram. Write the letter of the shape in the venn diagram.



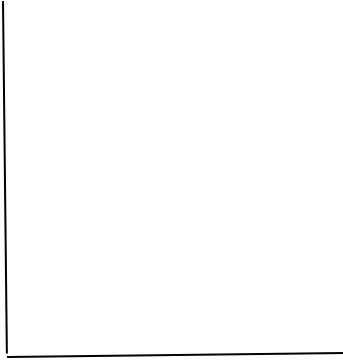
Has 4 sides

Black

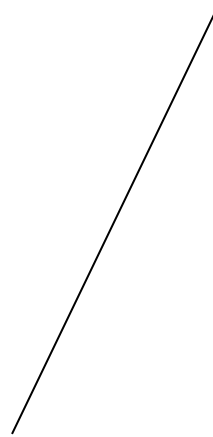


2. The shapes below are not finished! Finish the shapes. Use a ruler!

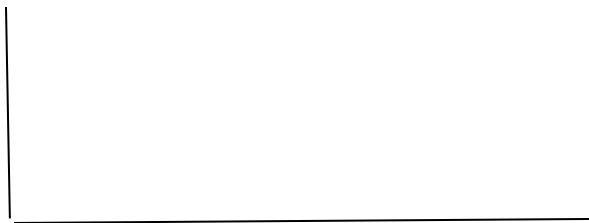
Finish the square



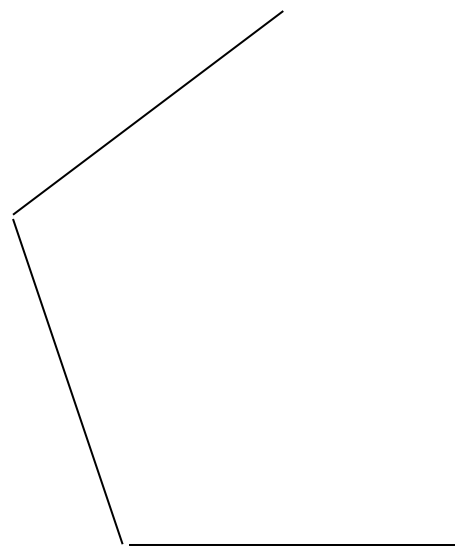
Finish the triangle



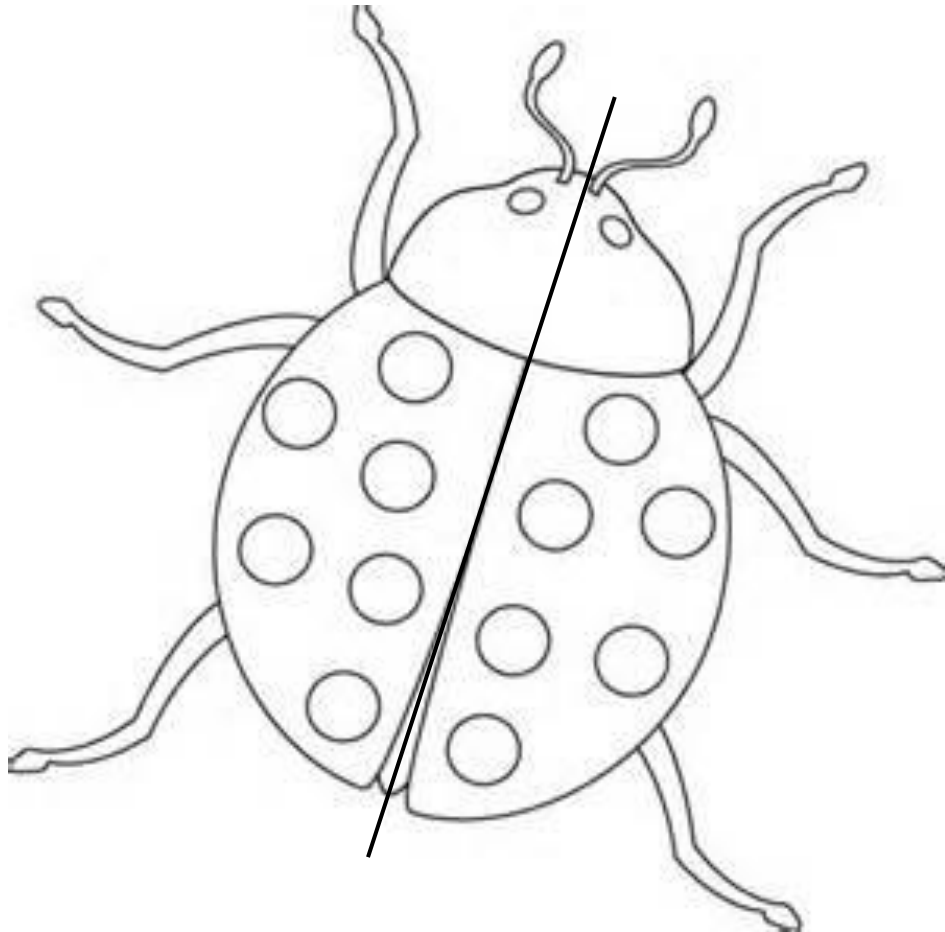
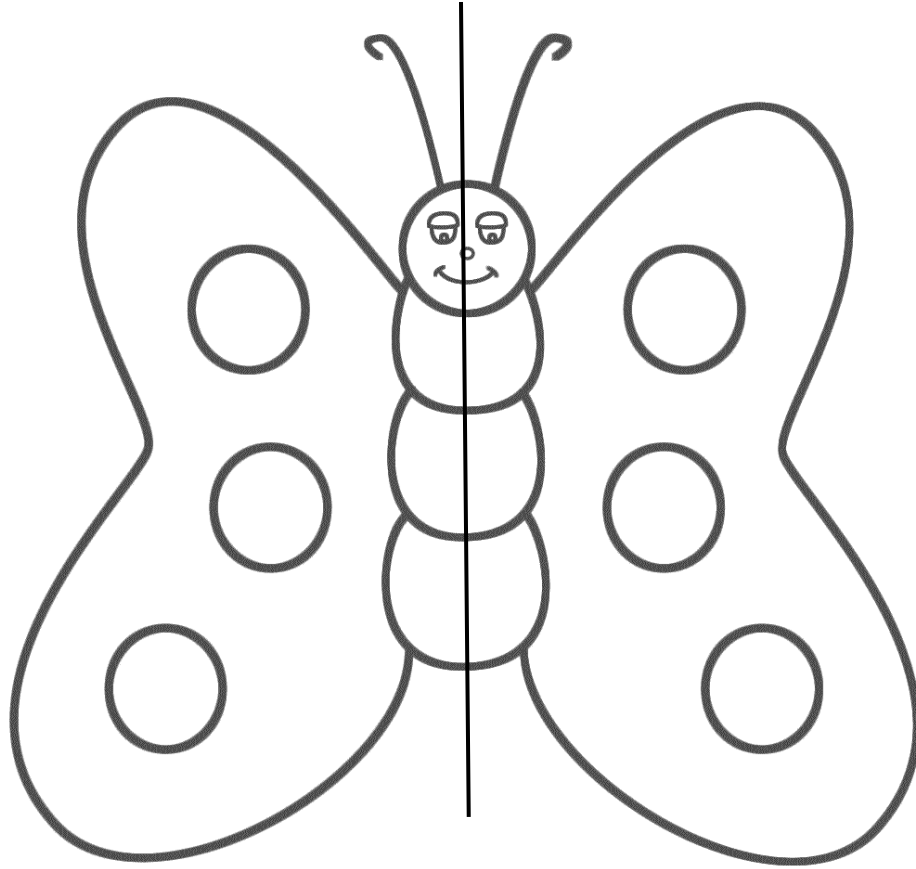
Finish the rectangle



Finish the pentagon

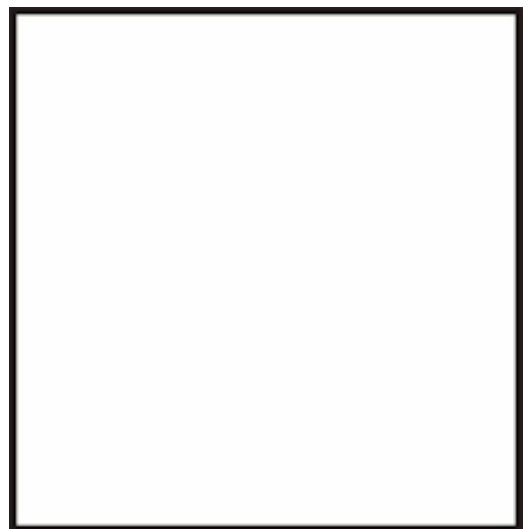
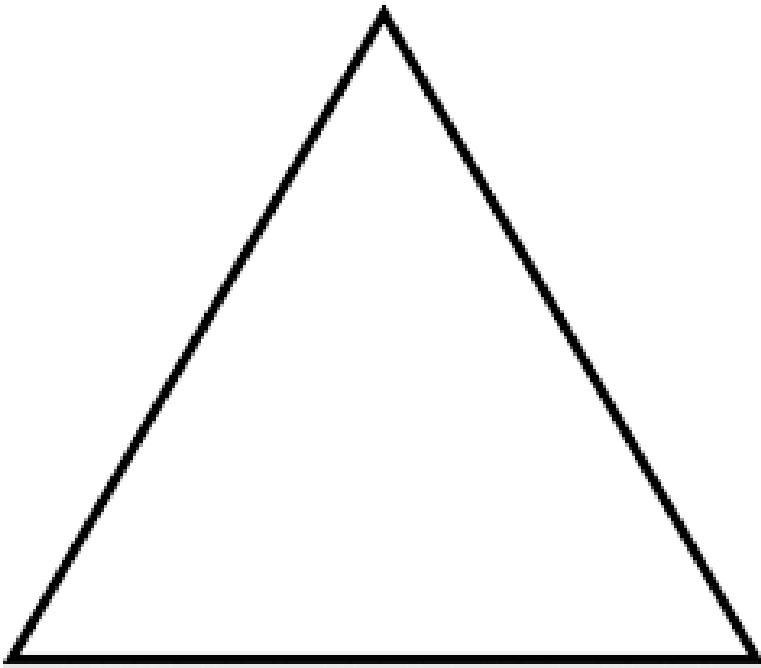
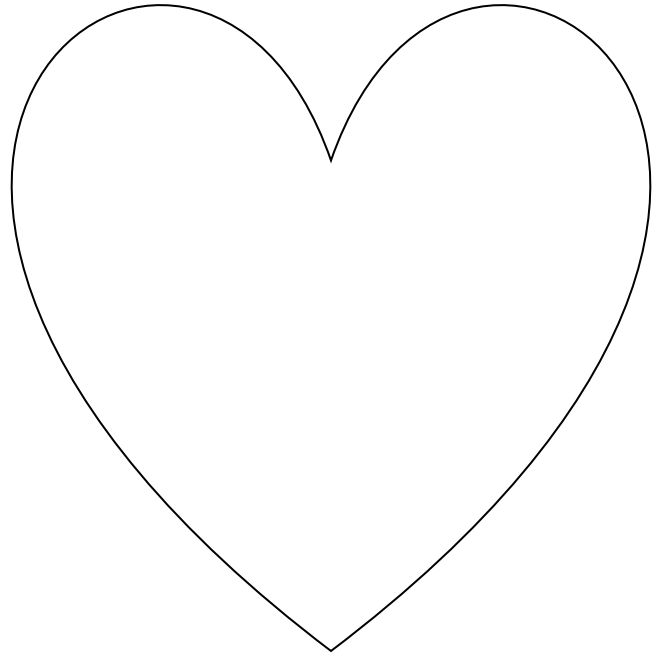
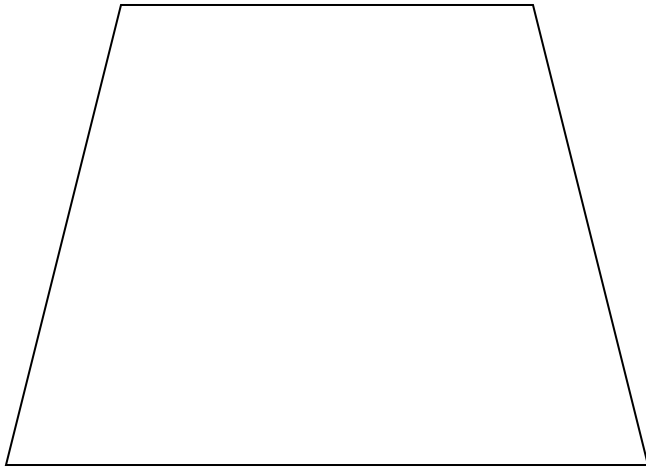


3. Colour each picture so that they have symmetry.



Shapes to Cut & Fold

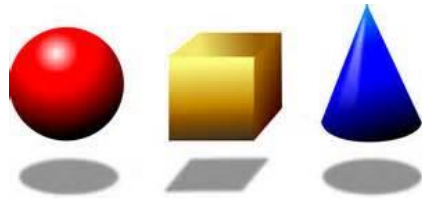
Part B – Question 2



Name: _____

Grade 1 Assessment

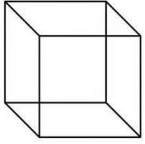
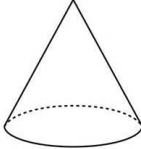
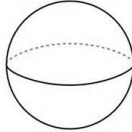

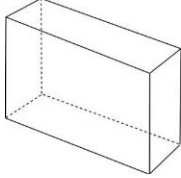
3D Geometry



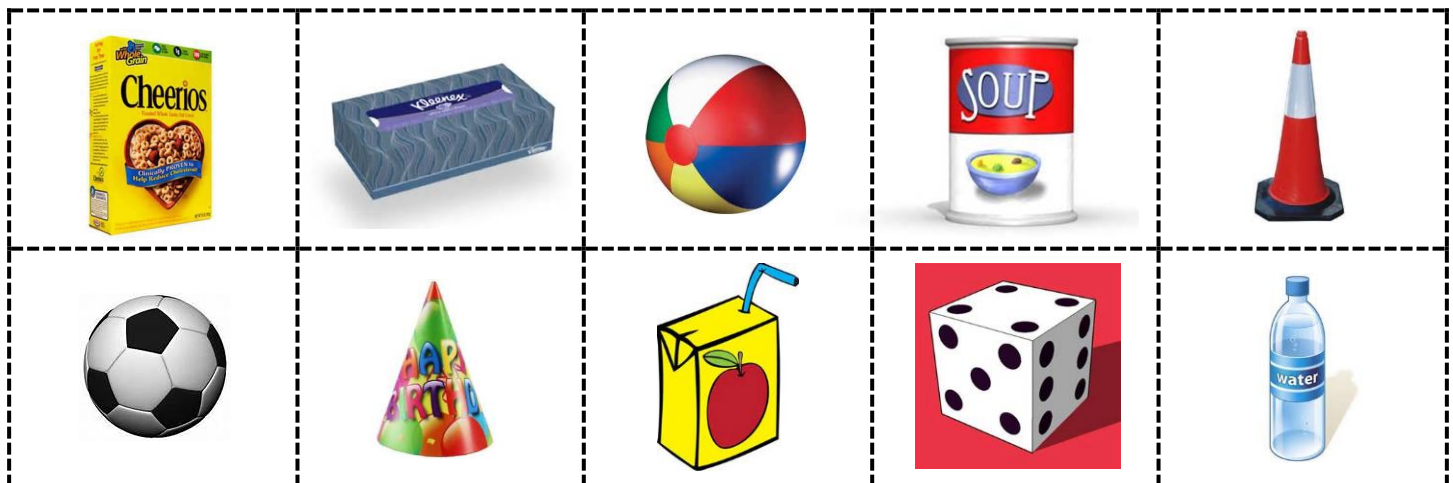
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding	Demonstrates limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
Part B Problem Solving	Demonstrates limited problem solving skills – major errors. Student has difficulty showing work.	Demonstrates some problem solving skills. Several errors / information missing.	Demonstrates problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. Few errors / information missing.	Demonstrates effective problem solving skills using pictures, numbers, words. No error.
Part C Communication	Student is rarely able to explain his/her mathematical thinking.	Student has some difficulty explaining mathematical thinking.	Student explains mathematical thinking. Some information may be missing or unclear.	Student effectively explains mathematical thinking.
Part D Application	Applies knowledge and skills learned with major errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with several errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with few errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with no error.

Part A – Understanding

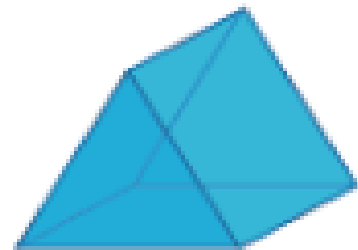
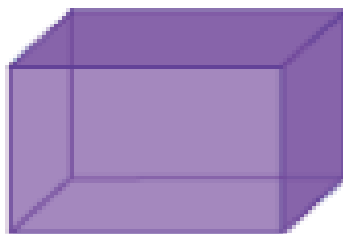
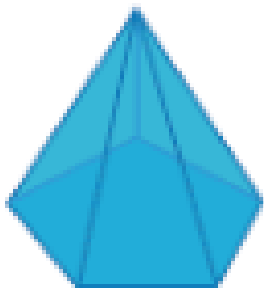
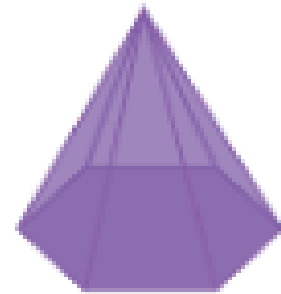
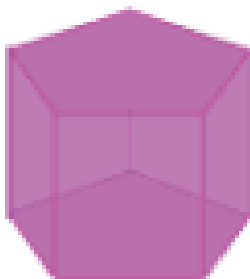
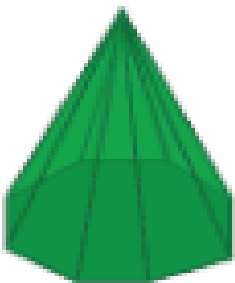
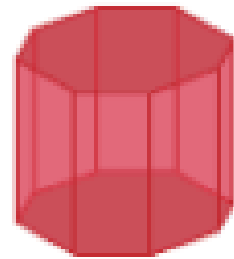
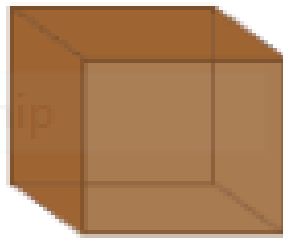
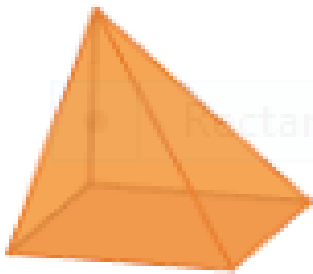
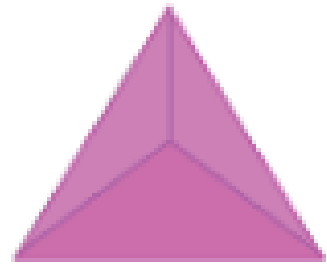
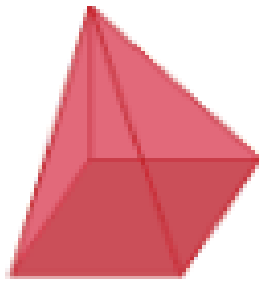
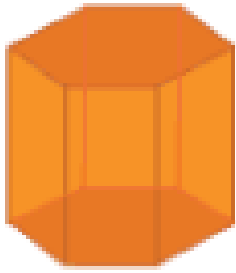
1. Complete the chart by gluing the objects under the correct heading.

				
Cube	Cone	Sphere	Cylinder	Rectangular Prism

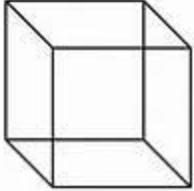
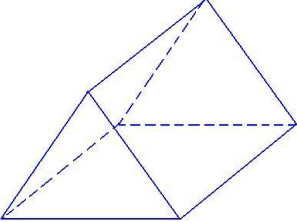
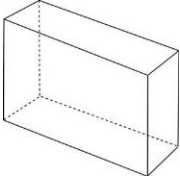
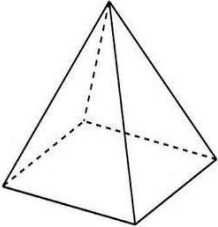
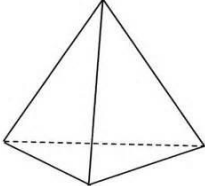
Images to cut out.



2. Tell whether each shape is a **prism** or a **pyramid**.

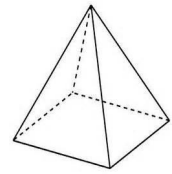
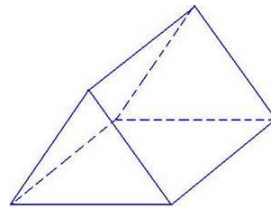
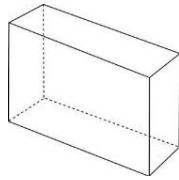
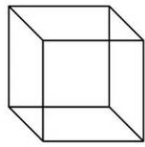
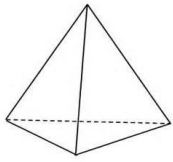


3. Use your 3D solids to complete the chart.

Shape	Number of Faces	Number of Edges	Number of Vertices (corners)
 cube			
 triangular prism			
 Rectangular prism			
 Square pyramid			
 Triangular Pyramid			

Part B – Problem Solving

1. Use your 3D solids to help you answer the questions below.



triangular
pyramid

cube

rectangular
prism

triangular
prism

square
pyramid

a) Name a solid that has 6 faces. _____

b) Name a solid that has a square in it. _____

c) Name a solid that has 2 triangles in it. _____

d) Name a solid that has 6 edges. _____

e) Name a solid made of all rectangles. _____

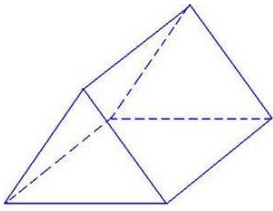
f) Name a solid with 4 triangle faces. _____

g) Name 2 solids with a total of 10 vertices.
_____ and _____

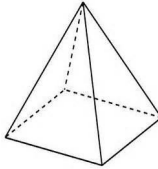
h) Name 2 solids with a total of 11 faces.
_____ and _____

Part C – Communication

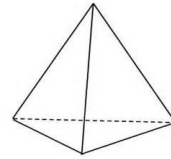
1. Circle ONE of the shapes below. Write to tell what you know about the shape. Use your 3D shapes to help you.



triangular prism

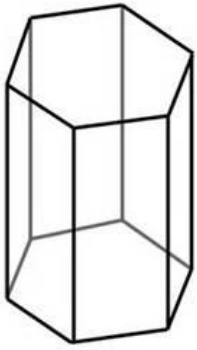


square pyramid

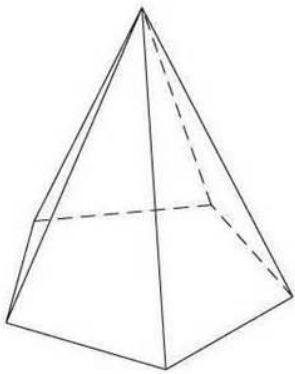


triangular pyramid

2. Fill in the blanks.

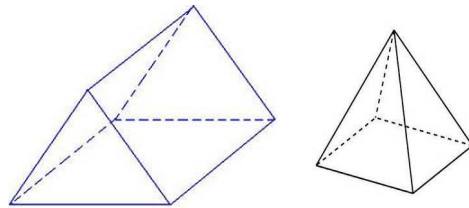


This is a prism. A prism has _____
bases. A prism has _____
sides.



This is a pyramid. A pyramid has _____
base. A pyramid has _____
sides.

3. Look at the 2 solids. Tell one way they are the same and one way they are different.



SAME	DIFFERENT

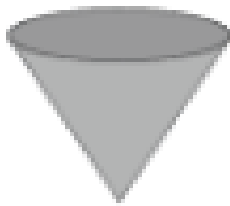
Part D – Application

1. Use your 3D solids. Draw the shapes that make up each solid below.

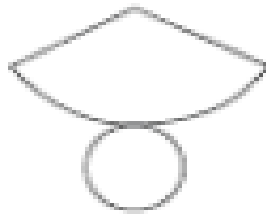
Name	Shapes
Cube	
Square Pyramid	
Triangular Prism	
Pentagonal Pyramid	

Choose the correct net for each solid shape.

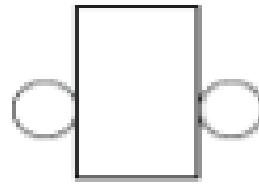
1)



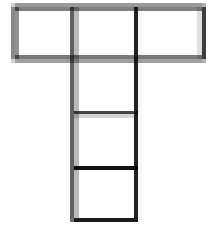
a)



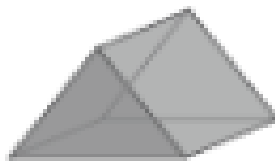
b)



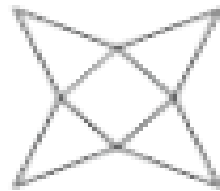
c)



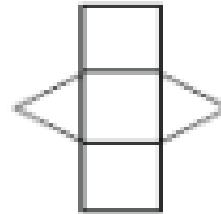
2)



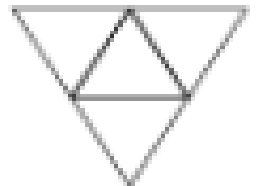
a)



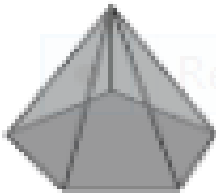
b)



c)



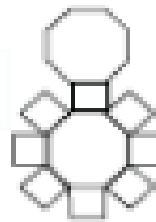
3)



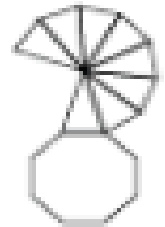
a)



b)



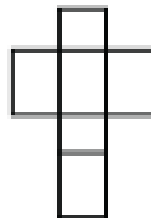
c)



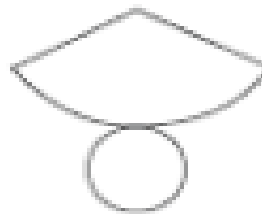
4)



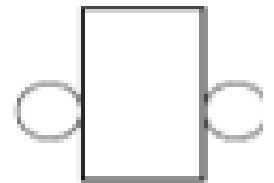
a)



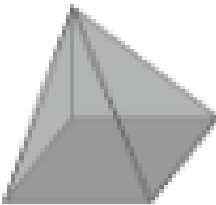
b)



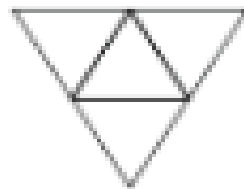
c)



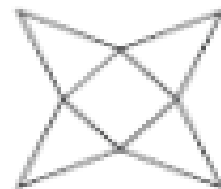
5)



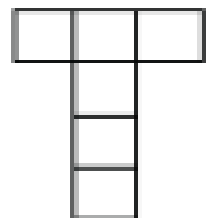
a)



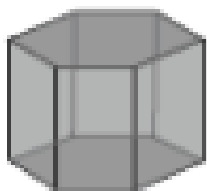
b)



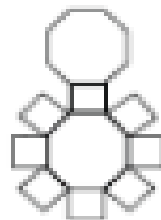
c)



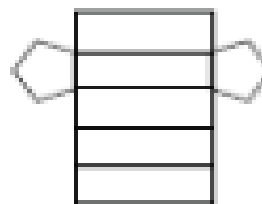
6)



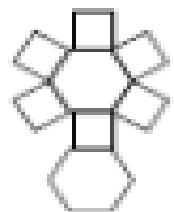
a)



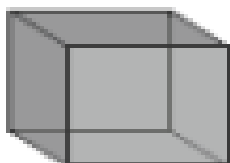
b)



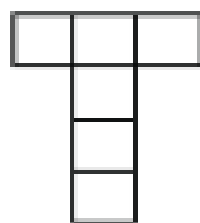
c)



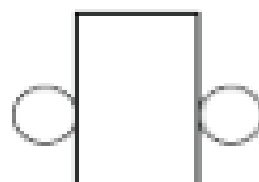
7)



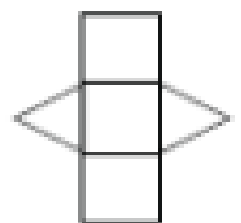
a)



b)



c)



Grade 1 Quiz

Location & Movement

Name: _____

in



on



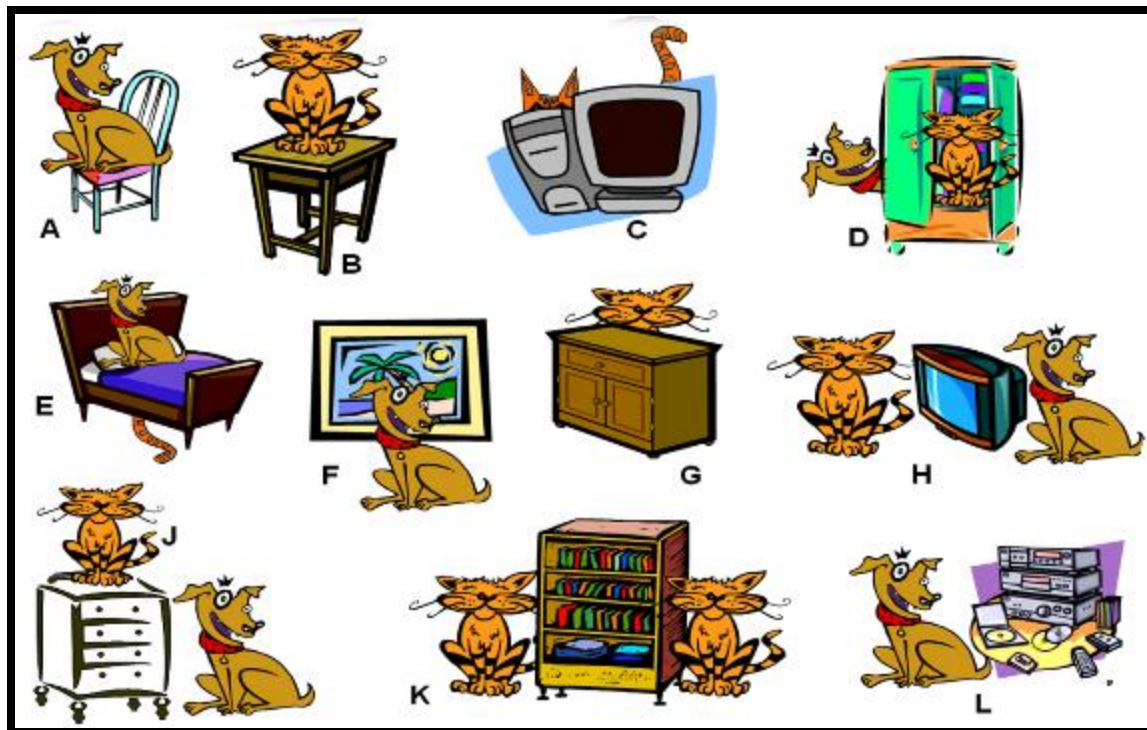
under



	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding	Demonstrates limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
Part B Communication	Student is rarely able to explain his/her mathematical thinking.	Student has some difficulty explaining mathematical thinking.	Student explains mathematical thinking. Some information may be missing or unclear.	Student effectively explains mathematical thinking.
Part C Application	Applies knowledge and skills learned with major errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with several errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with few errors.	Applies knowledge and skills learned with no error.

1. Fill in the blanks using words from the word box.

on
under
left
right
up
down
in front of
behind
inside
outside
over



A) The dog is _____ the chair.

B) The cat is _____ the table.

C) The cat is _____ the computer.

D) The cat is _____ the cupboard.

E) The dog is _____ the bed.

F) The dog is _____ the painting.

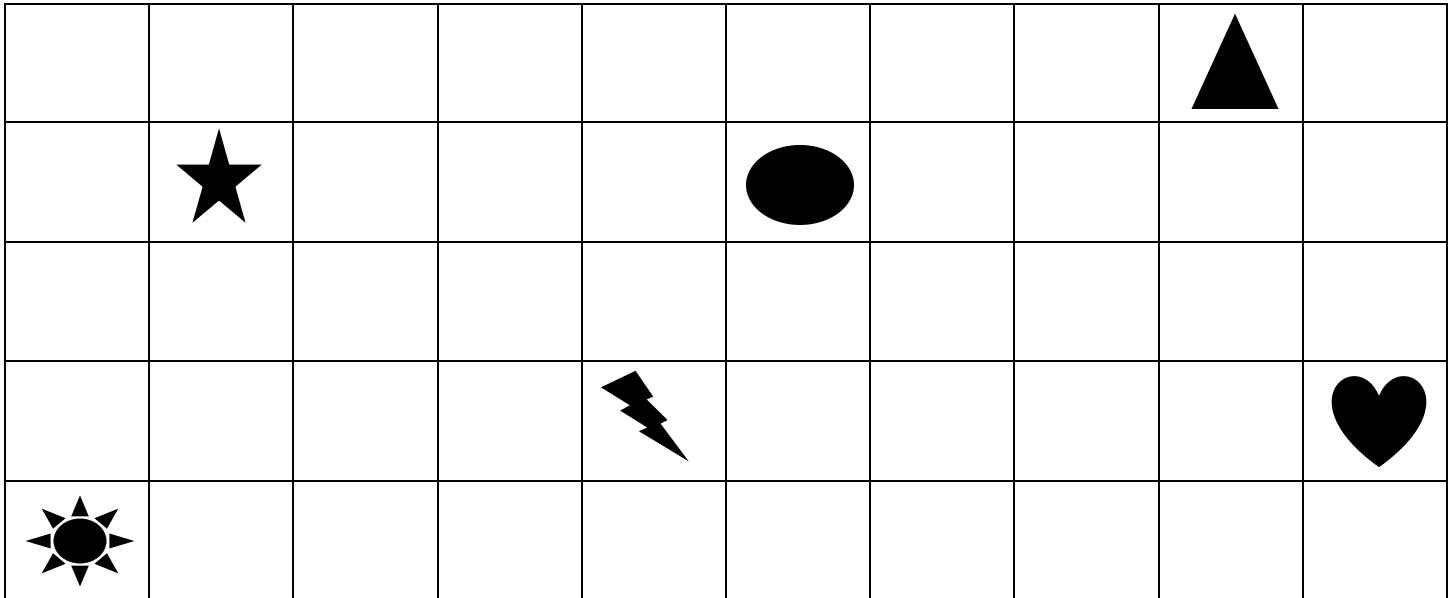
G) The cat is _____ the computer.

H) The cat is on the _____ of the tv. The dog is on the _____ of the tv.

J) The cat is _____ the dog.


K) The cats are _____ the dresser.

2. Use the grid. Draw the shape at the end of each direction.



a) Start at . Go 4 squares right and 3 squares up. What shape did you land on? _____

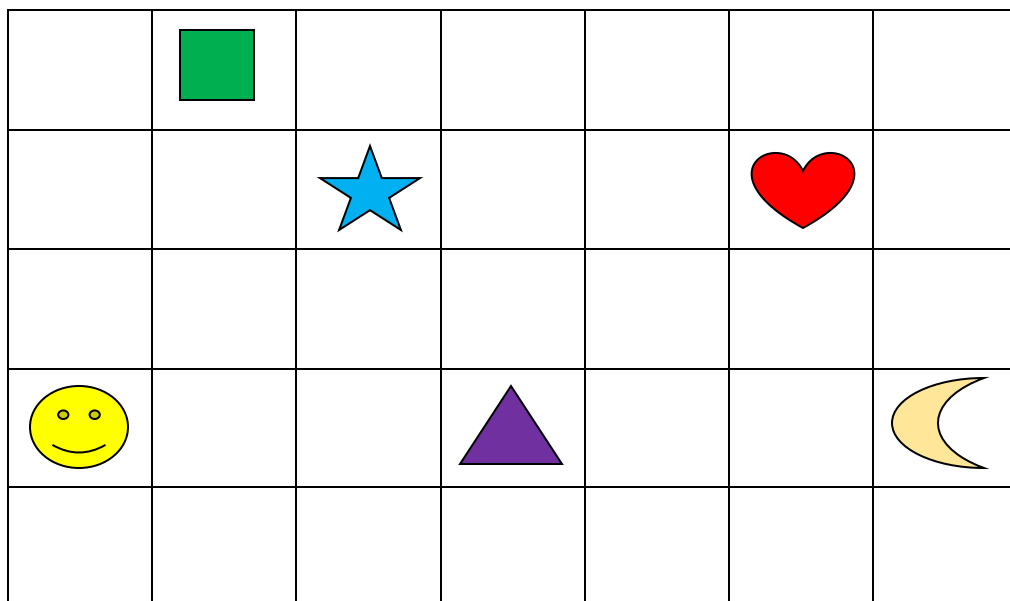
b) Start at . Go 3 squares up and 5 squares right. What shape did you land on? _____

c) Start at . Go 3 squares down and 4 squares left. What shape did you land on? _____

d) Start at the . Go 2 squares up, 3 squares left, 3 squares down, 6 squares left. What shape did you land on? _____

Part B – Communication

1. Write directions to get from one shape to the other.



WORD BOX




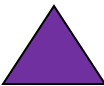


left

right

up

down

spaces

Start at	Directions	End at
		
		
		

2. Use the 100's cart. Write the directions to go from the start number to the end number.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

WORD BOX

left

right

up

down

spaces

Start at	Directions	End at
7		82
67		3
100		41
5		64

Part C – Application





1. Follow the directions to complete the picture.



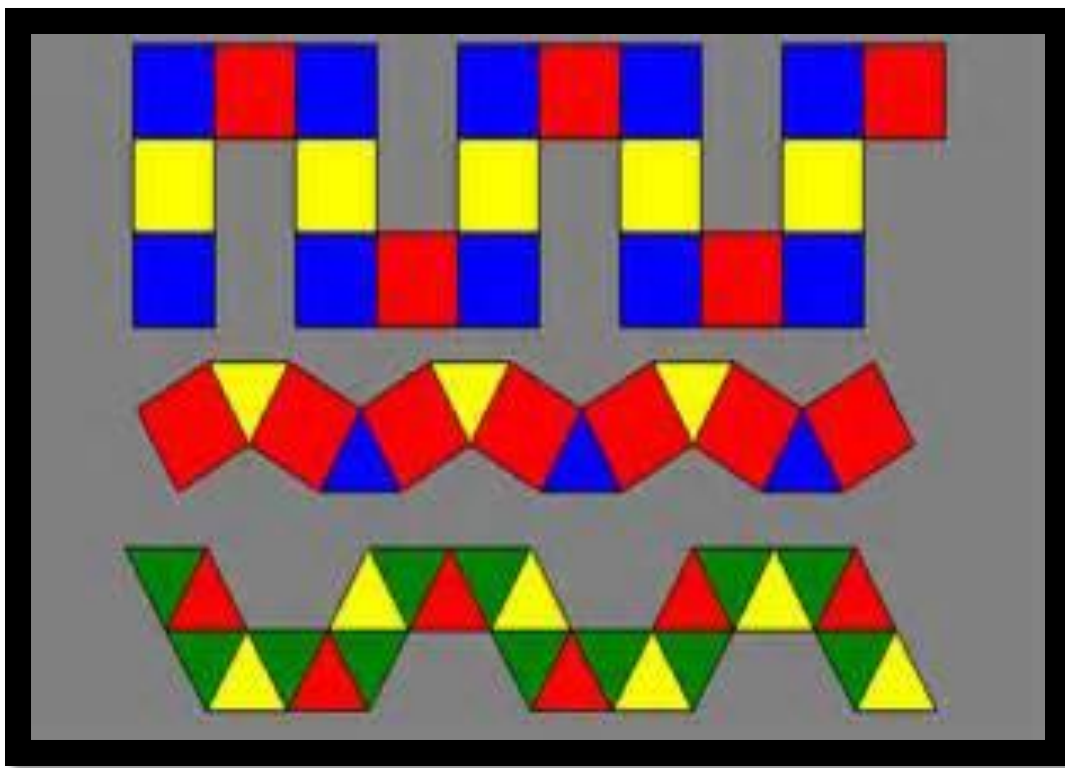
1. Draw a sun **above** the tree.
2. Draw a rainbow **over** the house.
3. Draw a flower **under** the tree.
4. Draw a picture of you on the **right** side of the house.
5. Draw a car on the **left** side of the house.
6. Draw a bird **inside** the cloud.

2. Follow the directions.

		C							
								B	
						D			
A									

1. Start at **A**. Go 3 squares **right**. Go 2 squares **up**. Draw a 
2. Start at **B**. Go 5 squares **left**. Go 3 squares **down**. Draw an 
3. Start at **C**. Go 7 squares **down**. Go 5 squares **right**.
Draw a 
4. Start at **D**. Go 2 squares **left**. Go 2 squares **down**. Draw
a 

Patterning & Algebra



- 1) Patterning
- 2) Expressions & Equality

Grade 1

Patterning Assessment

Name: _____



	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
PART A Understanding	Demonstrates a limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
PART B Communication	Student has difficulty explaining his/her mathematical thinking. Major errors.	Student, with some difficulty, can describe their mathematical thinking. Several errors.	Student can describe their mathematical thinking – few errors.	Student can effectively describe their mathematical thinking – no errors.
Part C Application	Student applies limited knowledge and skills learned – major errors.	Student applies some knowledge and skills learned – several errors.	Student applies knowledge & skills learned – few errors.	Student effectively applies knowledge & skills learned with no errors.

PART A – UNDERSTANDING

1. Follow each pattern rule to extend the patterns.

a) **Add 3**

1, 4, 7, _____, _____, _____

b) **Subtract 2**

14, 12, 10, _____, _____, _____

c) **Repeat 1 2 7**

1, 2, 7, 1, 2, 7, 1, 2, _____, _____, _____

d) **Subtract 3**

16, 13, 10, _____, _____, _____

e) **Repeat 3 5 5**

3, 5, 5, 3, 5, 5, 3, 5, 5, 3, 5, _____, _____, _____

f) **Add 4**

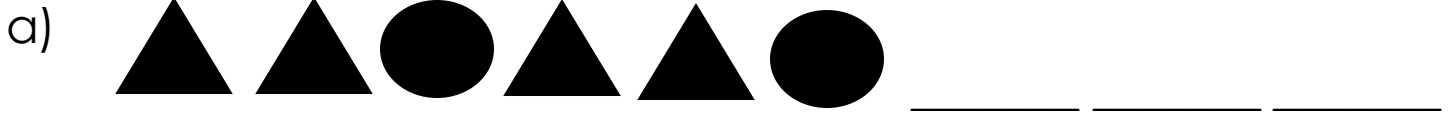
1, 5, 9, _____, _____, _____

g) **Subtract 4**

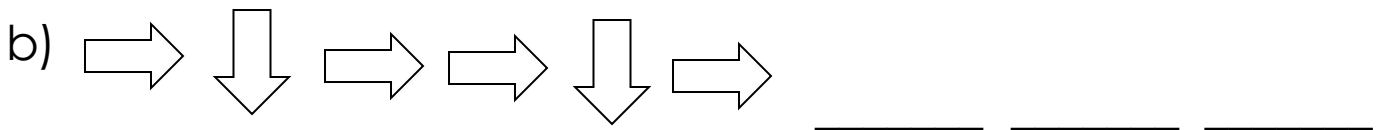
22, 18, 14, _____, _____, _____

2. Tell which attribute is changing, extend the pattern, and circle the core.

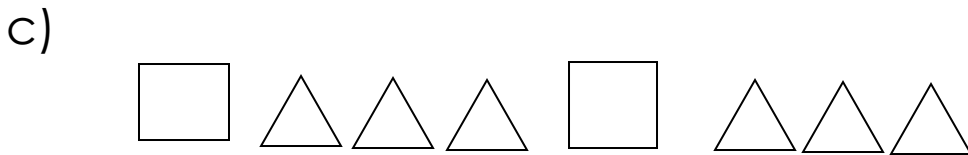
WORD BANK			
	size	shape	
colour	direction	thickness	texture



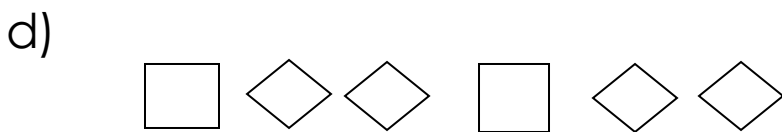
The _____ is changing.



The _____ is changing.



The _____ is changing.



The _____ is changing.

Part B – Communication

1. Tell whether each pattern is a **growing**, **shrinking**, or **repeating** pattern and explain how you know.

a) 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12

This is a _____ pattern. I know because

_____.

b) 1, 3, 4, 1, 3, 4, 1, 3, 4, 1, 3, 4

This is a _____ pattern. I know because

_____.

c) 12, 10, 8, 6, 4, 2

This is a _____ pattern. I know because

_____.

2. Look at each pattern. Write the pattern rule. Extend the pattern.

WORD BANK: add subtract repeat

a) 1, 3, 5, 7, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

b) 2, 5, 8, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

c) 15, 13, 11, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

d) 5, 4, 3, 5, 4, 3, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

e) 15, 12, 9, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

f) 2, 4, 6, 8, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

g) 3, 5, 5, 3, 5, 5, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

h) 18, 15, 12, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

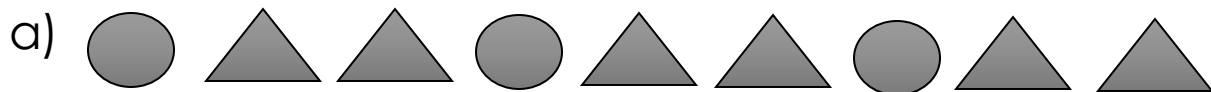
i) 9, 2, 3, 9, 2, 3, _____, _____, _____

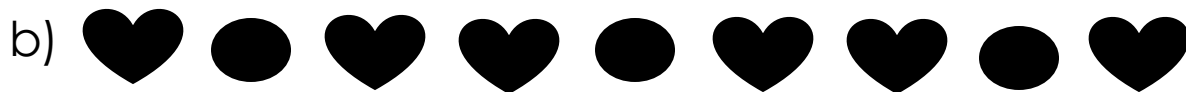
Rule: _____

j) 4, 7, 10, _____, _____, _____

Rule: _____

2. Circle the CORE. Then write a new number and letter pattern.





Part C – Application

1. Write your own growing pattern.

_____ / _____ / _____ / _____ / _____ / _____

2. Write your own shrinking pattern.

_____ / _____ / _____ / _____ / _____ / _____

3. Write your own repeating pattern.

_____ / _____ / _____ / _____ / _____ / _____

4. Draw a pattern where the **shape** changes.



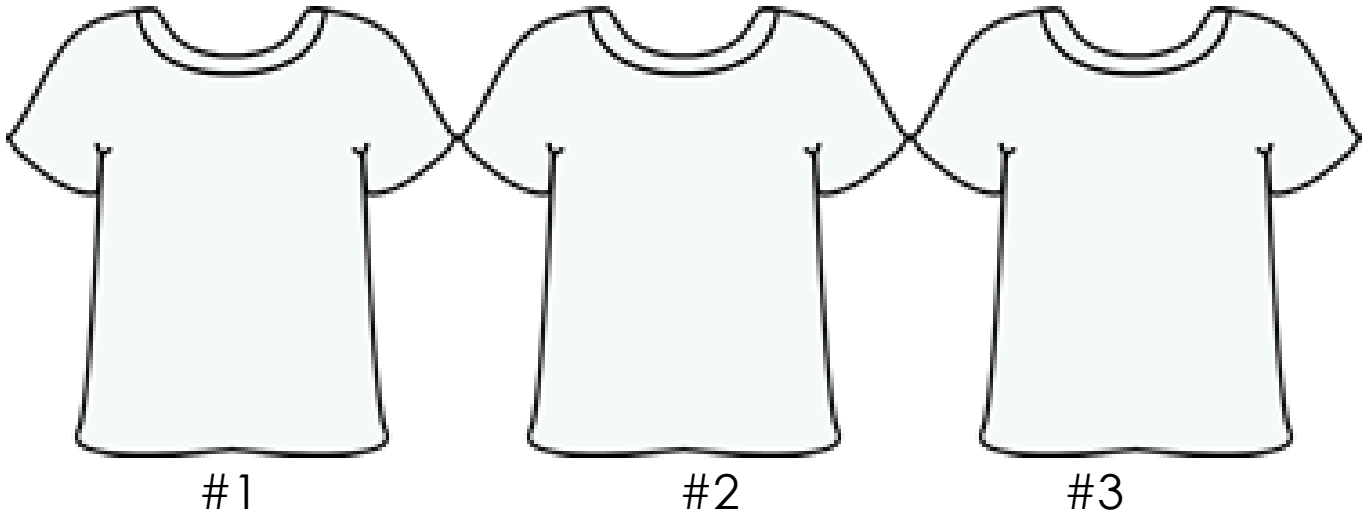
5. Draw a pattern where the **colour** changes.



6. Draw a pattern where the **size** changes.



7. Colour the t-shirts to show 3 different repeating patterns. Tell what the core of each is.

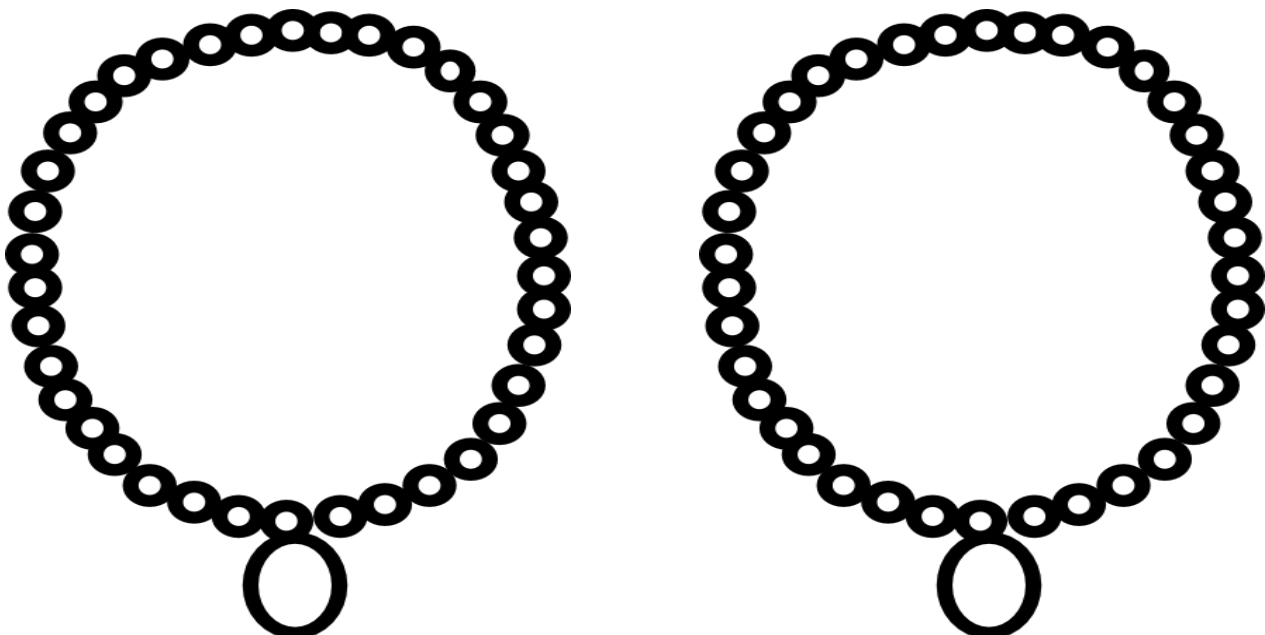


T-shirt # 1: _____

T-shirt #2: _____

T-shirt #3: _____

8. Colour the necklace beads to show 2 different repeating patterns. Circle the core on each.



Grade 1
Expressions & Equality Assessment

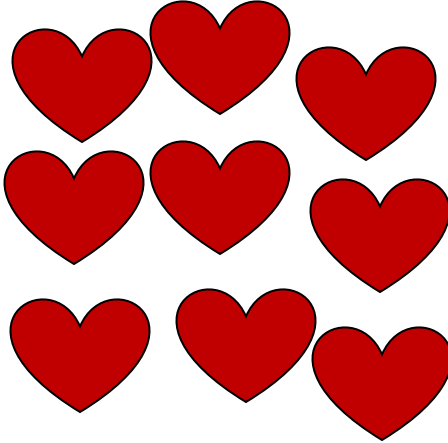
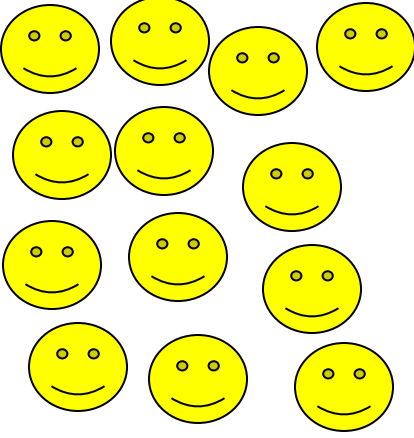
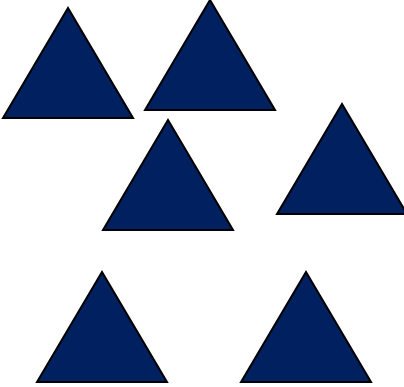
Name: _____



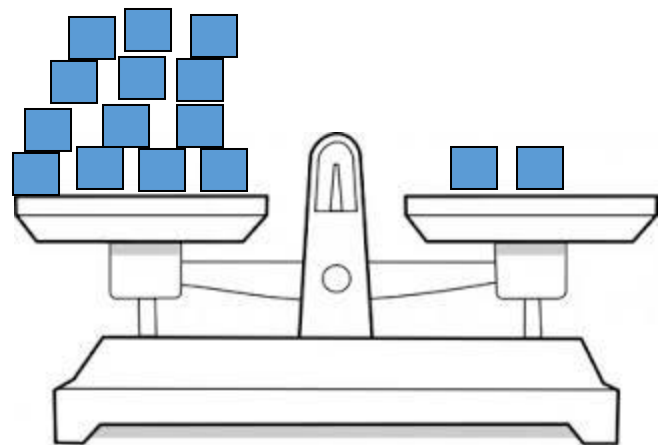
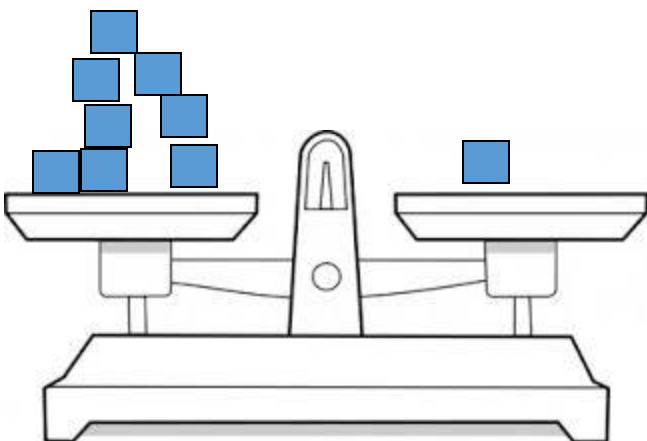
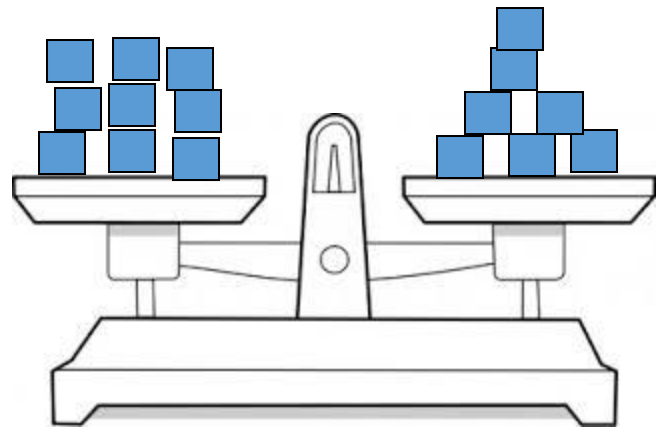
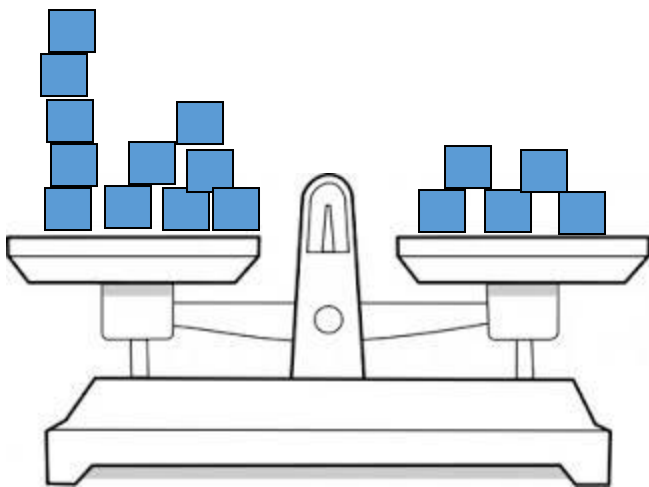
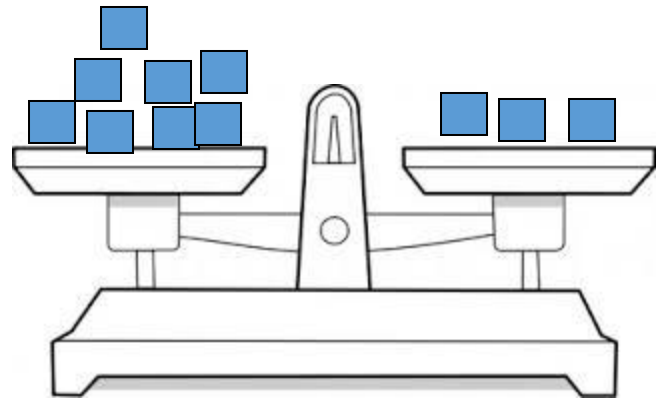
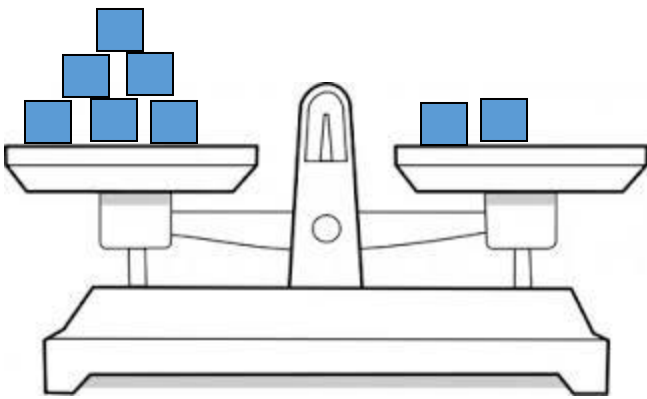
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding	Demonstrates a limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
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Part D Application	Student applies limited knowledge and skills learned – major errors.	Student applies some knowledge and skills learned – several errors.	Student applies knowledge and skills learned – few errors.	Student effectively applies knowledge and skills learned – no errors.

Part A – Understanding

1. Complete the chart. Draw objects **less than** and **greater than** the number of objects in the middle set.

Less than	Objects	Greater than
		
		
		

2. Draw cubes on the right side of the scale so that the scales balance.



3. Put the correct symbol in the space.

> < =
greater than less than equal to

a) 12 _____ 41

b) 49 _____ 42

c) 40 _____ 40

d) 13 _____ 31

e) 24 _____ 27

f) 33 _____ 39

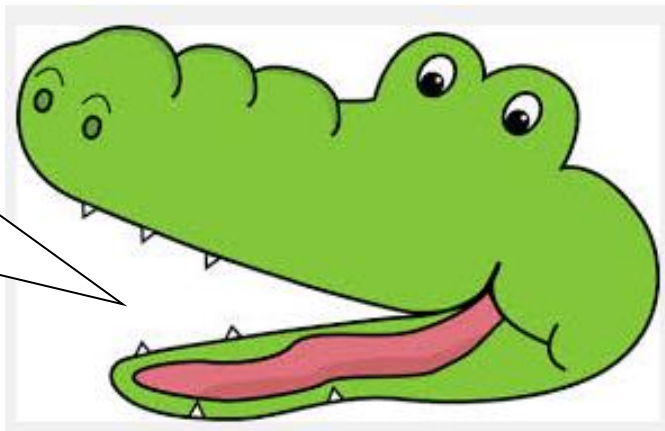
g) 17 _____ 22

h) 15 _____ 35

i) 12 _____ 21

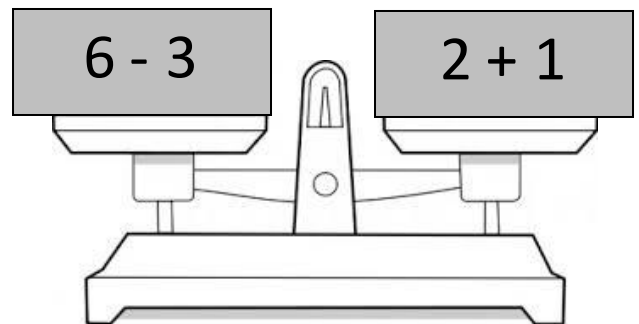
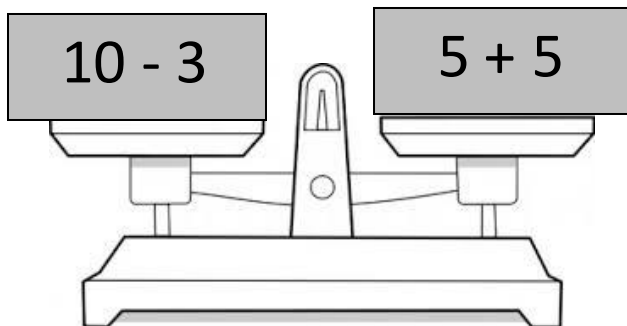
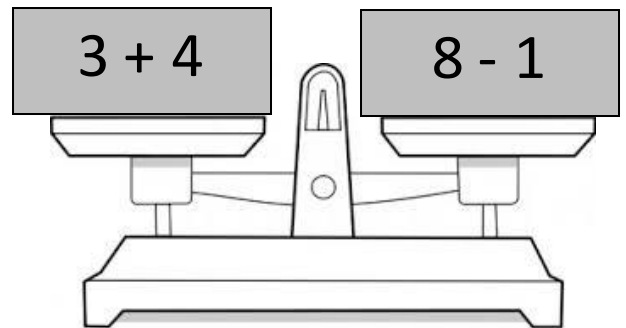
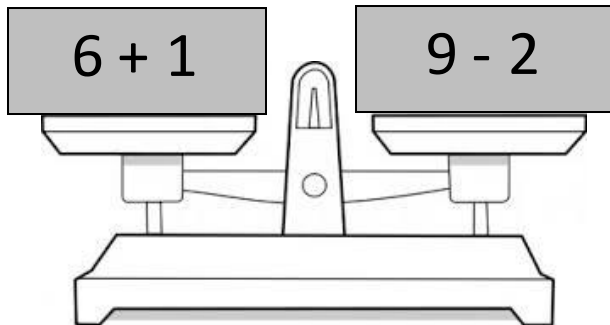
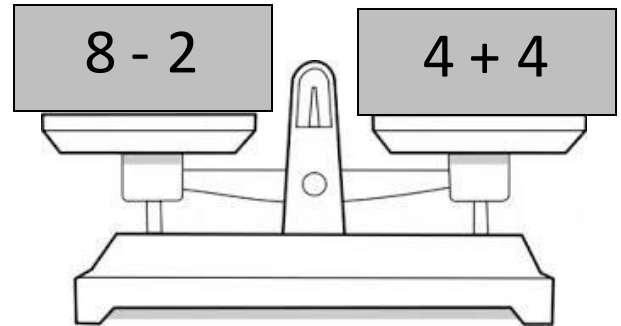
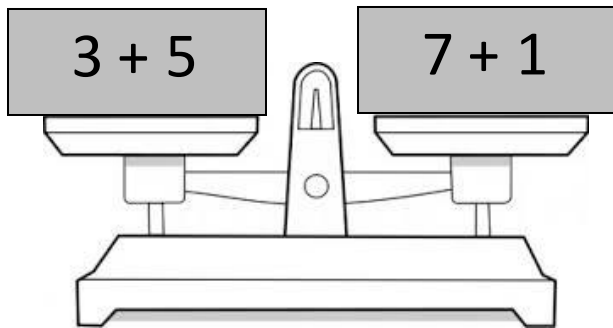
j) 44 _____ 34

YUM YUM!
I love eating
numbers!



Part B – Problem Solving

1. **Circle** the scales that will balance. ~~Cross out~~ the scales that will not.



2. Fill in the missing number for the addition equations. Use counters to help you.

a) $3 + \underline{\quad} = 7$

b) $5 + \underline{\quad} = 8$

c) $2 + \underline{\quad} = 6$

d) $4 + \underline{\quad} = 8$

e) $3 + \underline{\quad} = 10$

f) $1 + \underline{\quad} = 7$

g) $6 + \underline{\quad} = 7$

h) $4 + \underline{\quad} = 9$

3. Fill in the missing number for the subtraction equations. Use counters to help you.

a) $5 - \underline{\quad} = 3$

b) $7 - \underline{\quad} = 4$

c) $10 - \underline{\quad} = 5$

d) $8 - \underline{\quad} = 5$

e) $9 - \underline{\quad} = 3$

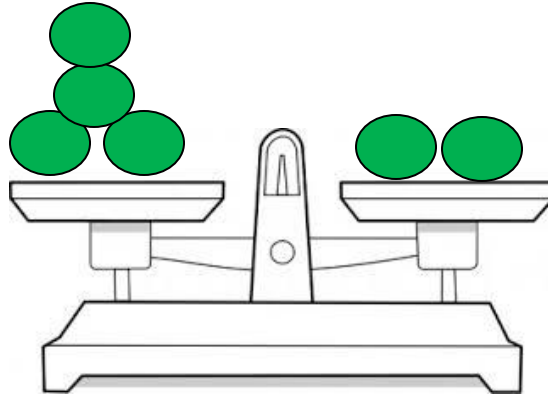
f) $10 - \underline{\quad} = 6$

g) $6 - \underline{\quad} = 2$

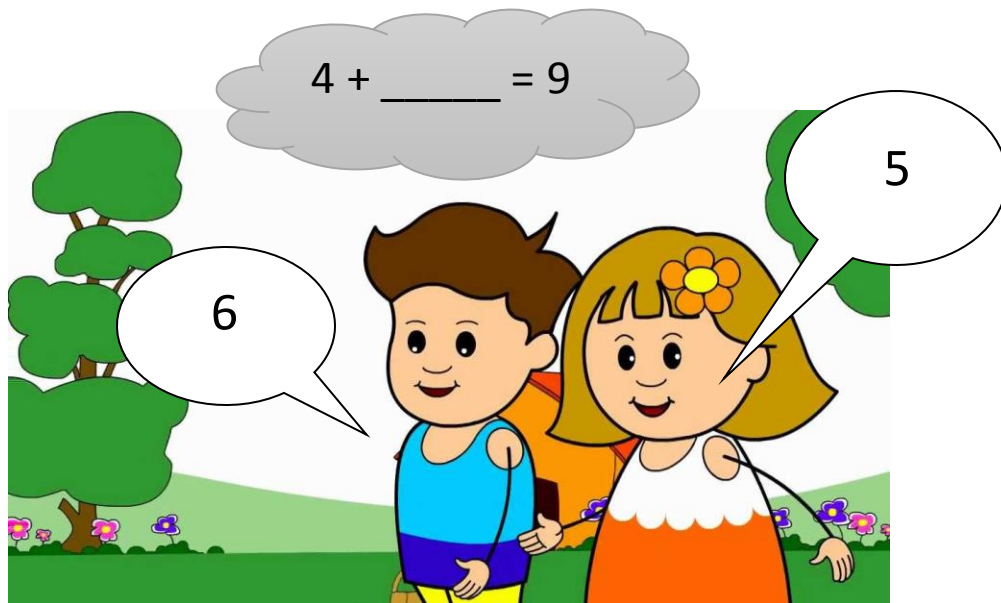
h) $4 - \underline{\quad} = 3$

Part C – Communication

1. Will the scale balance? Tell why or why not.



2. Jack and Jill were fighting over what the missing number was. Who was correct? Tell why.



_____ was correct because _____

Part D – Application

1. Write a missing number to make each statement true. Use your hundreds chart if you need to.

a) $12 < \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b) $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} > 19$

c) $35 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

d) $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} < 42$

e) $18 < \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

f) $39 > \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

g) $23 < \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

h) $40 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2. Fill in each blank with a $+$ or $-$ to make each statement true.

a) $8 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 2 = 10$

b) $7 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 4 = 3$

c) $9 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 7 = 2$

d) $7 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 2 = 9$

e) $10 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 5 = 5$

f) $4 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 4 = 8$

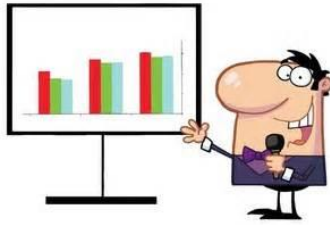
DATA MANAGEMENT & PROBABILITY



- 1) Data Management
- 2) Probability

Grade 1

NAME: _____

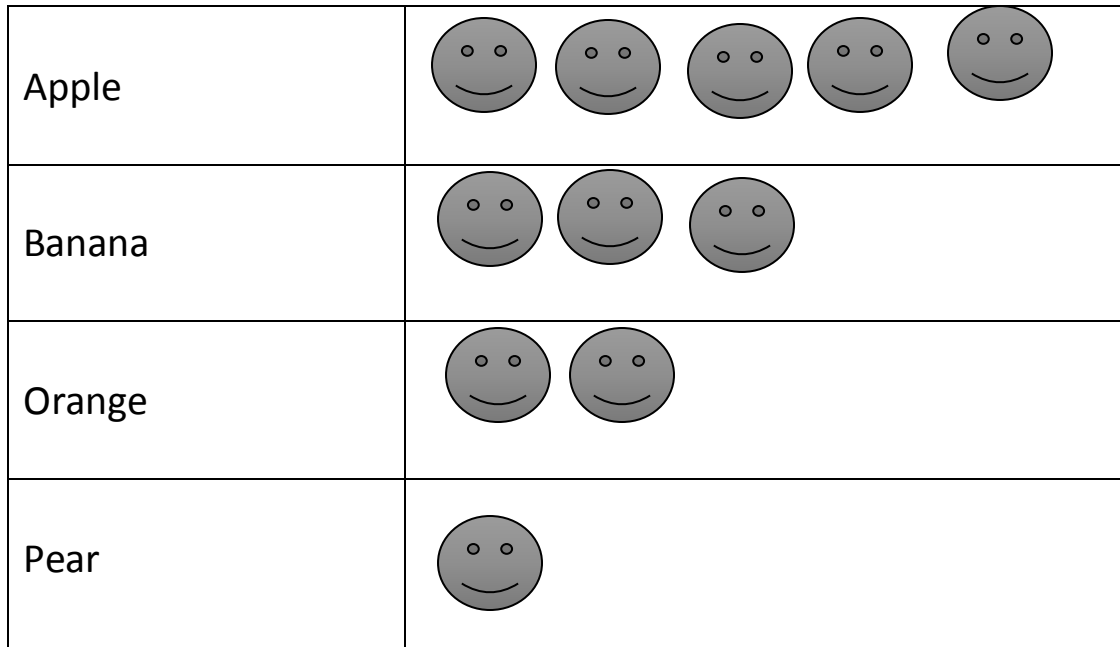


	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Part A Understanding	Student demonstrates a limited understanding of concepts – major errors.	Student demonstrates some understanding of concepts – several errors.	Student demonstrates an understanding of concepts – few errors.	Student demonstrates a thorough understanding of concepts – no error.
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Part D Application	Student applies limited knowledge and skills – 5 or more errors.	Student applies some knowledge and skills – 3 or 4 errors.	Student applies knowledge and skills learned. 1 or 2 errors.	Student effectively applies knowledge and skills learned – no errors.

Part A – Understanding

1. Answer the questions using the pictograph.

Favourite Fruit



- a) What is the most favourite fruit? _____
- b) What is the least favourite fruit? _____
- c) How many students like pears? _____
- d) How many students like bananas? _____
- e) How many students like oranges and pears altogether? _____
- f) How many students voted altogether? _____

2. Count the tally marks.

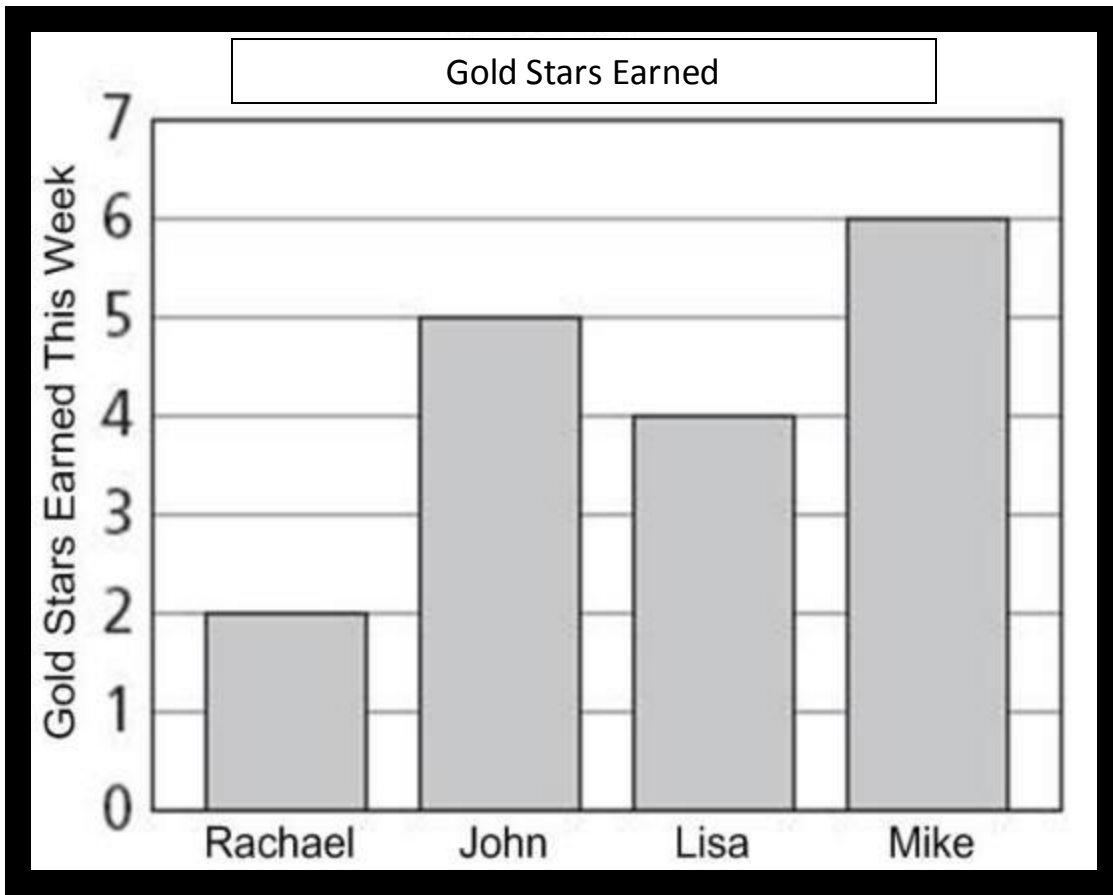
Our Favourite Sports

Sport	Tally	Number of Students
Hockey	 	<input type="text"/>
Soccer	 	<input type="text"/>
Basketball		<input type="text"/>
Gymnastics		<input type="text"/>

3. Complete the tally chart by drawing the tally marks.

color	tally	number
red		<input type="text" value="7"/>
green		<input type="text" value="3"/>
pink		<input type="text" value="5"/>
orange		<input type="text" value="4"/>
purple		<input type="text" value="10"/>
blue		<input type="text" value="9"/>

4. Answer the questions below using the bar graph.



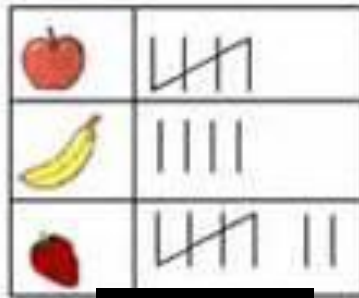
1. Who earned the most gold stars? _____
2. Who earned the least gold stars? _____
3. How many gold stars did John earn? _____
4. How many gold stars did Lisa earn? _____
5. Did Lisa or John earn more gold stars? _____
6. Did John or Mike earn more gold stars? _____

Bonus!

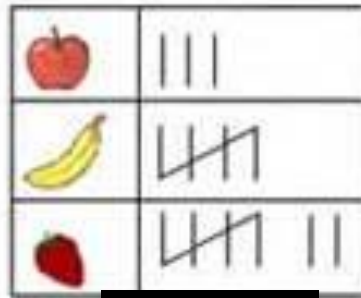
How many gold stars did they earn altogether? _____

Part B – Problem Solving

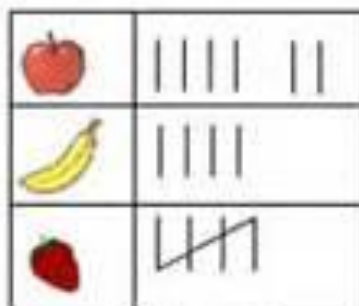
1. Look at the fruit. Circle the tally chart that matches the number of fruit.



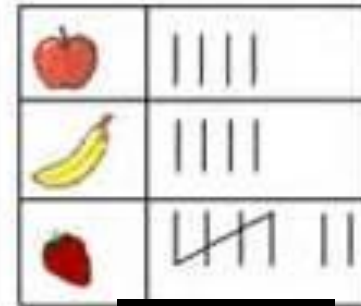
tally chart A



tally chart B



tally chart C



tally chart D







2. Complete the tally chart using the statements.

- a) 3 people like cats.
- b) most people like dogs.
- d) least people like fish.

Favourite Pets

cats	
dogs	
fish	

3. True or False?

Trees Planted	
Monday	
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	
Saturday	

- a) There were 4 trees planted on Friday. _____
- b) There were 3 trees planted on Monday. _____
- c) The most trees were planted on Tuesday. _____
- d) The least trees were planted on Saturday. _____
- e) There were more trees planted on Monday than Thursday. _____
- f) There were more trees planted on Tuesday than Saturday. _____





Bonus:

There were 30 trees planted altogether. _____

Part C – Communication

1. Write 4 true statements about the tally chart below. Use the success criteria chart.

Favourite Fruit

Fruit	Votes
Apple	
Banana	
Peach	
Pear	

1.





2.


3.

4.

2. Write 4 true statements about the pictograph below.

Favourite Subject

Math	
Reading	
Art	
Science	

 = 1 student

1. _____

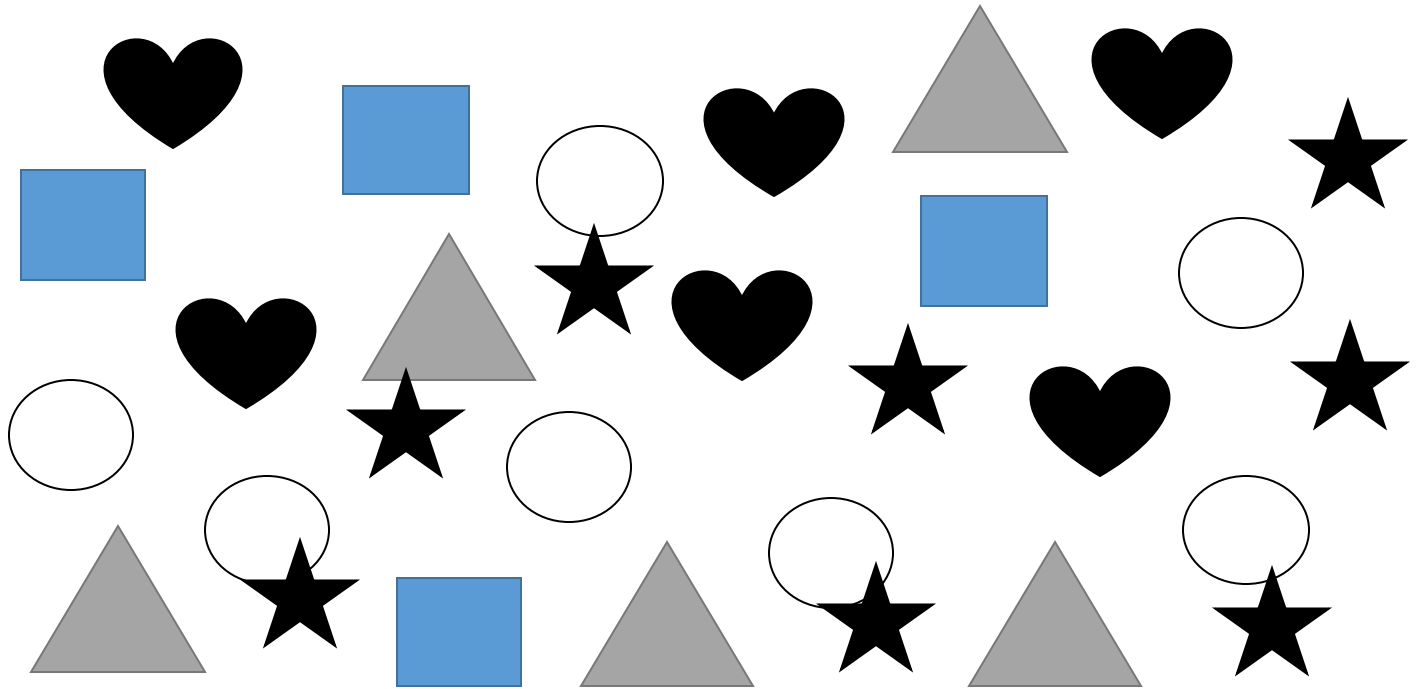
2. _____



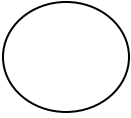
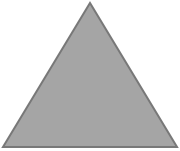

3. _____

4. _____

Part D – Application

1. Count and tally to complete the chart below.







2. Make a pictograph using the tally chart.

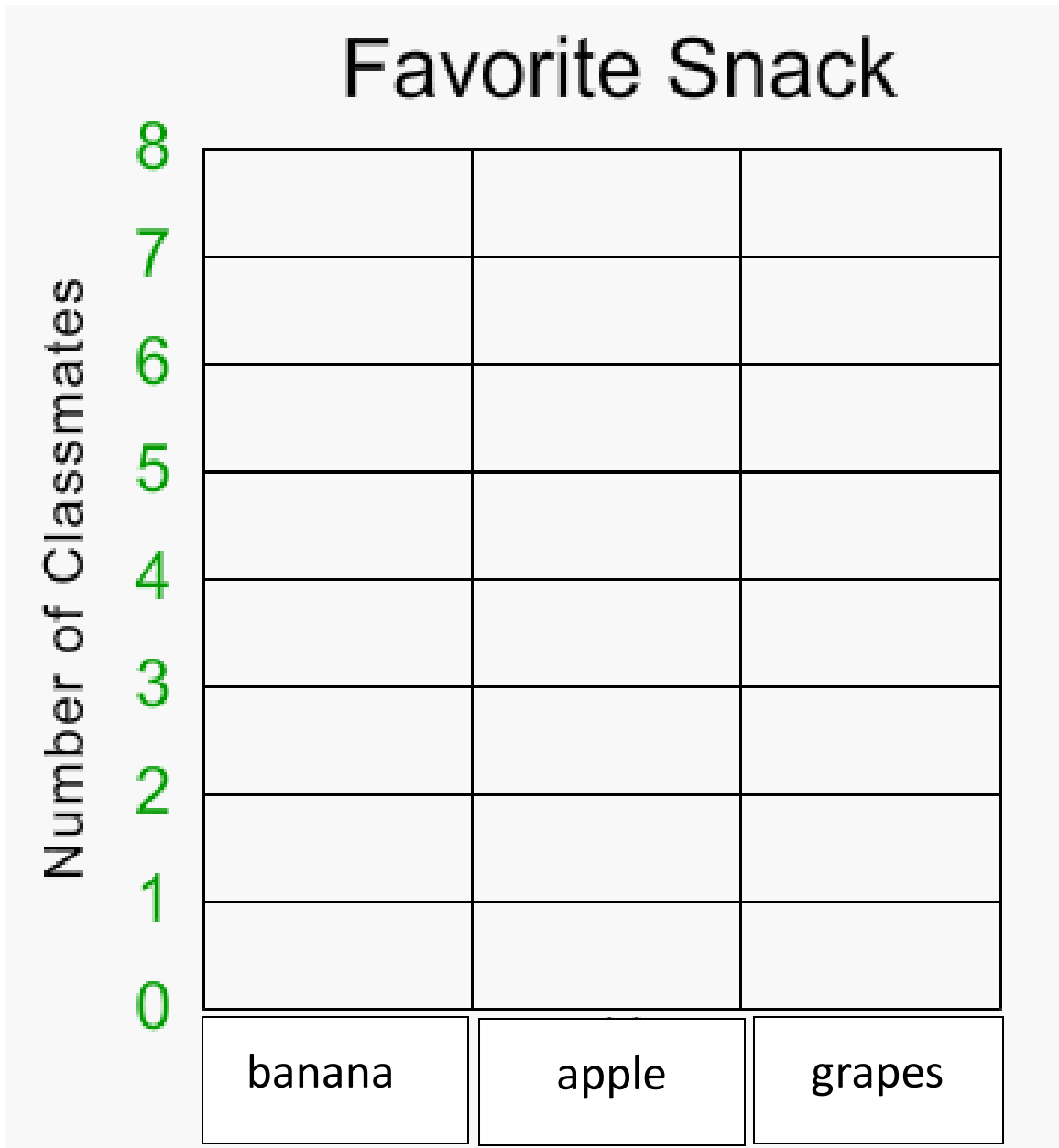
Favorite Pets	
Dog	
Cat	
Fish	
Bird	

Title: _____

 = 1 student

2. Complete the bar graph using the tally chart.

Favourite Snack	
	
	
	



Grade 1

Probability Assessment

Name: _____



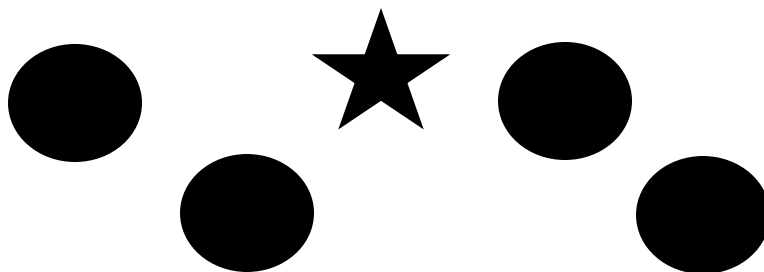
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Part A – Understanding

1. Fill in the blanks using words from the word box.

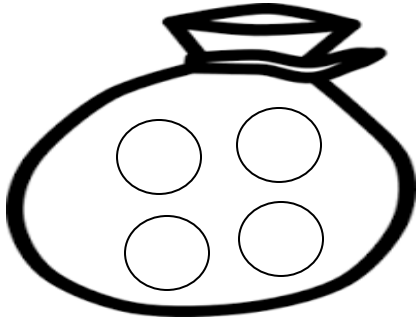
impossible unlikely less likely more likely certain

- a) A flower will talk to you. _____
- b) Tuesday comes after Monday. _____
- c) It will snow in May. _____
- d) If you roll a dice it will land on 8. _____
- e) It is _____ to be warm in June than in October.
- f) It is _____ to be cold in July than in December.
- g) Picking a star out of the shapes below. _____

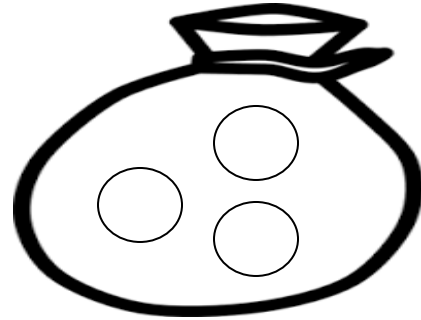


2. Colour the marbles in the bag to match each statement.

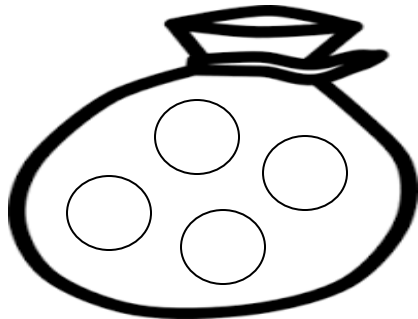
Picking yellow is **impossible**.



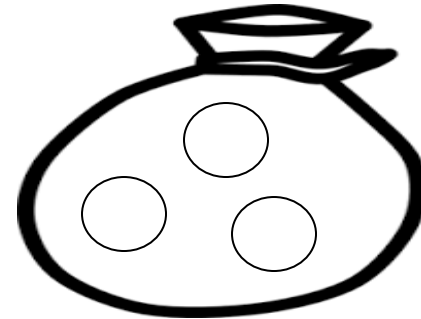
Picking green is **certain**.



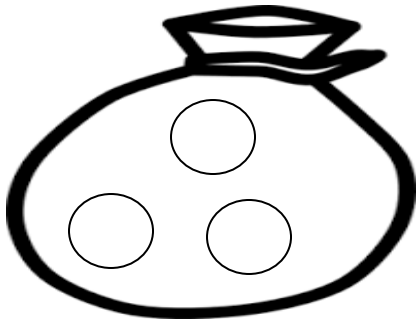
Picking blue is **unlikely**.



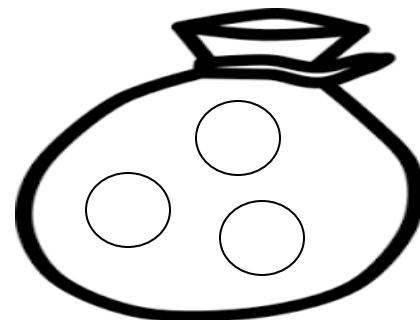
It is **more likely** to pick yellow than green.



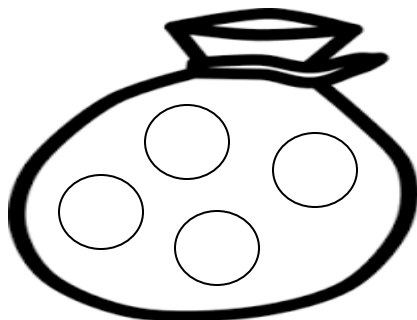
It is **less likely** to pick red than blue.



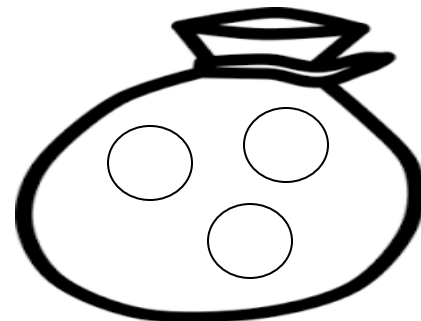
It is **certain** to pick a red, yellow, or blue.



It is **unlikely** to pick red.

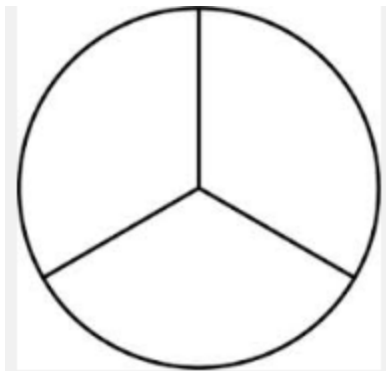


It is **more likely** to pick red than purple.

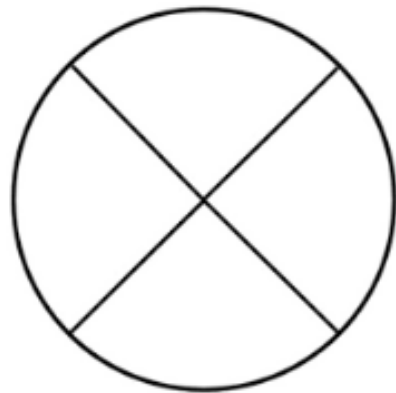


3. Colour the spinner to match each statement.

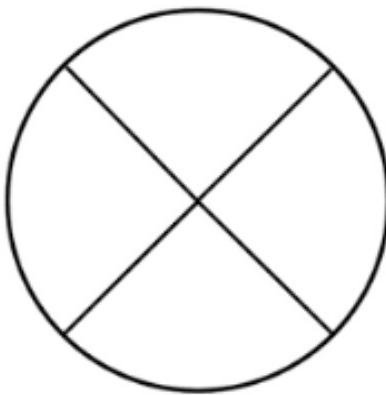
Spinning yellow is **less likely** than spinning blue.



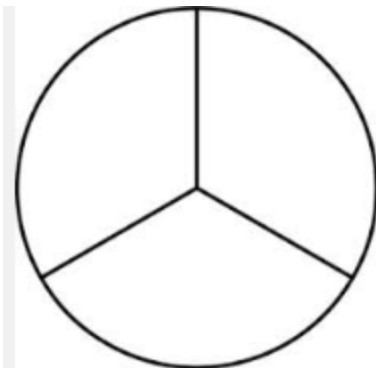
Spinning purple is **impossible**.



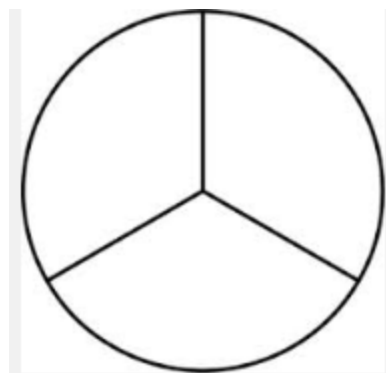
Spinning green is **unlikely**.



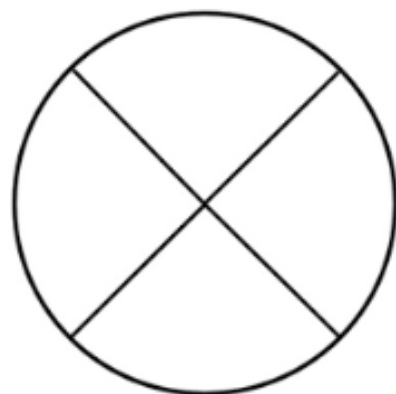
Spinning red is **more likely** than spinning green.



Spinning red is **certain**.






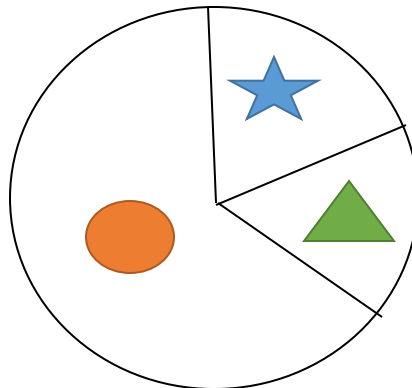
Spinning red, blue, green, or yellow is **certain**.



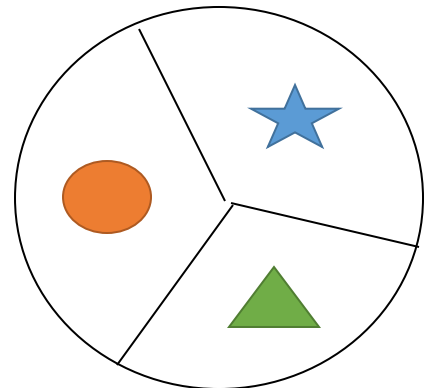
Part B – Problem Solving

1. Match the tally chart to the spinner you think it belongs to. Tell why you think that.

Pattern	Tally
	III
	IIII IIII II
	III






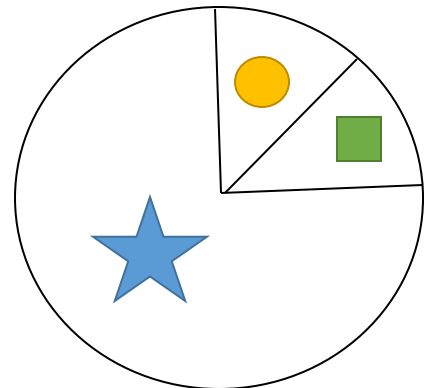
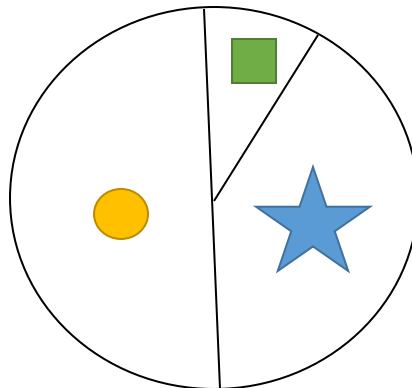
Spinner A



Spinner B

I think the tally chart matches spinner _____ because _____

Pattern	Tally
	I
	IIII IIII IIII
	II



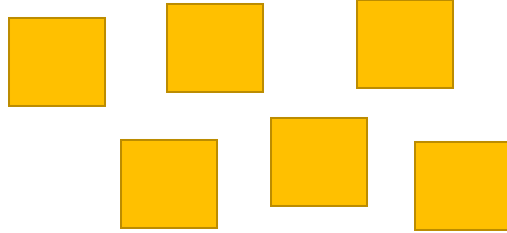
I think the tally chart matches spinner _____ because _____

Part C – Communication

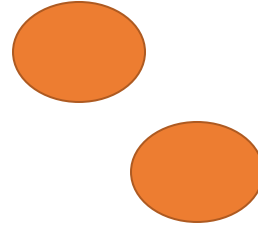
1. Look at the shapes below. Fill in the blanks to make each statement true.



star



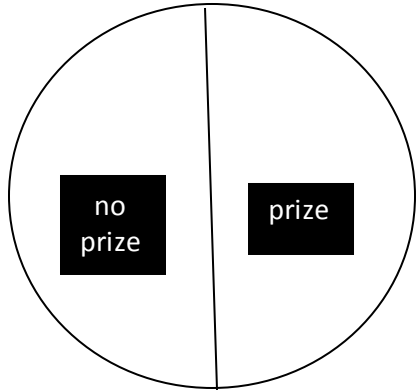
square



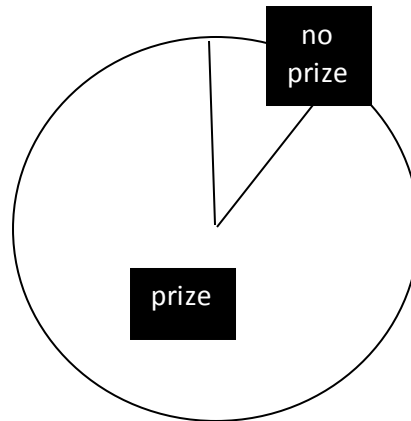
circle

- a) It is **impossible** to pick a _____.
- b) It is **certain** to pick a _____.
- c) It is **unlikely** to pick a _____.
- d) You are **more likely** to pick a _____ than a _____.
- e) You are **less likely** to pick a _____ than a _____.

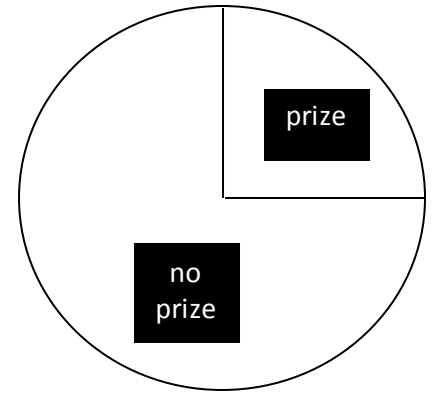
2. Which spinner would you pick so that you have a better chance of winning a prize? Tell why.



Spinner A



Spinner B



Spinner C

I would pick spinner _____ because _____

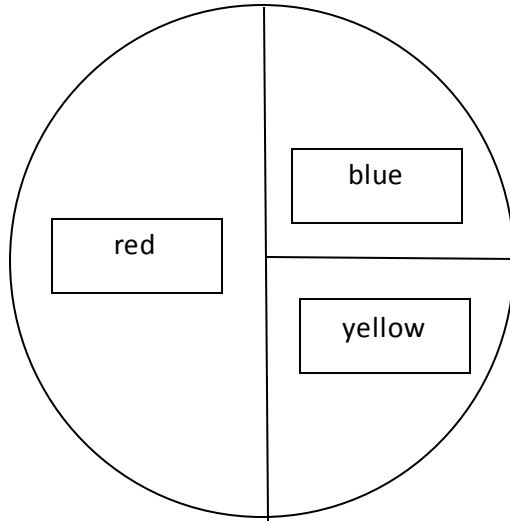
3. If you roll a regular dice 10 times, how many times do you think it will land on the number 8? Explain why.



I think it will land on the number 8 _____ times because _____

Part D - Application

1. Colour the spinner.



Predict: It will land on _____ the most because _____

Experiment: Spin 20 times using a paper clip and pencil.

Tally your spins.

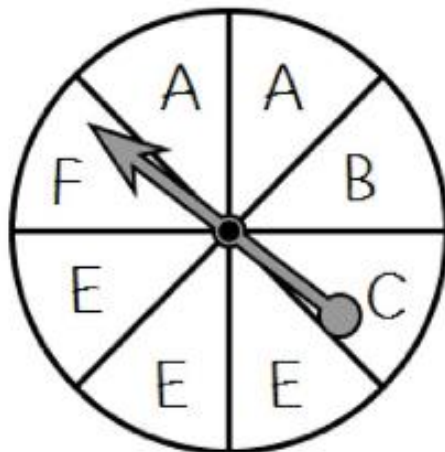
red	
blue	
yellow	

Write 2 statements about your results.

1. _____

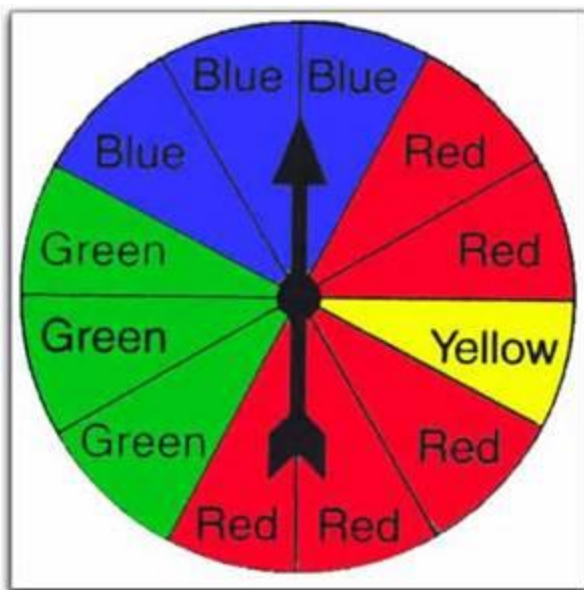
2. _____

2. Use the spinners to answer the questions.



If you spin the spinner....

- a) What letter is it most likely to land on? _____
- b) What 3 letters have the same chance? _____



- c) What colour will it land on the most? _____
- d) What colour will it land on the least? _____
- e) What 2 colours have the same chance? _____
and _____